Measuring Student Progress in Grades 3-8 English Language Arts and Mathematics





ESSA, Equity and Assessments

- NY's draft ESSA plan will be submitted to USDE in September
- State assessments remain an important part of our draft plan
 - Provide us with important information about how students, schools and school districts are performing
 - Identify where the gaps in achievement persist that must be addressed
- Tests are only one piece of the puzzle
- NY's draft ESSA plan stresses the need to foster equity and fairness throughout the entire education system

ESSA, Equity and Assessments

- New York's draft ESSA plan:
 - expands measures for school support and accountability, and for student and school success
 - expands accountability measures beyond ELA and math to include science and social studies, and the acquisition of English proficiency by ELLs and MLLs
- We are committed to evolving the State's accountability system over time to add additional measures of school quality and student success

Next Generation Learning Standards

- Deliberate, inclusive and transparent approach to develop our Next Generation Learning Standards
- The standards are rigorous and will prepare children for successful lives in the 21st century
- Board of Regents to act on the revised standards in September

Next Generation Learning Standards & Assessment Time Line

- The projected time line for standards and assessments over the coming years is:
 - September 2017: Adoption of Next Generation Standards
 - 2017-2018 School Year: Two-day assessments measuring the current standards; professional development on Next Generation Standards;
 - 2018-2019 School Year: Two-day assessments measuring the current standards; professional development continuing on Next Generation Standards;
 - 2019-2020 School Year: Two-day assessments measuring the current standards; professional development continuing on Next Generation Standards;
 - September 2020: Full implementation of the Next Generation Standards;
 - Spring 2021: New tests measuring Next Generation Standards.

Computer-Based Testing

- Spring 2017 is the first time the state offered operational assessments on computers
- More than 28,000 students took operational tests by computer
- Overall, implementation of computer-based testing (CBT) went very well for both ELA and math
- CBT will reduce the need for stand-alone field tests, help prepare students for the 21st century and has the potential to make our assessments even better instructional tools for students with disabilities

2017 Summary - Statewide

- ELA: the percentage of all test takers in grades 3-8 who scored at the proficient level (Levels 3 and 4) went up by 1.9 percentage points to 39.8 percent
- Math: the percentage of all test takers who scored at the proficient level increased this year to 40.2 percent
- Scores from last year's exam can be compared to this year's

% of Students Proficient in Grades 3-8				
	2016	2017	Percentage Point Change	# of Test Takers
Statewide Combined Grades ELA	37.9	39.8	1.9	939,983
Statewide Combined Grades Math	39.1	40.2	1.1	909,106

2017 Summary – NYC

The percentage of NYC students who scored at the proficient level increased in both ELA and math and NYC now slightly exceeds the rest of the State in proficiency in ELA.

% of Students Proficient in Grades 3-8			
	2016	2017	Percentage Point Change
Statewide Combined Grades ELA	37.9	39.8	1.9
NYC Combined Grades ELA	38.0	40.6	2.6
Statewide Combined Grades Math	39.1	40.2	1.1
NYC Combined Grades Math	36.4	37.8	1.4

2017 Summary – Big 5 School Districts

All of the Big 5 school districts saw increases in ELA with smaller increases in math

% of Students Proficient in ELA in Grades 3-8				
	2016	2017	Percentage Point Change	
New York City	38.0	40.6	2.6	
Buffalo	16.4	17.8	1.4	
Rochester	6.7	7.6	0.9	
Syracuse	10.9	13.1	2.2	
Yonkers	26.0	29.6	3.6	
% of Students Proficient in Math in Grades 3-8				
	2016	2017	Percentage Point Change	
New York City	36.4	37.8	1.4	
Buffalo	16.1	17.2	1.1	
Rochester	7.2	7.9	0.7	
Syracuse	10.4	11.0	0.6	

2017 Summary – Proficiency by Race and Ethnicity

- Black and Hispanic student proficiency went up in 2017 on the ELA exam and more modestly in math.
- Overall, black and Hispanic statewide proficiency saw a larger percentage-point increase than their white peers.
- As a result, the achievement gap between black and Hispanic student proficiency from the proficiency of their white peers closed slightly.
- My Brother's Keeper, ESSA Plan and the Equity initiative will help to further close the gaps

% of Students Proficient in Grades 3-8			
	2016	2017	Percentage Point Change
Black ELA	26.2	29.0	2.8
Hispanic ELA	26.8	29.2	2.4
White ELA	46.0	47.1	1.1
Black Math	23.0	24.4	1.4
Hispanic Math	25.7	27.0	1.3
White Math	50.0	50.4	0.4

2017 Summary – Charter Schools

- Charter school students' proficiency on the ELA exam across grades 3-8 went up this year, more so for students attending charter schools in NYC.
- In math, student proficiency did not increase as much.
- # Charter Students Statewide who took ELA: 61,613 (6.3% of test takers statewide)
- # Charter Students Statewide who took Math: 59,360 (6.1% of test takers statewide)

% of Students Proficient in Grades 3-8			
	2016	2017	Percentage Point Change
Charter Schools Combined Grades ELA	40.3	45.0	4.7
NYC Charter Combined Grades ELA	43.0	48.2	5.2
Charter Schools Combined Grades Math	45.4	48.2	2.8
NYC Charter Combined Grades Math	48.7	51.7	3.0

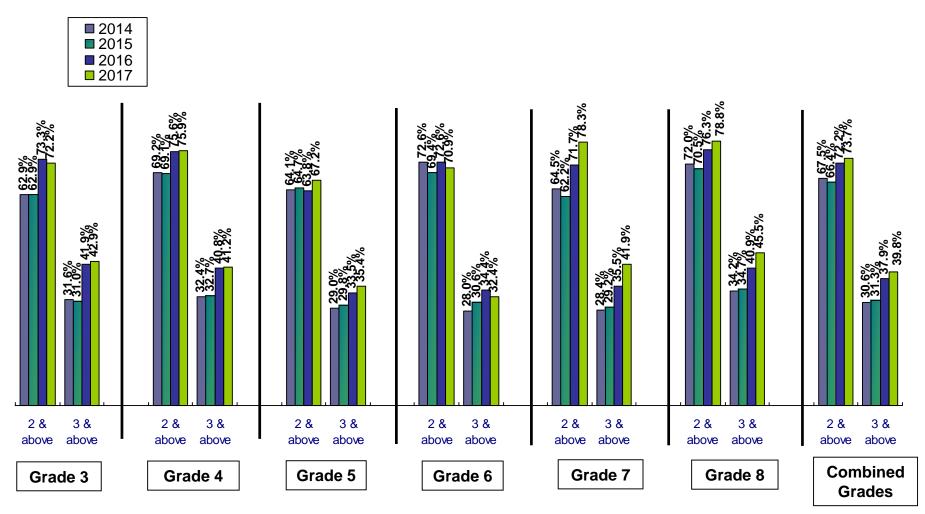
Test Refusal Rate Declined

- In 2017, the test refusal rate was approximately 19%
- That is a 2-percentage-point drop from 2016, when the rate was approximately 21%

2017 Grades 3-8 ELA Test Results

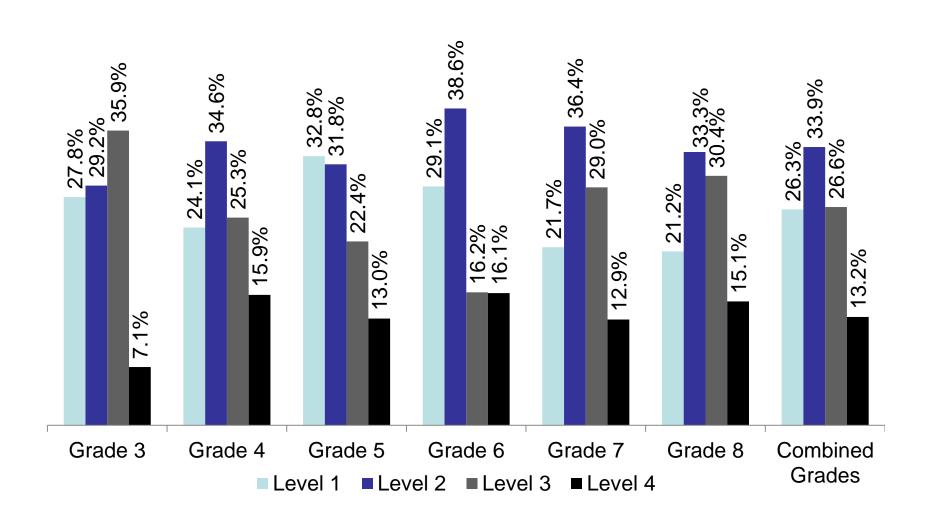
Students Statewide Made Gains in ELA

The percentage of students who met or exceeded the ELA proficiency standard (Levels 3 and 4) increased to 39.8% in 2017 from 37.9% in 2016, an increase of 1.9 percentage points.



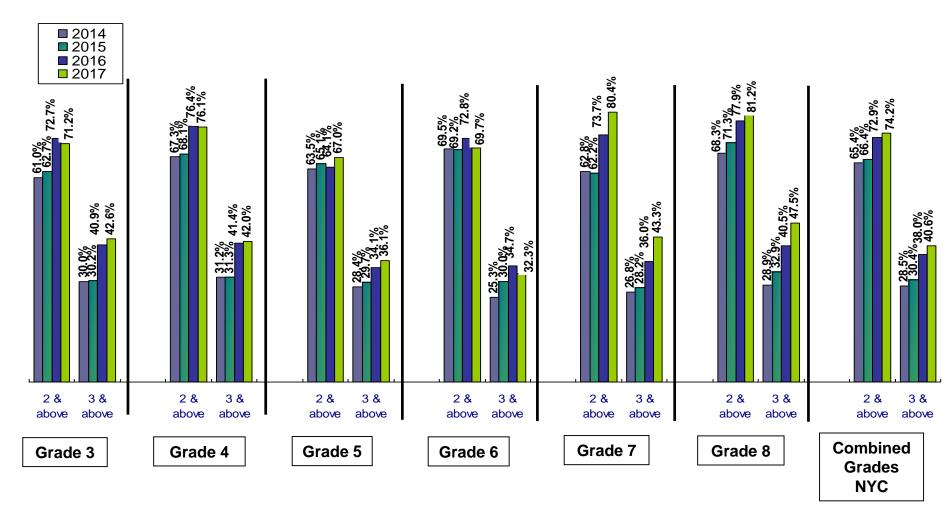
Percentage of All Test Takers Statewide in 2014, 2015, 2016, and 2017 who scored at Level 2 and Above and Level 3 and Above by Grade Level

2017 Statewide Performance in ELA

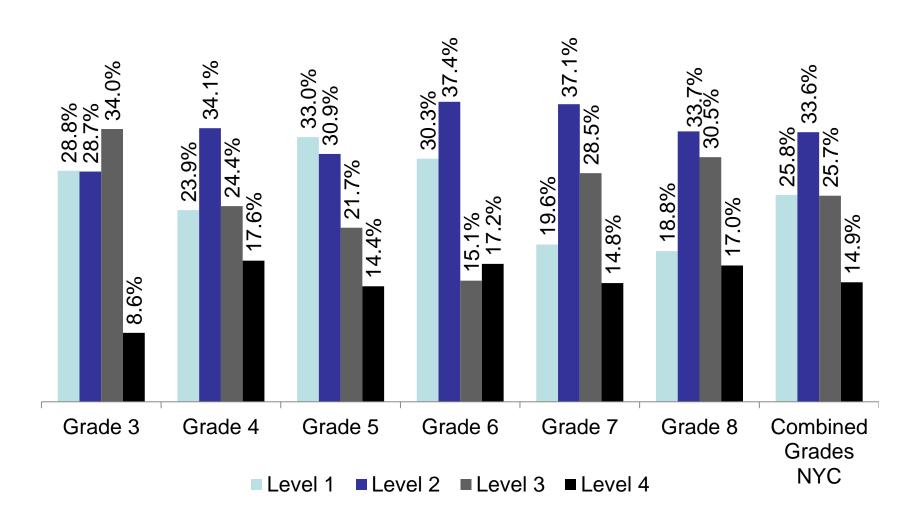


NYC Student Performance Exceeded the State's in ELA

Students who met or exceeded the ELA proficiency standard (Levels 3 and 4) increased to 40.6% in 2017 from 38.0% in 2016, an increase of 2.6 percentage points.

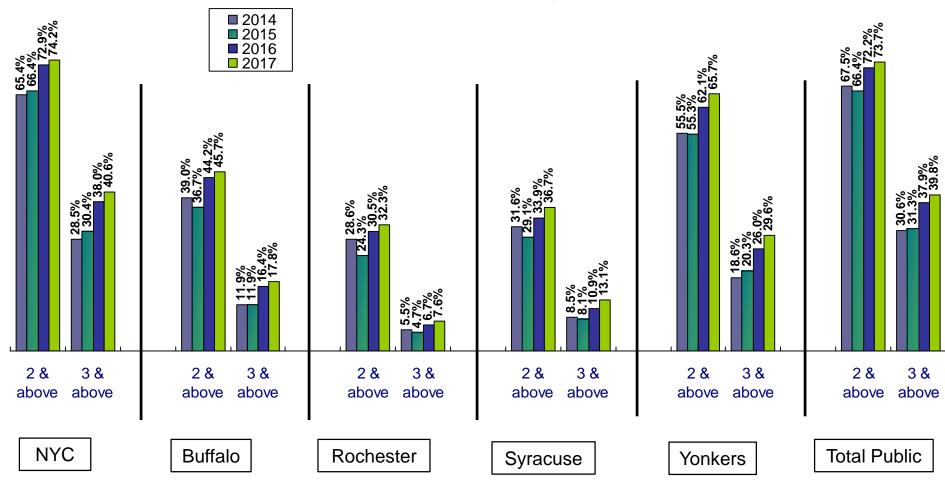


2017 NYC Performance in ELA



Big 5 City District Performance in ELA

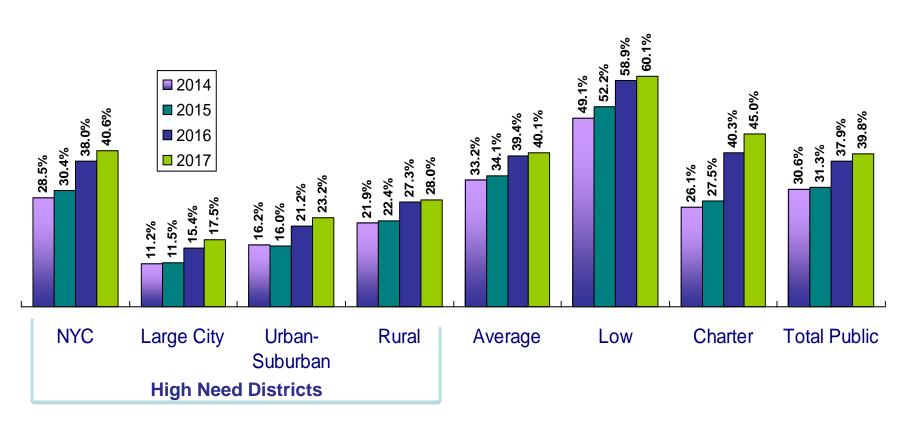
ELA performance increased in each Big 5 City School District



Percentage of All Test Takers in 2014, 2015, 2016, and 2017 who scored at Level 2 and Above and Level 3 and Above by Combined Grades

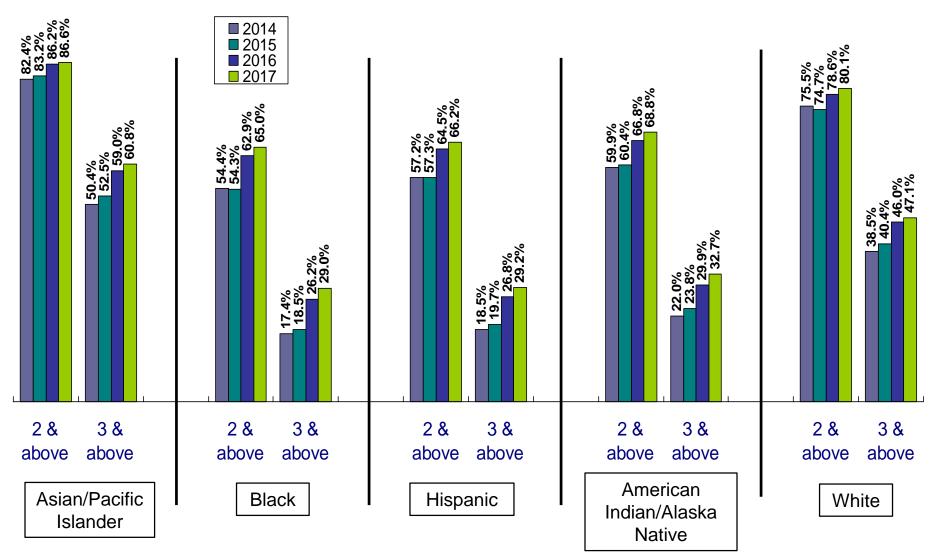
Statewide Performance in ELA by Need/Resource Group

ELA performance increased for all Need/Resource Groups, with low-need districts continuing to outperform other groups but had less growth than large city and urban suburban districts. In addition, Charter Schools demonstrated the most gain and NYC now slightly exceeds the performance of public schools statewide.



Statewide Performance in ELA by Race and Ethnicity

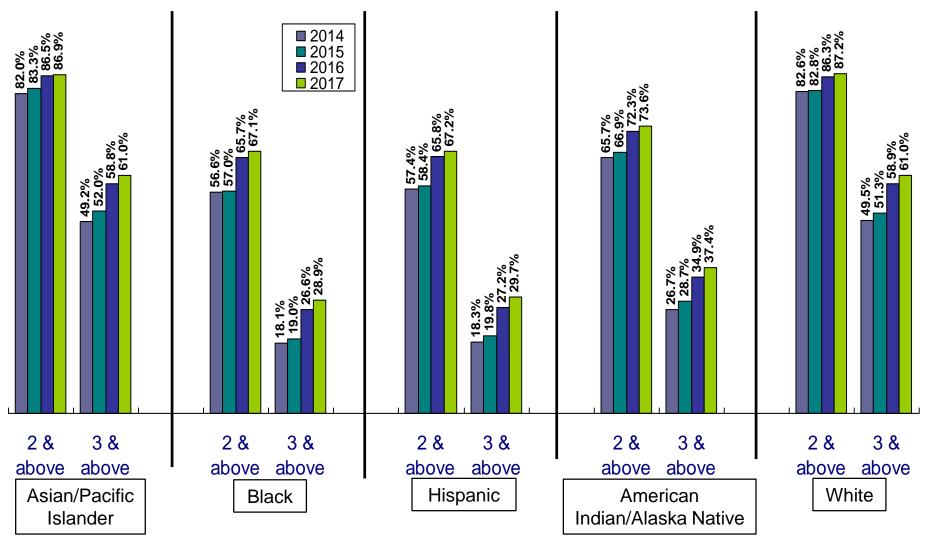
Gains were seen overall within all Race and Ethnicity groups. This year, Black and American Indian/Alaska Native students made the greatest gains statewide and continue to slowly narrow the achievement gap.



Percentage of All Test Takers in 2014, 2015, 2016, and 2017 who scored at Level 2 and Above and Level 3 and Above by Combined Grades

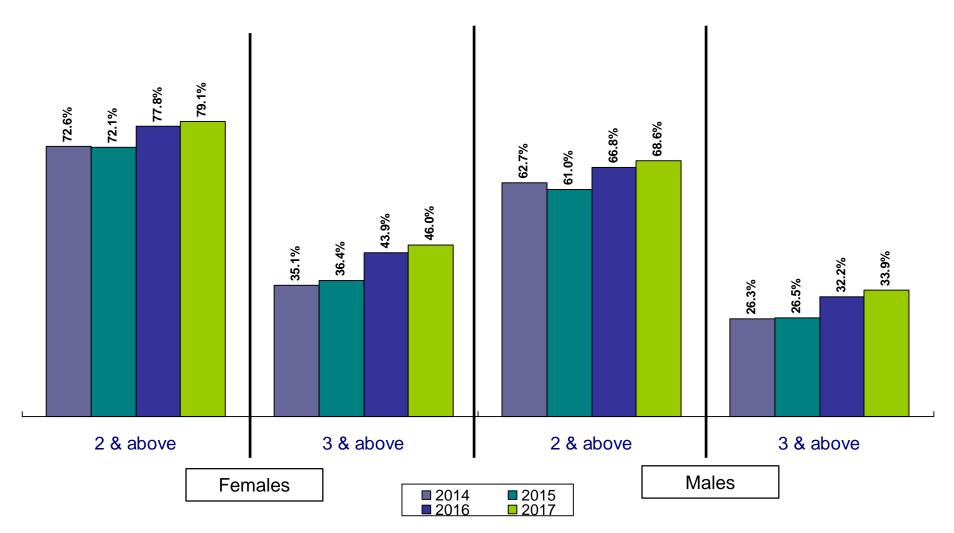
NYC Performance in ELA by Race and Ethnicity

NYC's performance by Race and Ethnicity parallels statewide public school performance with proficiency gains in all Race and Ethnicity groups.



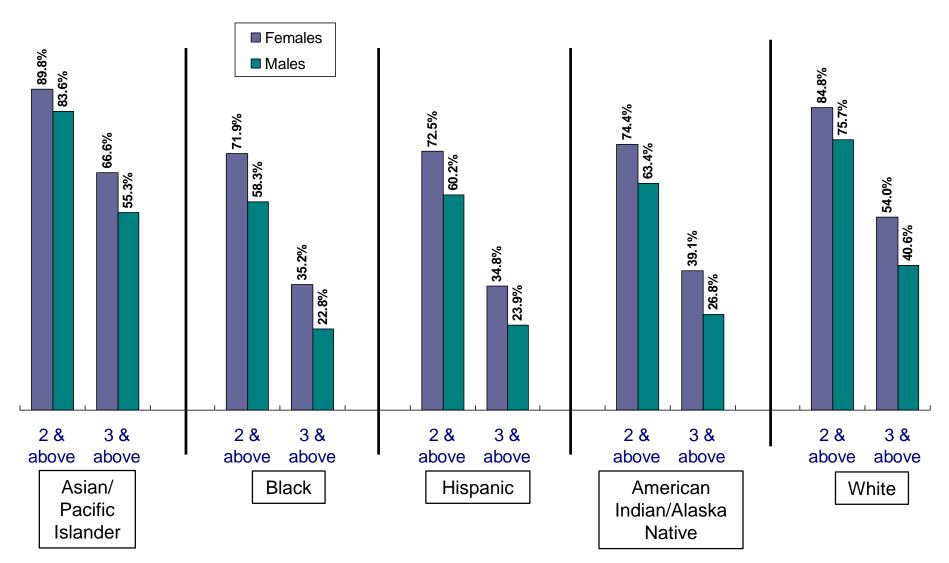
Percentage of All Test Takers in 2014, 2015, 2016, and 2017 who scored at Level 2 and Above and Level 3 and Above by Combined Grades

Girls Continued to Outperform Boys Statewide in ELA in 2017



Percentage of All Test Takers Scoring at Level 2 and Above and Level 3 and Above for 2014, 2015, 2016, and 2017 Combined Grades by Gender

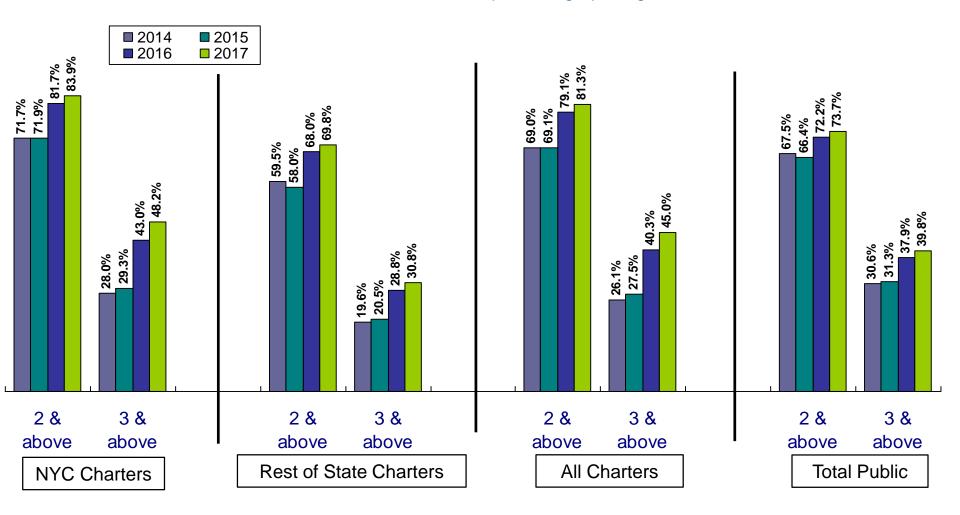
Across all Race and Ethnicity groups, girls continued to perform better than boys in ELA statewide



Percentage of All Test Takers Scoring at Level 2 and Above and Level 3 and Above for 2017 by Gender and Race and Ethnicity

Charter School Performance in ELA

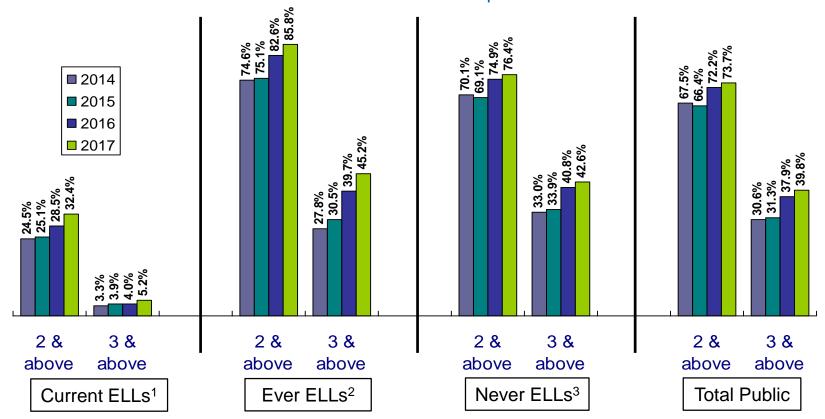
NYC Charter schools saw a proficiency gain of 5.2 percentage points, while the Rest of State Charter schools saw a 2-percentage-point gain.



Percentage of All Test Takers in 2014, 2015, 2016, and 2017 who scored at Leve 2 and Above and Level 3 and Above by Combined Grades

Statewide English Language Learner Performance in ELA

ELL students statewide continued to make gains in ELA. Ever ELLs have experienced a proficiency increase of 5.5 percentage points. When compared to the total public student population a higher percentage of Ever ELLs score at or above proficient.

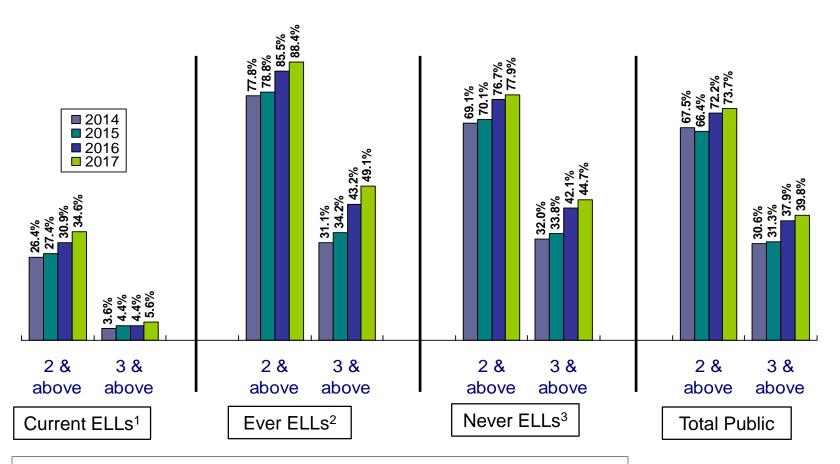


¹Students identified as ELL during the reported year.

²Students identified as ELL any year prior to the reported year but not including the reported year.

³Students never reported to have received ELL services.

NYC English Language Learners Performance in ELA



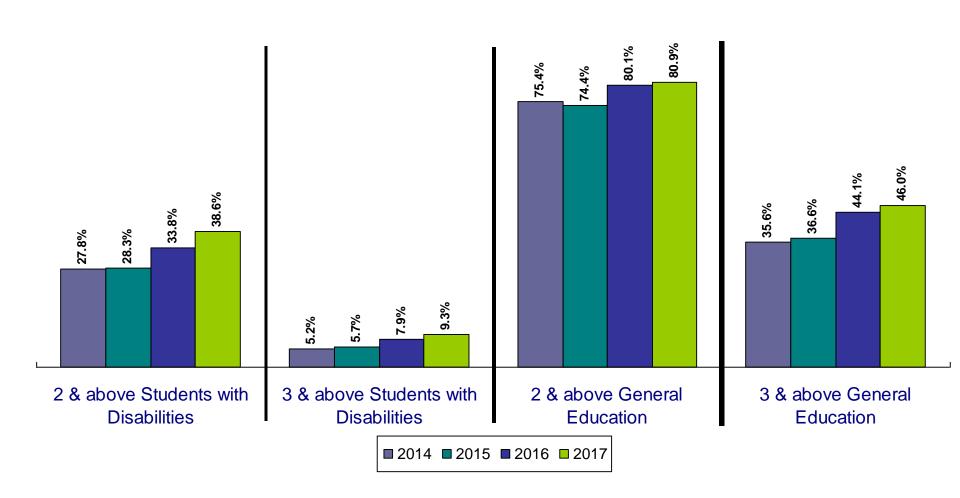
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Students with Disabilities Performance in ELA

9.3% of students with disabilities met or exceeded the ELA proficiency standard (Levels 3 and 4) in 2017, and the percentage of students scoring at Level 2 and above rose to 38.6%.

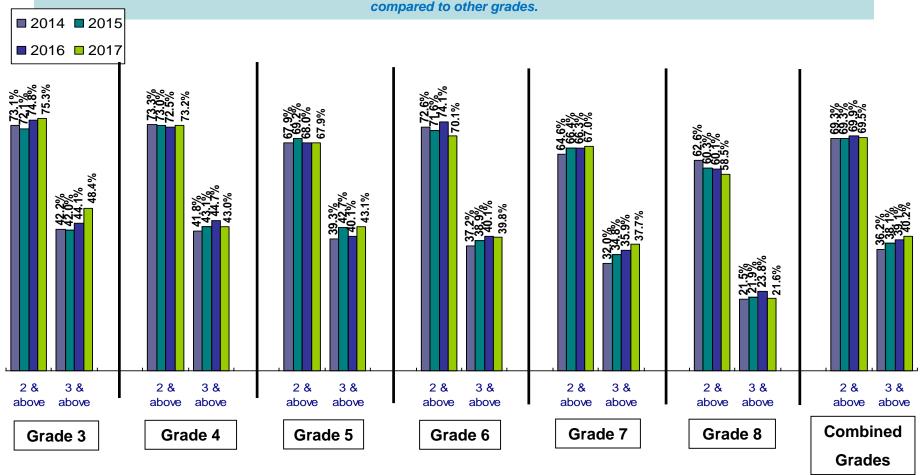


2017 Grades 3-8 Math Test Results

Students Statewide Made Progress in Math

Students who met or exceeded the proficiency standard (Levels 3 and 4) increased to 40.2% in 2017 from 39.1% in 2016, a gain of 1.1 percentage points.

A USED waiver eliminated unnecessary double testing and allowed accelerated math students to participate in high school math Regents Exams instead of the Grade 8 Math Test, which may cause a decrease in the percentage proficient in Grade 8 as compared to other grades.

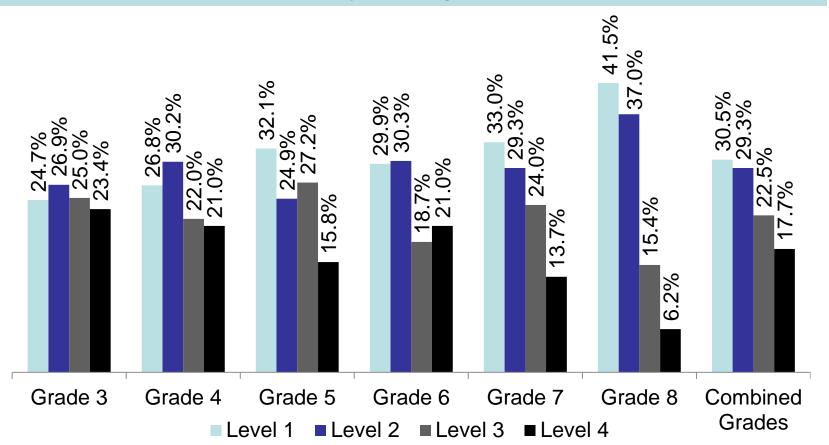


The Percentage of All Test Takers Statewide in 2014, 2015, 2016, and 2017 who scored at Level 2 and Above and Level 3 and Above by Grade Level

2017 Statewide Performance in Math

The percentage of students at each performance level by grade level.

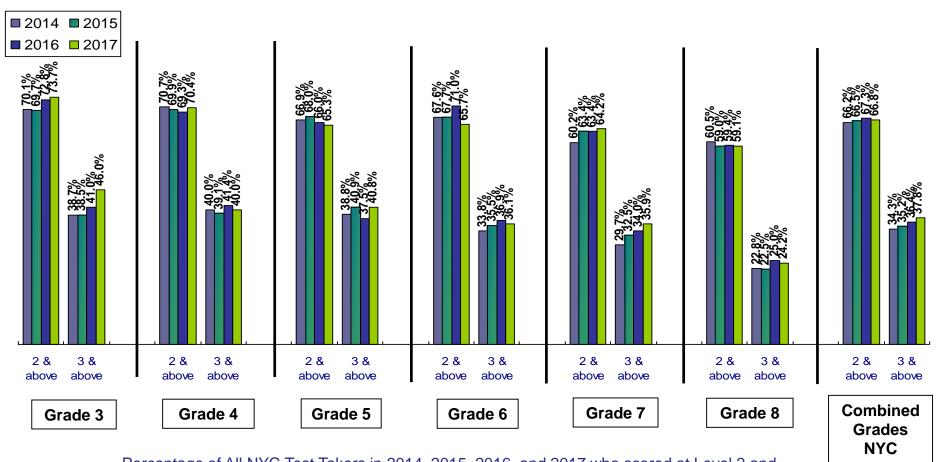
A USED waiver eliminated unnecessary double testing and allowed accelerated math students to participate in high school math Regents Exams instead of the Grade 8 Math Test, which may cause a decrease in the percentage proficient in Grade 8 as compared to other grades.



NYC Students Made Progress in Math

Students who met or exceeded the proficiency standard (Levels 3 and 4) increased to 37.8% in 2017 from 36.4% in 2016, a gain of 1.4 percentage points.

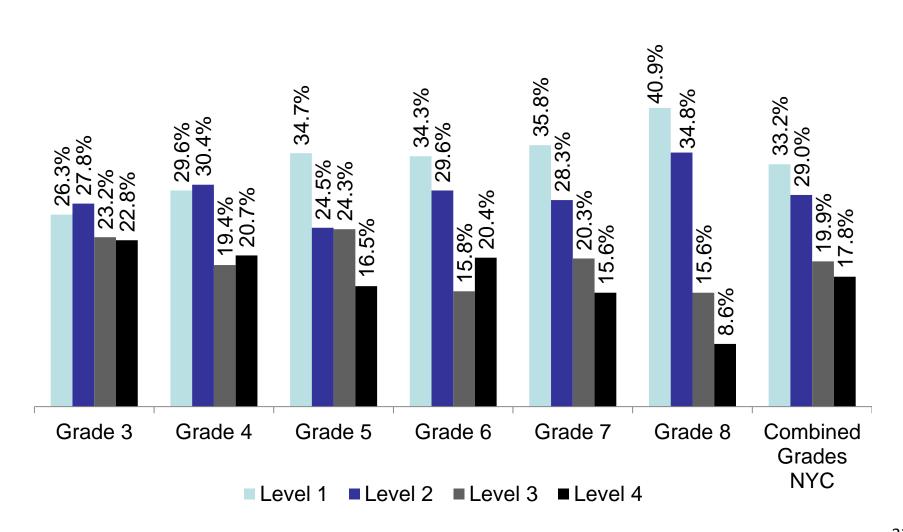
A USED waiver eliminated unnecessary double testing and allowed accelerated math students to participate in high school math Regents Exams instead of the Grade 8 Math Test, which may cause a decrease in the percentage proficient in Grade 8 as compared to other grades.



Percentage of All NYC Test Takers in 2014, 2015, 2016, and 2017 who scored at Level 2 and Above and Level 3 and Above by Grade Level

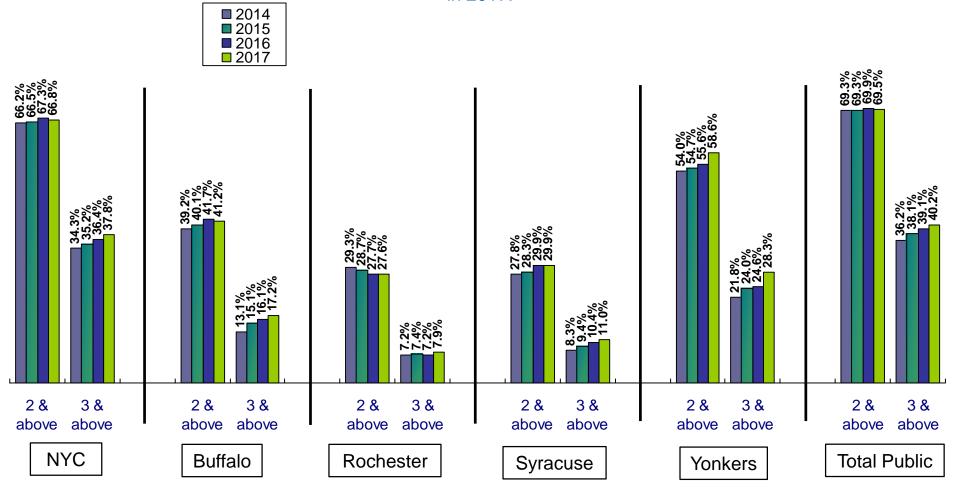
2017 NYC Performance in Math

A USED waiver eliminated unnecessary double testing and allowed accelerated math students to participate in high school math Regents Exams instead of the Grade 8 Math Test, which may cause a decrease in the percentage proficient in Grade 8 as compared to other grades.



Big 5 City District Performance in Math

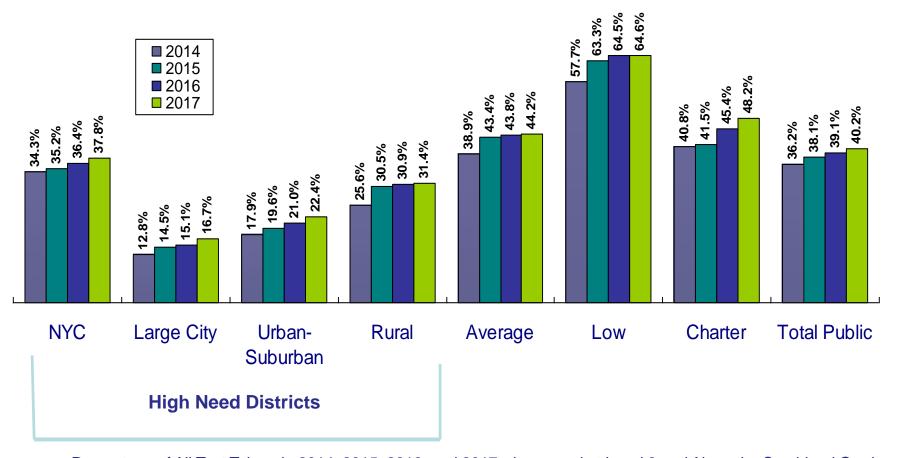
All Big 5 city districts had increases in the percentage of students scoring at Proficiency (Levels 3 and Above) in 2017.



Percentage of All Test Takers in 2014, 2015, 2016, and 2017 who scored at Level 2 and Above and Level 3 and Above by Combined Grades

Statewide Performance in Math by Need/Resource Group

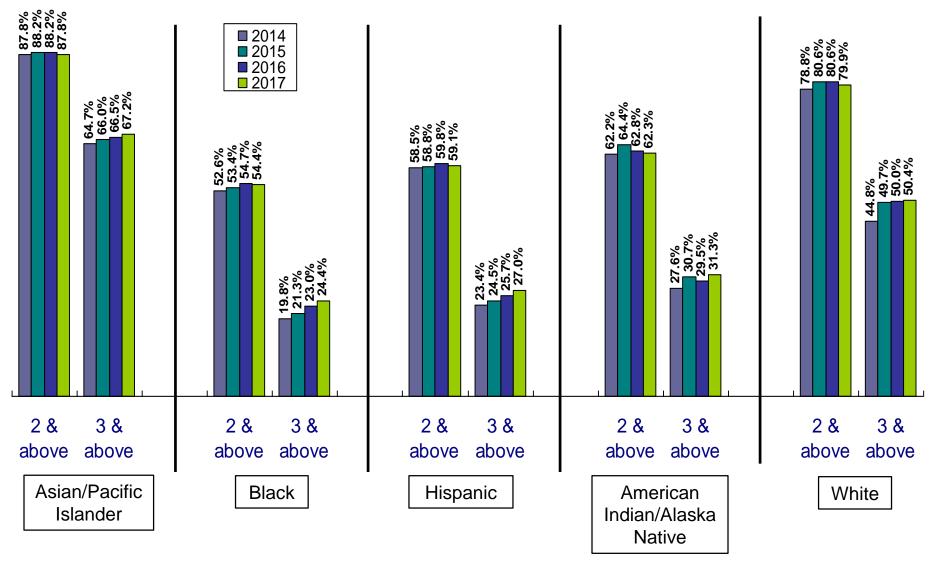
In 2017, all Need/Resource Groups made progress in math, with low-need districts continuing to outperform other groups. Charter schools saw the largest gain of 2.8 percentage points.



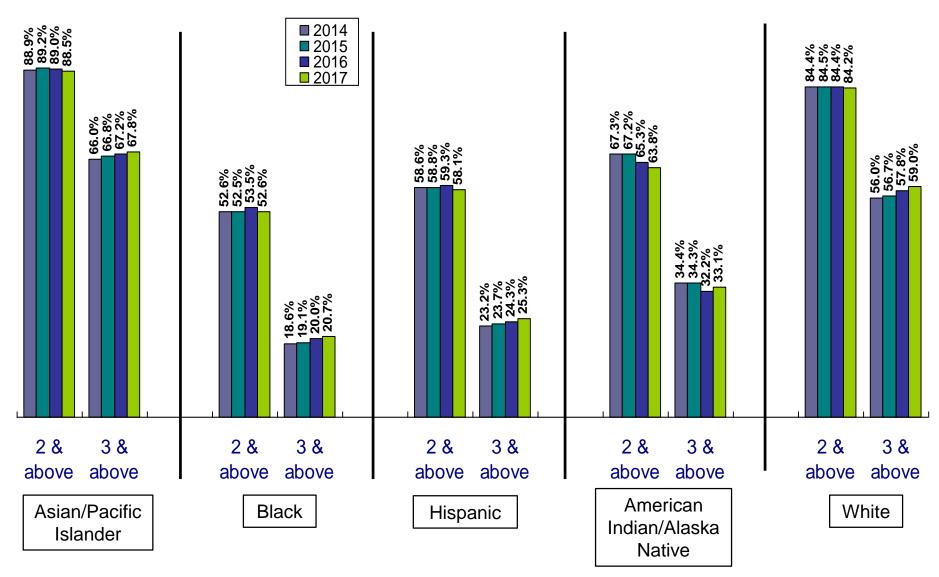
Percentage of All Test Takers in 2014, 2015, 2016, and 2017 who scored at Level 3 and Above by Combined Grades

Statewide Performance in Math by Race and Ethnicity

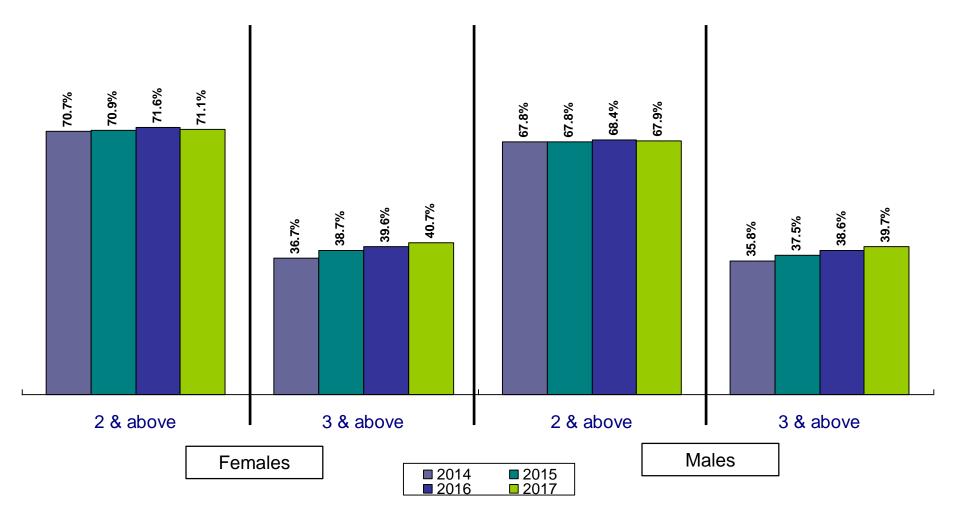
All Race and Ethnicity groups had a greater percentage of students meeting or exceeding math proficiency (Levels 3 and 4) in 2017. The achievement gap closed slightly but persists statewide.



NYC Performance in Math by Race and Ethnicity

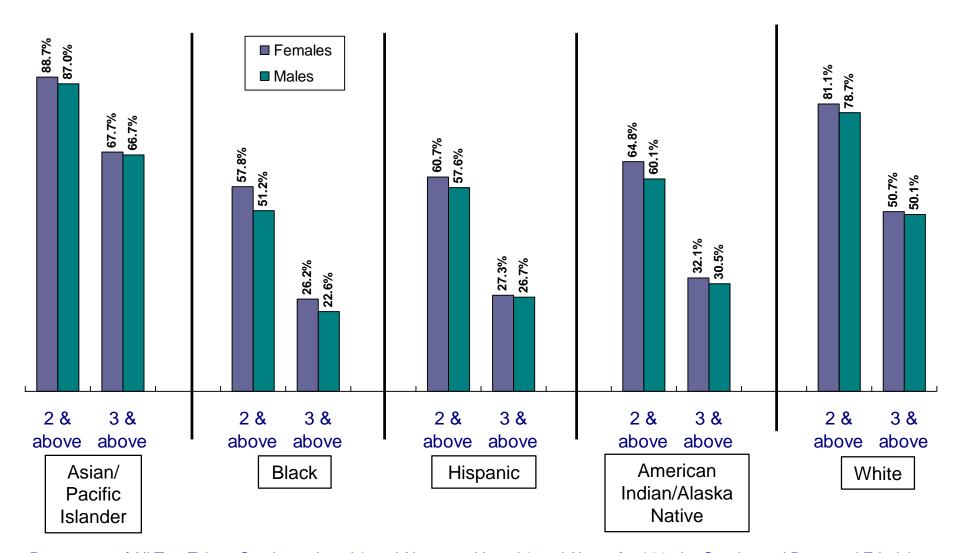


Girls Continued to Outperform Boys Statewide in Math in 2017



Percentage of All Test Takers Scoring at Level 2 and Above and Level 3 and Above for 2014, 2015, 2016, and 2017 by Combined Grades by Gender

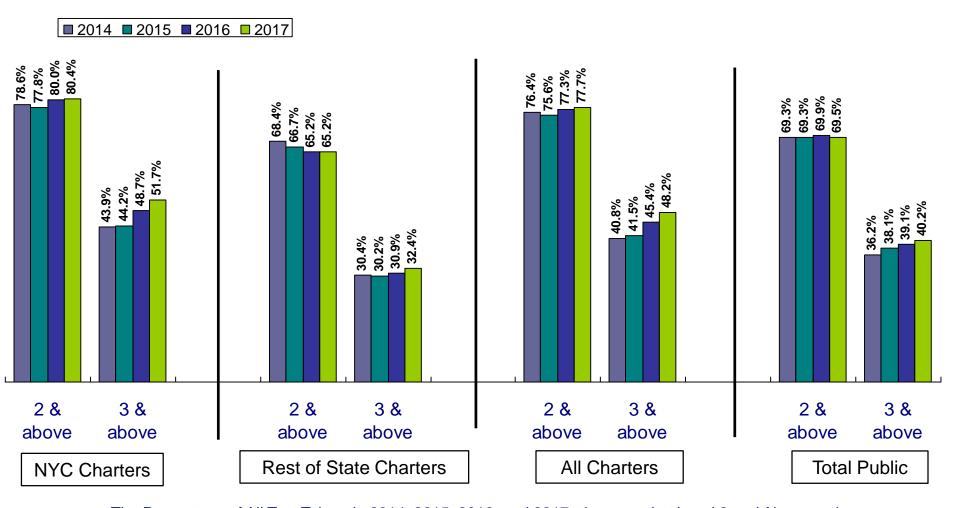
Across all Race and Ethnicity groups, girls performed better than boys in math statewide



Percentage of All Test Takers Scoring at Level 2 and Above and Level 3 and Above for 2017 by Gender and Race and Ethnicity

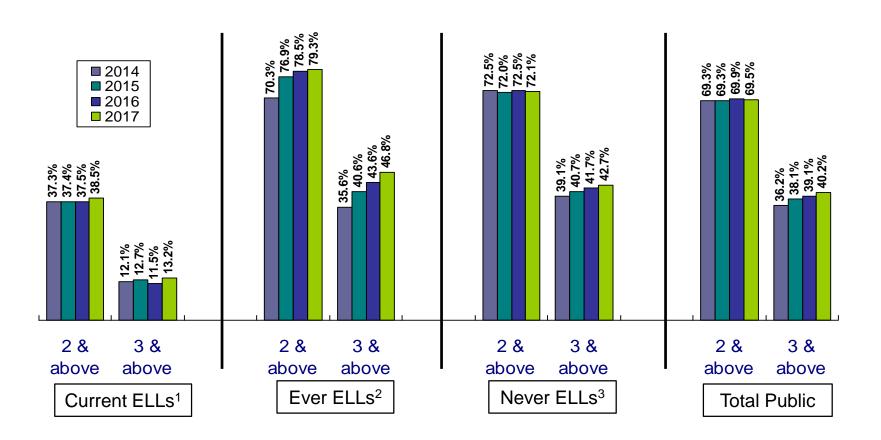
Charter School Performance in Math

NYC Charter Schools saw a gain of 3 percentage points, while Rest of State Charter Schools saw a gain of 1.5 percentage points.



The Percentage of All Test Takers in 2014, 2015, 2016, and 2017 who scored at Level 2 and Above and Level 3 and Above Combined Grades

Statewide English Language Learner Performance in Math

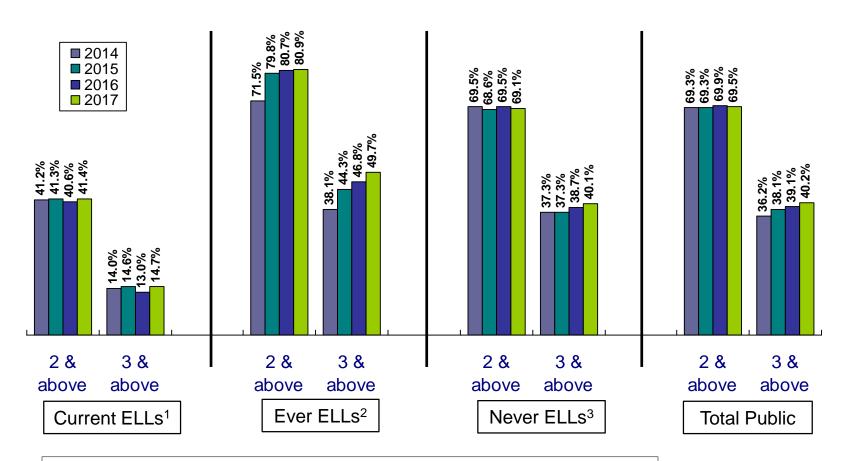


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NYC English Language Learner Performance in Math



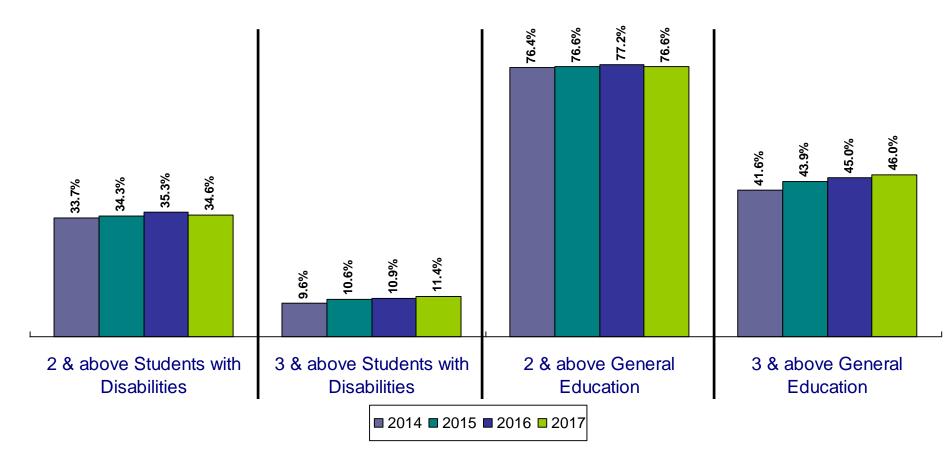
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Students with Disabilities Performance in Math

11.4% of Students with Disabilities met or exceeded the math proficiency standard (Level 3 and 4) in 2017.



Percentage of All Test Takers Scoring at Level 2 and Above and Level 3 and Above for 2014, 2015, 2016, and 2017 by Combined Grades

2017 Test Refusal Data

Not Tested/Test Refusal Data on 3-8 ELA and Math Assessments

- The test refusal rate is down 2 percentage points from 2016
- In 2015 the "not tested" rate was 20%

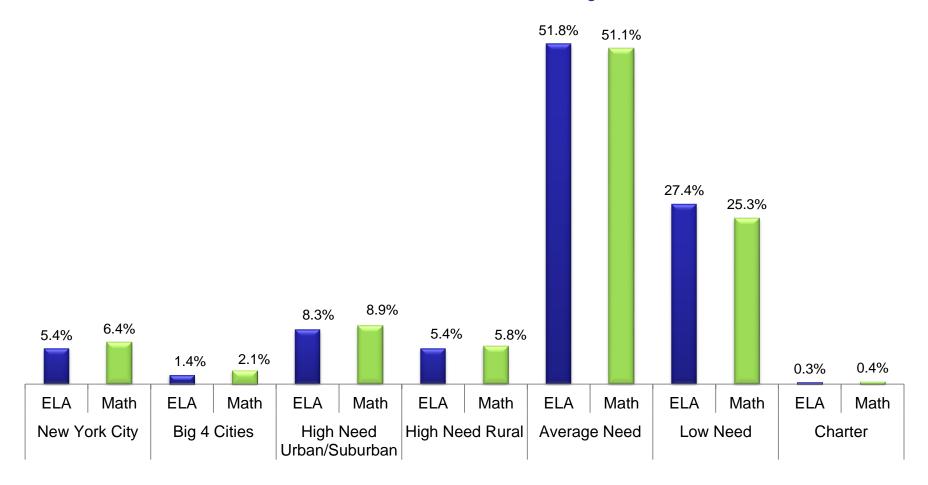
2015 Not Tested	2016 Test Refusal	2017 Test Refusal
20%	21%	19%

Test Refusal Data

- Proportionally, students who refused to test in 2017 were:
 - Much more likely to be white
 - Much more likely to be from a low-need or averageneed district
 - Less likely to be economically disadvantaged
 - Much less likely to be an English Language Learner

2017 Test Refusal Students by Need/Resource Group

Of the total test refusals statewide, the most are from average and low need districts.



Percentage by Combined Grades

^{*}This data shows that out of test refusal students statewide, which percentage came from each Need/Resource Group.

This data does NOT represent the test refusal rate of each Need/Resource Group.

Conclusion

- Overall, students statewide have made progress in ELA and math
- The Big 5 districts made progress in ELA & math
- All race and ethnicity groups made progress, continuing to slowly close the achievement gap
- Will look at schools with significant gains to identify exceptional practices
- Emphasis on fostering equity and closing gaps will continue through My Brother's Keeper initiative, ESSA plan implementation and our Equity initiative

