



10 WAYS TO PREVENT OR REVERSE DIABETES

by Patrick Holford

he more often your blood sugar level goes high the more insulin you make to dump the excess blood sugar into storage as fat. If you are doing this day in, day out the body becomes insensitive to insulin so you get more blood sugar spikes and then troughs as the excess is dumped in the liver and turned into fat, stored around your middle.

The single best test for determining your diabetes risk is called glycosylated haemoglobin (or HBA1c in a medical check up). It measures what percentage of your blood cells have become sugar damaged. This is how sugar damages, for example the kidneys and the arteries, producing 'advanced glycation end-products' or AGEs for short. Sugar ages you. If you score above 7% you are going to get diabetes

if you haven't been diagnosed already, if you score above 6 you are in the pipeline. Ideally, you want to be below 5.5.

Eating a low GL diet is both the best way to control and reverse 'type 2' diabetes, lose weight and lower glycosylated haemoglobin. It also helps reduce insulin need in type-1 diabetes. The GL of your diet is also the best predictor of diabetes risk – better than just your sugar and carb intake. Here's ten simple ways to lower the GL of your diet:

COMBINE PROTEIN WITH CARBS

Protein takes longer to digest than carbohydrates. So when you eat fruit, potatoes, rice, bread or pasta also have something with protein in it – nuts, seeds, beans, lentils, fish, eggs or meat. For

example, have scrambled eggs, instead of jam, on toast; some almonds with an apple; fish, beans or lentils with rice; meat with potatoes. Just doing this can halve the GL of your meal. Aim for roughly equal proportions.

GET YOUR OATS

Oats, or specifically oat fibre or bran, contains a powerful anti-diabetes nutrient called beta-glucans. Diabetic patients given oatmeal or oat-bran rich foods experience much lower rises in blood sugar. In fact, 10 per cent of your diet as beta-glucans can halve the blood sugar peak of a meal.

Practically, that means eating half oat flakes, cold or hot as porridge, with a low-GL

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SAY NO TO DIABETES

fruit such as berries, pears or apples and snacking on rough oat cakes (which has the most beta-glucans). With over 1,000 studies on beta-glucans, the evidence really is overwhelming. If you eat cold oatflakes like you would cornflakes, or make porridge then eat it cold, you vastly increase the oat fibre effect.

A SPOONFUL OF CINNAMON

Cinnamon also helps. The issue is you need a teaspoon a day, or at least half a teaspoon, for a measurable effect on your blood sugar. The active ingredient in cinnamon is called MCHP. Extracts of cinnamon that concentrate MCHP, called Cinnulin®, taken together with chromium works best. Look for supplements that contain both chromium and Cinnulin, as well as adding cinnamon into cereal, smoothies, soups and hot drinks.

SUPPLEMENT CHROMIUM

Supplementing the essential mineral chromium is a no brainer if you've got diabetes, and not a bad idea if you haven't. Chromium is required for the insulin receptor to work and helps to reverse insulin resistance. It is cheap and safe. Diabetics need 600mcg a day. Most supplements provide 200mcg. A review of over 40 randomised controlled studies in the journal *Diabetes Care* concludes that "Among participants with type 2 diabetes, chromium supplementation improved glycosylated haemoglobin levels and fasting glucose.



Chromium supplementation significantly improved glycemia among patients with diabetes."¹

CHOOSE RYE, BARLEY AND KAMUT INSTEAD OF WHEAT

Wholegrains have a lower GL than the refined white stuff. Wholegrain rye is best, especially sourdough rye bread and the slow-cooked German-style breads called pumpernickel,

sonnenbrot or volkenbrot, all readily available in supermarkets. Whole pearl barley boils like rice and has a very low GL and a delicious nutty taste and chewy texture for soups and 'risottos'. There is an ancient form of wheat called Kamut® khorosan. In studies it spectacularly improves insulin resistance and lower blood sugar. It also tastes delicious. Asda has a pre-cooked whole Kamut grain and my favourite is Sgambarro's Kamut whole wheat pasta. You can also buy kamut flour for baking your own bread.

SUPPLEMENT SUPER-FIBRES

Another way to lower the glycemic load of a meal, and thus stabilise blood sugar, is to consume a super-soluble fibre called glucomannan. Having 3-5grams (a teaspoon or three capsules) before a meal helps even



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CHECK YOUR METABOLISM

When you start to lose your blood sugar control, insulin receptors shut down and then your body needs to make even more insulin to get the blood sugars peaks down. As a result your blood pressure and cholesterol go up, as well as your blood fat (called triglycerides) and sugar levels. Together these changes indicate 'metabolic syndrome'. Think of it like internal global warming.

Metabolic syndrome is officially diagnosed when you have three or more of the following:

- High blood sugar or glycosylated haemoglobin (HbA1c)
- High blood pressure (above 130/85)
- Increased waist circumference (above 102cm/40in men or 80cm/35in women; or increased waist to hip ratio)
- High blood fats, called triglycerides (above 3.9)
- Low HDL cholesterol (the 'good' cholesterol below 1.03 in men and 1.3 in women)
- Insulin resistance

 Metabolic syndrome is linked to so many of today's common health problems from depression to diabetes.

You can check out your risk with an on-line 100% health check that works out both your metabolic check score, your bio-age which can be more or less than your real age, and your health score out of 100%, and what to do about it. Go to www.patrickholford.com and complete your free health check.



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SAY NO TO DIABETES

out blood sugar response. But you must have it with a large glass of water before a meal because it absorbs the water, thus bulking up what's in your stomach and making you feel full. Together with a calorie-controlled diet supplementing glucomannan fibre helps you lose weight. It is available as PGX and Carboslow online and in health food shops.

GO NUTS, SEEDS, BEANS AND LENTILS

Sprinkling chia seeds on your cereal, or eating almonds with an apple all help to lower the GL of a meal or snack. Pulses, the food group that includes beans, lentils and chickpeas, is a staple in countries with low diabetes incidence, but we just don't eat





enough of these highly nutritious foods. Try the seed-like quinoa instead of rice. It was the staple grain of the Incas. It takes 14 minutes to boil, is very high in protein and low GL and absorbs the flavour of sauces.

Pulses are all relatively high in protein, making them lower GL. Including a serving of lentils, or beans, for dinner actually has a knock on effect on breakfast, quite substantially reducing the blood sugar spikes of breakfast the next day.

EAT BERRIES, CHERRIES AND PLUMS

Not all fruit I made equal. The principal sugar in most berries, cherries and plums is xylose, making these fruits

especially slow-releasing. The bluer the berries the better, so blackcurrants, blackberries, blueberries and cooked black elderberry are all very low GL and very good for you.

In a recent study², blueberries were put to the test on a group of overweight, insulinresistant volunteers deemed at high risk of diabetes. They were given a blueberry smoothie every day for six weeks, or an identical-looking and tasting fake smoothie. Those getting the real thing had a 22 per cent increase in their insulin sensitivity. The Montmorency cherry is exceptionally high

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HOW I REVERSED MY DIABETES AND GOT MY LIFE BACK – WENDY Y

I have been overweight my entire adult life, having been an overweight child. At 40 years old I was feeling tired out and doctors told me I was insulin resistant. I had no idea what that meant and was given no advice on what to do about it. In fact, I was led to believe that there would be a natural progression to diabetes and it was inevitable. Finally, in 2009, feeling tired, nearly blind and very fat, my doctor told me I was depressed and that I needed antidepressants. I wasn't depressed, I was tired beyond belief. Another doctor finally did a blood test and my blood sugar was 13 and my glycosylated haemoglobin (HbA1c) was over 8. I was diagnosed with diabetes.

My daughter, Jade, suggested the low GL diet but past experience warned me that diets make me gain weight and I didn't want to make things worse. I've tried many different diets and lost a stone or two, always to gain it again plus a few more pounds. Now I was hardly eating at all yet I was still piling on the pounds. At my heaviest I was 19st 1lb.

I finally took Jade's advice and gave the low GL diet a trial of one month. When I saw the size of the meals I felt sick with worry. I couldn't finish them because I was unused to eating proper meals. My husband, Peter, told me to persevere, give it a month. He joined me to give me support.

After the first month it was time to get weighed and I was shaking and crying with fear. When I saw I'd lost a stone I cried even more, this time with relief! I could not believe it. I went online and bought Patrick Holford's Low GL Diet Bible. I've read that book five times now. Reading it was like coming home. Finally some one knew how I felt, and more than that, they gave me an answer on how to put it right.

How did I feel after that first month? Well, not exhausted for one thing. My joints did not ache and I realised that despite my weight I could run upstairs. My eyesight had significantly improved and I again felt able and safe to drive. I was eating really lovely tasty meals and feeling full and satisfied. Also the recipes were excellent because they fitted in with the rest of the family so no more cooking two different meals every day.

A year later I was six stones (38 kg) lighter and my HbA1C, which is a long term measure of blood sugar control, was a healthy 5.1 (above 7 means diabetes, below 5.5 is healthy). My waist had reduced from 118cm to 90cm. I feel fantastic! I am full of life and vitality. No sugar cravings and I can see again. My blood pressure is 'text book' and my cholesterol is 3.5, all in the healthy zone. I sleep like a log, awake an hour earlier than I used to and have gained 12 days a year extra time because of it. Much to my relief my hair is growing back again. I have no desire to return to my old way of life. The knowledge I have gained will keep me alive longer and here I feel compelled to quote Patrick, "not only have I added years to my life, I have added life to my years"!

with some protein such as a few almonds or pumpkin seeds.

Prunes are dried plums and three or four on cereal is an alternative fruit, but make sure they haven't been soaked in sugar. The next best fruits are apples and pears, but the kind of apple or pear you choose makes a difference. The harder and less sweet conference pears, for example, have the lowest GL.

SWITCH FROM SUGAR TO XYLITOL AND INULIN

If you crystalise xylose you get xylitol, a natural white sugar that is great for teeth. Children in Finland are given a xylitol sweet every day because bacteria in the mouth can't stick to the teeth when they consume xylitol. This sugar alcohol has a GL of 9, which is extremely low. A teaspoon, 5 grams, is only 0.5Gls. My recommended daily allowance for weight loss is 40 GLs. Nine teaspoons of xylitol equals one teaspoon of sugar in terms of GL. Xylitol is great for baking but doesn't caramelise so it's no

good for crème brulee. It's no good for dogs who can't metabolise it. As for prunes (dried plums) lots of xylose or xylitol can promote regularity. Too much can make you too lose.

Chicory root powder is another low GL natural sweetener – a rich source of the resistant starch, inulin. Resistant starches can't be absorbed, and feed bacteria in the gut which make health promoting fatty acids. They also promote and encourage the growth of healthy bacteria. Inulin has no GL at all, so it's diabetic heaven. It tastes quite sweet and pleasant.

ONE WEEK BLOOD SUGAR FRIENDLY DIET

The secret to losing weight, increasing energy, cutting sugar cravings and preventing diabetes is to eat a low glycaemic load (GL) diet. There are two stages to the low GL diet; weight loss and weight maintenance. On the weight loss diet, which is also appropriate for reversing or controlling diabetes, you should eat no more than 40GLs daily, with an additional 5GLs allowed for a drink or dessert. This is made up of three 10GL main meals and two 5 GL snacks.

Your main meal plate needs to be half vegetables, a quarter protein and a quarter carbohydrate, so that means less rice, pasta, potatoes than you may be used to.

Here's three examples of each meal or snack. Pick one of these every day for a week and be amazed at how you feel and how easy it is to lose weight and control blood sugar levels.

Breakfast (choose one to make up 10GLs)

- Scrambled or boiled egg with one slice of rye toast or 2 rough oatcakes
- Get Up and Go shake made with skimmed or soya milk and a handful of berries
- Fruit topped with yoghurt and seed.

Mid-morning snack (choose to make up 5GLs)

- A small apple, pear or peach, plus 5 almonds or a tablespoon of pumpkin seeds
- One thin slice of rye bread thinly spread with sugar-free peanut butter
- Smoked salmon, lean meat or hummus with one or two rough oatcakes

Lunch (choose one to make up 10GLs)

- Roasted chickpea or quinoa Tabouleh*
- Apple and tuna salad with oriental green beans and coleslaw
- Spicy lentil and watercress soup**

Afternoon Snack (choose one to make up 5GLs)

- Spiced chickpeas
- A small natural bio-yoghurt with a handful of berries



in antioxidants and Montmorency cherry extract (called Cherry Active), as a cordial, is the only fruit drink I recommend. Since the predominant sugar in cherries is xylose, this drink is relatively low in GL whereas grape juice contains pure glucose. Plums, when in season, are a great fruit snack, together

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 Crudités (carrot, pepper, cucumber or celery) with ¼ of a small tub of hummus

Dinner (choose one make up 10GLs)

- Pasta with borlotti bolognese (see below)
- Steamed or pesto crusted salmon served with cooked greens and brown rice, pearl barley or quinoa (see below)

 Quinoa pilaf with chickpeas and dried cherries***

Drink or dessert (choose one to make up 5GLs)

- A shot of CherryActive concentrate diluted with water.
- A small glass of red or white wine
- Individual berry cheesecake

PESTO CRUSTED SALMON

The strong flavours of the pesto work well with salmon, which is high in omega-3. This is a very quick supper that is perfect if you are having friends round and you don't want the cooking to interrupt the conversation.



Serves: 2 • GL per serving: 2.

2 salmon fillets

2 portions of pesto

Method

- Preheat the oven to 180C/ 350F/Gas 4 and grease a baking tray.
- Put the salmon on the baking tray and spread the pesto on top.
- Bake for 18 minutes or until the flesh flakes easily when pressed.

Serving suggestion: Serve with brown rice, quinoa or pearl barley, and vegetables

BORLOTTI BOLOGNESE

This, a mouth-watering vegetarian alternative to the classic Spag Bol, is packed with fibre. It can be prepared in batches and frozen for convenience.

Serves: 2 ● **GL** per serving: 7

Ingredients

2 tsp coconut oil or olive oil

2 garlic cloves crushed

1 onion chopped

115g (4oz) button mushrooms, sliced

1½ tsp Marigold reduced-salt vegetable bouillon powder

1 tsp herbs de Provence

1½ tbsp tomato puree

200g (7oz) canned tomatoes

400g (14oz) can of borlotti beans, drained and rinsed

Solo or sea salt ground black pepper



Method

- Heat the coconut or olive oil and cook the garlic and onion gently for 2 minutes then add the mushrooms and cook until fairly soft (about 5 minutes).
- Add the vegetable bouillon powder, dried herbs, tomato puree, canned tomatoes and beans, season and simmer for about 10 minutes to allow the vegetables to soften and the sauce to thicken.

Serving suggestion: Serve with steamed tenderstem or broccoli and wholemeal Kamut spaghetti. **Variations:** Use kidney beans or pinto beans instead of borlotti beans.

These recipes, and many more, are taken from *The Low GL Diet Cookbook*, by Patrick Holford & Fiona McDonald Joyce. See **www.patrickholford.com**

- *Roasted Chickpea Lemon Tabouleh www.patrickholford.com/advice/roasted-chickpea-lemon-tabbouleh
- **Spicy lentil and Watercress Soup www.patrickholford.com/advice/spicy-lentil-watercress-soup
- ***Quinoa Pilaf with Chickpeas and Dried Cherries www.patrickholford.com/advice/quinoa-pilaf-chickpeas-dried-fruits

1 Balk E et al. Effect of Chromium Supplementation on Glucose Metabolism and Lipids: A Systematic Review of Randomized Controlled Trials, Diabetes Care 2007, Vol 30(8): pp. 2154-63. 2 http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=20724487[uid]

GET UP & GO SMOOTHIE WITH BERRIES AND CHIA

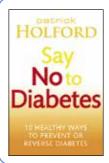


Get Up & Go is a powdered breakfast drink, which is blended with skimmed milk or soya milk and berries. Nutritionally speaking, it is the ultimate breakfast: each serving gives you more fibre than a bowl of porridge, more protein than an egg, more iron than a cooked breakfast and more vitamins and minerals than a whole packet of cornflakes. In fact, every serving of Get Up & Go gives you at least 100 per cent of every vitamin and mineral and a lot more of some key nutrients. For example, you get 1,000mg of vitamin C – the equivalent of more than 20 oranges.

Get Up & Go contains no sucrose, no additives, no animal products, no yeast, wheat or milk, and it tastes delicious. Each serving, with 300ml (10fl oz/ 1/2 pint) skimmed milk or soya milk and some fruit, provides 3GL and fewer than 300 calories and, when mixed up, only 8GL, making it ideal as part of your Anti-diabetes Diet. If you use oat milk, a serving equals 10GL.

It is nutritionally superior to any other breakfast choice and is totally suitable for adults and children alike. It is fine to have this for breakfast every day, if you choose. Make it up with berries such as strawberries, raspberries or blueberries, or a soft pear. If you use banana use no more than a third of a decent-sized banana.

Get Up & Go is widely available in health-food stores or on-line at **www.holfordirect.com**



Patrick Holford's

Say No to Diabetes
book gives a precise
programme to follow
to prevent and reverse
diabetes. See www.
patrickholford.com

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