# INGLÉSI 

## Unit 4

## Daily Life/Vida diaria

## Unit 4

## Daily Life/Vida diaria

## Purpose/Propósito

El propósito de esta unidad es capacitar a los estudiantes a describir acciones que pasan diaria o periódicamente en sus vidas o en la vida de otras personas y animales en los que estén interesados.

## Topics/Temas

Lesson 1 Long distance call
Lesson 2 It's quarter past eight
Lesson 3 What time is it?
Lesson 4 What time does the next bus leave?
Lesson 5 I start at 8 o'clock in the morning
Lesson 6 I wake up at 11:30 a.m. on Saturdays
Lesson 7 Mini Check
Lesson 8 Jessica gets up at 6 o'clock
Lesson 9 Jessica loves basketball
Lesson 10 He studies in Queens University
Lesson 11 Does he wake up at half past five?
Lesson 12 Romina doesn't have a sister
Lesson 13 I visit the dentist twice a year
Lesson 14 Mini Check
Lesson 15 How often do you have English class?
Lesson 16 Today is my birthday
Lesson 17 Does she usually have breakfast at 8 o'clock?
Lesson 18 Are you healthy?
Lesson 19 Sending an e-mail
Lesson 20 Crocodiles are endangered species
Lesson 21 Elephants live in Africa

Lesson 22 Do Bengal tigers live in the forest?
Lesson 23 Where do grey whales travel in the winter?
Lesson 24 Mini Check
Lesson 25 Project: Come and visit our school zoo. Part one
Lesson 26 Project: Come and visit our school zoo. Part two
Lesson 27 Project: Come and visit our school zoo. Part three
Lesson 28 Project: Come and visit our school zoo. Part four
Lesson 29 Review. Part one
Lesson 30 Review. Part two
30 sessions, 10 weeks/ 30 sesiones, 10 semanas

## Lesson 1

## Long distance call



## Read

1. Answer the question about the dialogue. Responde la pregunta sobre el diálogo.

What kind of text is it?
a) a letter
b) an article
c) dialogue
2. Look at the pictures and read the dialogue.

Observa las imágenes y lee el diálogo.
Ring, Ring, Ring
Jessica: Hello. This is Jessica Flores speaking from Mexico.
Nikki: Hello. This is Nikki.
Jessica: Nikki, How are you? I'm almost going to bed here it's ten o'clock p.m.

Nikki: I'm fine. I'm getting ready to go to school here in England it's eight o'clock in the morning.
Jessica: It's great to hear you! At what time do you enter to school?
Nikki: At eight fifteen a.m. I'm late call you back later.
Jessica: O.K. Have a nice day! Goodbye.
Nikki: Bye.

3. Circle $T$ if the sentence is True or $F$ if it is False.

Encierra en un círculo la letra $T$ si el enunciado es verdadero o la F si es falso.

Nikki is in Mexico.
Jessica is in Mexico.
Jessica is going to bed.
Nikki is going to school.
Nikki enters to school at ten fifteen.

| $T$ | $F$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $T$ | $F$ |
| $T$ | $F$ |
| $T$ | $F$ |
| $T$ | $F$ |



Think
4. Go back to the dialogue. Answer the question and complete the chart. Regresa al diálogo. Responde la pregunta y completa la tabla.

We use $\qquad$ to tell the time.
a) it's
b) its

| Time | Time | Traduction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ten o'clock | $10: 00$ |  |
|  | $8: 15$ |  |


5. Match the columns.

Relaciona las columnas.

| ten fifteen | $3: 20$ |
| :---: | ---: |
| five o'clock | $11: 13$ |
| three twenty | $2: 00$ |
| seven forty two | $9: 54$ |
| eleven thirteen | $5: 00$ |
| two o'clock | $5: 20$ |
| five twenty | $10: 15$ |
| nine fifty four | $7: 42$ |

6. Answer the questions and draw the hands of the watches.

Responde las preguntas y dibuja las manecillas de los relojes.

Example: What time is in France? It's ten sixteen.


What time is it now?
It's $\qquad$ .


What time is your English class? .


What time is it in New York?
$\qquad$ .


## Lesson 2

## It's quarter past eight



## Read

1. Answer the question.

Responde la pregunta.
Where is Jessica?
a) at home
b) at school
2. Read the dialogue.

Lee el diálogo.
Mom: Jessica, it's getting late! Jessica: What time is it? Mom: It's a quarter to seven. Jessica: I'm almost done!


Mom: You are going to miss the bus!
Jessica: Mom, I'm in trouble!
The bus had left me it's quarter past seven
Mom: You are right! You are in trouble young girl!

3. Circle $T$ if the sentence is True or $F$ if it is False.

Encierra en un círculo la letra $T$ si el enunciado es verdadero o la F si es falso.

| Jessica is getting ready to go to school. | T | F |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Jessica is way to school. | T | F |
| Jessica missed the bus. | T | F |
| Jessica's mom is happy because Jessica missed the bus. | T | F |
| Jessica is in trouble. | T | F |



Think
4. Choose the answer that corresponds.

Elige la respuesta que corresponda.
We say $\qquad$ when there are remaining minutes to the hour.
a) quarter to
b) quarter past
$\qquad$ when there are minutes plus.
a) quarter to
b) quarter past
5. Complete the chart.

Completa la tabla.

| $12: 50$ | ten | to | one |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $2: 25$ | twenty five | past | two |
| $1: 15$ | Quarter |  |  |
| $11: 30$ | Half |  |  |
| $1: 05$ | Five |  |  |


6. Match the columns.

Relaciona las columnas.
fifteen past ten ..... 2:40
five to eight ..... 11:30
twenty past five ..... 4:15
a quarter to six ..... 9:05
half past eleven ..... 7:55
quarter past four ..... 5:20
twenty to three ..... 10:15
Five past nine ..... 5:45
7. Complete the information.

Completa la información.

Example: It's two fifteen.
It's fifteen past two.

$\qquad$

$\qquad$

$\qquad$


## Lesson 3

## What time is it?



## Read

1. Answer the question.

Responde la pregunta.
What is this?
a) a chat screen
b) an e-mail
c) an article
2. Look at the chatting screen. Read the dialogue.

Observa la pantalla de chat. Lee el diálogo.


## 3. Circle $T$ if the sentence is True or $F$ if the it is False.

Encierra en un círculo la letra T si el enunciado verdadero o la F si es falso.

Jessica is chatting with a friend in Monaco.
It's 9:45 a.m. in Mexico.
Rachid is in Morocco.
Morocco is five hours ahead Mexico.
It's 2:15 p.m. in Morocco.

| T | F |
| :--- | :--- |
| T | F |
| T | F |
| T | F |
| T | F |



## Think

4. Go back to the dialogue. Answer the questions. Regresa al diálogo. Responde las preguntas.

Different ways in English to ask the time:
a) $\qquad$
b) $\qquad$ ?


## Write

5. Look at the map. Order the words to form a question and answer it. Observa el mapa. Ordena las palabras para formar una pregunta y contéstala.


## Example:

Chile/ What/ the/ 's/ time/ in/ ?
What's the time in Chile?
It's twenty past four p.m./ It's four twenty p.m..

1) time/ is/ in/ What/ it/ Russia?

It's $\qquad$
2) in/ China/ What/ the/ 's/ time/ ?

It's $\qquad$
3) is/ in/ time/ England/ What/ it/ ?

It's $\qquad$
4) Sydney/ What/ the/ 's/ time/ in/ ?

It's $\qquad$
5) time/ is/ in/ What/ it/ Dakar?

It's $\qquad$
6) Alaska/ What/ the/ 's/ time/ in/ ?

It's $\qquad$

## Speak

6. Work in pairs. Choose different places from the map above. Ask your partner about the time in different countries.

Trabaja en parejas. Elige diferentes lugares del mapa anterior. Pregunta a tu compañero acerca del tiempo en diferentes ciudades.

## Lesson 4

## What time does the next bus leave?



Read

1. Answer the question about the text. Responde la pregunta acerca del texto.

Where are Jessica and her mother going?
a) to Africa
b) to Puebla
c) to Queretaro
2. Read the dialogue.

Lee el diálogo.

Jessica: Mom, what time do you want to go to the bus station?
Mom: I would like to go at 6 o'clock in the morning.


Mom: Jessica, it's five thirty get ready to go. Jessica: What time does the bus leaves? Mom: I don't have the tickets yet. I'm going to buy them when we get there.
Jessica: O.K., we have to hurry.
Mom: I want two tickets to Puebla, please. What time does the next bus leave?
Assistant: The next one is at 7:30 a.m.
Mom: And what time does it arrives?
Assistant: At 1030 a.m. it takes three hours to get there.
Mom: How much do they cost?
Assistant: They cost about \$150.00.
Mom: Give me two, please.
Assistant: These are your tickets; your bus leaves at 7:30 a.m. in gate two.

3. Circle $T$ if the sentence is True or $F$ if it is False.

Encierra en un círculo la letra $T$ si el enunciado es verdadero o la F si es falso.

Jessica and her mother are going to go to the bus station at 6 o'clock in the morning.
Jessica wakes up at five thirty.
Jessica's mother has already bought the tickets.
The bus leaves at 7:30 and arrives at 11:30.
Each ticket costs are \$150.00.

| $T$ | $F$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $T$ | $F$ |
| $T$ | $F$ |
| $T$ | $F$ |
| $T$ | $F$ |



## Think

4. Find on the text the expressions in English to ask about time when activities happen:

Encuentra en el texto las expresiones en inglés para preguntar acerca del tiempo cuando ocurren las actividades.


## Write

5. Match the columns

Relaciona las columnas.

What time do you have breakfast?
What time does she do exercise?
What time do you start school?
What time do you do homework?
What time does he go to church?

She does exercise in the morning.
He goes to church in the afternoon.
I do homework in the afternoon.
I start at school at 7:30 a.m.
I have breakfast at 9 o'clock.



Write
6. Work in pairs. Answer the questions with your information. Ask the same questions to your partner and write the answers.

Trabajen en parejas. Responde las preguntas con tu información. Pregunta a tu compañero las mismas preguntas y escribe las respuestas.


|  | Question 5 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| You |  |
| Partner |  |

## Lesson 5

## I start at 8 o'clock in the morning



## Read

1. Write on the line the hour that corresponds. Escribe sobre la línea la hora que corresponde.

2. Read the interview with a rock star. Lee la entrevista a una estrella de rock.

Interviewer: Hi! I'm reporting to Star Magazine. What time do you start playing?
Jack Jackson: I start at 8 o'clock in the morning. Interviewer: What time do you stop playing? Jack Jackson: I stop playing at 6 o'clock in the afternoon. At that time I go home and have dinner.
Interviewer: What do you do at night?
Jack Jackson: I use to write my lyrics and be with my family.
Interviewer: Are having a concert soon? Jack Jackson: Yes, l'll be playing in September in Buenos Aires, Argentina.

3. Answer the questions.

Responde las preguntas.
What's the name of the magazine?
Does Jack Jackson start playing in the morning?
What time does he go home?
What does he do at night?
When is he having a concert?


## Think

4. Go back to the interview. Look at the words in bold. Complete the information.

Regresa a la entrevista. Observa las palabras en negritas. Completa la información.

| At | 8 o'clock |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | that time |
|  | Midnight |
| In | the afternoon |
|  | September |
|  | the summer |


in the morning

in the afternoon

in the evening/ at night


Write
5. Complete the gapped text. Use in/at.

Comblete los espacios del texto. Usa in/at.


Berta every day $\qquad$ the morning takes a shower then she gets ready to go to school. She enters school $\qquad$ seven thirty $\qquad$ the morning. She go back to her house $\qquad$ half past one. $\qquad$ the afternoon she do homework.


Speak


Write
6. Work in small groups. Complete the chart with your partner's information.

Trabaja en grupos pequeños. Completa la tabla con la información de tu compañero.

| Name | In the <br> morning | At (hour) | In the <br> afternoon | At (hour) | At night |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Leticia | get up | 6:00 a.m. | do <br> homework | $4: 00$ p.m. | go to <br> sleep |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Lesson 6

I wake up at 11:30 a.m. on Saturdays


Read

1. Answer the question.

Responde la pregunta.
What is this text?
a) an article
b) an interview
c) an e-mail
2. Read the text.

Lee el texto.

| 区 $\mathrm{\nabla}$ <- | $\square \square \square \square \square$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| From: jessica@happypeople.com |  |
| To: nikki@londongirls.com |  |
| Subject: Hello, Nikki! |  |

Dear Nikki,
Hello, I'm Jessica. Today is Saturday. On Saturdays I wake up at half past eleven because I don't go to school on Saturdays. On Sundays I go downtown with my parents we get back home approximately at three and have a meal. I go to bed early at night.

On weekdays I go to school, I enter at seven thirty a.m. I go swimming after school on Mondays and Wednesdays.

Write me soon.

3. Circle $T$ if the sentence is True or $F$ if it is False.

Encierra en un círculo la letra $T$ si el enunciado es verdadero o la $F$ si es falso.

Jessica is writing an e-mail to Nikki.
Jessica doesn't go to school on Saturdays.
T F
T F

Jessica and her family go to church on Sundays. On Sundays, Jessica go to bed late.

| $T$ | $F$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $T$ | $F$ |
| $T$ | $F$ | Jessica goes swimming on Mondays and Wednesdays. T F



## Think

4. Go back to the text. Look at the words in bold. Complete the information. Regresa al texto. Observa las palabras en negritas. Completa la información.

| at | $7: 30$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |


| on | Saturdays |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Weekdays |
|  |  |


5. Complete the gapped text. Use on/at.

Completa los espacios del texto. Usa on/at.

| 区 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| From: peter@worldpeople.com |  |
| To: george@americanteenagers.com |  |
| Subject: Hello, Nikki! |  |
| Dear Nikki, |  |
| Hello, George. Today is Friday. $\qquad$ weekdays I go to school from Monday to Friday.$\qquad$ Fridays I use to visit my grandmother and $\qquad$ night I watch scary movies. Saturdays I like to go biking I wake up early in the morning 8 o'clock. |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| $\overline{\text { go back home to have breakfast ___ ten thirty a.m. }}$ |  |
| I like when my parents take me to visit museums ___ Sundays. |  |
| Please send me an e-mail and keep in touch. |  |
|  | Regards, Jessica |




Write
6. Work in small groups. Complete the chart with your partners information.

Trabaja en grupos pequeños. Completa la tabla con la información de tus compañeros.

| Name | On <br> weekdays | At | On your <br> birthday | At | On <br> Christmas |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Samuel | Go to <br> school | 7:30 a.m. | Have a <br> party | Night | Have a <br> special <br> dinner |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Lesson 7

## Mini Check



1. Write the hour on the line.

Escribe la hora sobre la línea.
Quarter past ten $\qquad$
Half past two
Four fifty six
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. Read the dialogue.

Lee el diálogo.
Jessica: I'm very happy to hear you again! Nikki: Yes, my dear. I'm happy too. Jessica: What time do you start school? Nikki: I start school at 8 o'clock in the morning.
Jessica: What time do you have lunch? Nikki: I have lunch at three or three thirty. Jessica: What time do you do homework? Nikki: In the afternoon. After that I go and play basketball.
Jessica: What time is it now?
Nikki: Here it's half past eight p.m. Jessica: Where do you go on Saturdays? Nikki: On Saturdays we go to visit my grandparents.
Jessica: Me too, on weekends I go to visit
 my grandparents.
3. Circle T if the sentence is True or F if it is False.

Encierra en un círculo la letra $T$ si el enunciado es verdadero o la $F$ si es falso.

| Jessica is happy about speaking with Nikki. | T | F |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Nikki starts school at nine 8 o'clock in the afternoon. | T | F |
| Nikki does homework at night. | T | F |
| On Saturdays, Nikki goes to visit her grandparents. | T | F |
| On Saturdays, Jessica goes to visit her grandparents. | T | F |



## Think

4. Go back to the dialogue. Complete the chart.

Regresa al diálogo. Completa la tabla.

| At $\ldots$ | On ... | In ... |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8 o'clock |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

5. Find on the dialogue a phrase for asking time. Write it on the line. Encuentra en el diálogo la frase para preguntar acerca del tiempo. Escríbela sobre la línea.


Write
6. Look at the clocks and underline the answer that corresponds. Complete the information.

Observa los relojes y subraya la respuesta que corresponde. Completa la información.

What time is it?


It's five past two. At midnight
It's five to two.

What time is it?


It's five past seven. $\qquad$ It's five to seven.

What's the time?


It's twenty past four. $\qquad$ It's twenty to four.

What time is it?


It's half past eight. $\qquad$ It's half to eight.

What's the time?


It's thirty five past ten. $\qquad$
It's thirty five to ten. $\qquad$

What time is it?


It's quarter past nine. $\qquad$
It's quarter to ten.


Speak

7. Work in pairs. Write a dialogue similar to exercise two. Practice saying it. Trabaja en parejas. Escribe un diálogo similar al del ejercicio dos. Practica diciéndolo.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Lesson 8

## Jessica gets up at 6 o'clock



## Read

1. Complete the information.

Completa la información.
$\qquad$ Wednesday $\qquad$ night
$\qquad$ the afternoon ten o'clock
the evening $\qquad$ the weekend
2. Read the text. Lee el texto.

My name is Jessica. I get up at 6:00 in the morning and make my bed. Then I take a shower and get ready to go to school, after that I help my mother to make breakfast and then I have breakfast. Then I go to school and when I come back home, I have lunch and then I do exercise and after that I do my homework.

3. Circle T if the sentence is True or F if it is False.

Encierra en un círculo la letra $T$ si el enunciado es verdadero o la $F$ si es falso.

Jessica gets up at 6:30 in the afternoon. She makes her bed before taking a shower. Jessica takes a shower at night.
She has breakfast before going to school. Jessica does exercise in the afternoon.

| T | F |
| :--- | :--- |
| T | F |
| T | F |
| T | F |
| T | F |



## Think

4. Go back to the text. Look at the underlined and bold words. Complete the information.

Regresa al texto. Observa las palabras subrayadas y negritas. Completa la información.

| Do | make | have | take | go |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exercise |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |



## Write

5. Write on the lines the activities in the box that corresponds to the image. Escribe sobre las líneas las actividades del cuadro que correspondan a la imagen.

| take a shower | have lunch |
| :---: | :---: |
| do homework | go to parties |
| do the shopping | watch TV |


watch TV



6. Work in pairs. Complete the sentences with your information. Share and compare with your partner.

Trabaja en parejas. Completa las oraciones con tu información. Comparte y compara con tu compañero.

I get up at 7:30 a.m.
I have breakfast $\qquad$
I have lunch $\qquad$
I do homework. $\qquad$
I watch TV $\qquad$
I have dinner $\qquad$

## Lesson 9

## Jessica loves basketball



## Read

1. Remember about your geography classes. Answer the questions. Recuerda tus clases de geografía. Responde las preguntas.

Where is located Guanajuato?

What are the states in their border?
2. Read the text.

Lee el text.

Jessica Flores is a secondary student. She lives in Guanajuato. She is a very smart girl. She loves to go to school. She walks to the bus stop early in the morning and takes the bus to school.
She likes to play basketball. She plays in the basketball team of the school. She thinks sports are very interesting. She enjoys watching professional basketball with her father.

3. Answer the questions about the text.

Responde las preguntas acerca del texto.
Where does Jessica live?
How does she go to school?
What does Jessica like to do?
What does Jessica think about sports?
Do you like sports?
Which sport do you practice?


## Think

4. Look at the words in bold in the text. Complete the chart. Observa las palabras en negritas en el texto. Completa la tabla.

| I/ we/ you/ they | he/ she/ it |
| :--- | :--- |
| live |  |
| love | takes |
|  | likes |
|  |  |
| play | enjoys |
| work | thinks |
|  |  |

5. Choose the answers that correspond.

Elige las respuestas que correspondan.
To form simple present in 3rd person singular, we add $\qquad$ to verbs ending with -e vowel (examples: like, love, raise, etc).
a) -es
b) -s

To form simple present in 3rd person singular, we add $\qquad$ to verbs ending in a consonant (examples: wear, walk, sing, etc.).
a) -ies
b) -s

To form simple present in 3rd person singular, we add $\qquad$ to verbs ending in vowel + $y$ (examples: play, say, pay, etc).
a) -s
b) $-e s$


## Write

6. Complete the sentences with the words in the box. Write it in the right form.

Completa los enunciados con las palabras del cuadro. Escríbelo en la forma que corresponde.

| sing <br> listen | speak | drink <br> buy | read <br> hate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Example: Laura speaks four languages.

George $\qquad$ vegetables.
He always eats junk food.


My father $\qquad$ five cups of coffee a day.


Lupita $\qquad$ when she is taking a shower.


Alfred $\qquad$ classical music.

Mark $\qquad$ poems.


Cathy $\qquad$ fruits in the market.


Speak


Write
6. Write a text about a famous singer you like. Share it with your classmates. Escribe un texto acerca de un cantante famoso que te guste. Compártelo con tus compañeros.
$\qquad$ is a famous $\qquad$ . $\mathrm{He} /$ She is $\qquad$
years old. $\qquad$ ,
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Lesson 10

## He studies in Queens University



Read

1. According to the text, choose the answer that corresponds. De acuerdo al texto, elige la respuesta que corresponda.

What's his occupation?
a) a biologist
b) a doctor
c) a chef
2. Read the text.

Lee el texto.
Carol Pavlov is from Poland. He is 26 years old. He lives in Canada. He works part time at the Chateau Meilleur Hotel in the restaurant Antiques. He is a professional chef. He loves cooking.


On a typical day he gets up at 6 o'clock, takes a shower and has breakfast. Then he goes to school. He studies at Queens University. He tries all the time to get very good notes that's why he does his homework after he goes to work.


In the afternoon he goes to work. First he washes his hands before he starts cooking. Then he prepares vegetables, meat, sandwiches, etc.

He gets home at about eight o'clock in the evening and he watches TV, studies or sometimes reads a book. He brushes his teeth before going home.
3. Answer the questions about the text.

Responde las preguntas acerca del texto.
Where is Carol Pavlov from? $\qquad$
Where does he work?
Where does he study? $\qquad$
What kind of food he prepares?
What does he do when he go home? $\qquad$

4. Look at the words in bold. Complete the chart and choose the answer that corresponds.

Observa las palabras en negritas. Completa la tabla y elige la respuesta que corresponda.

To form simple present in 3rd person singular, we add $\qquad$ to verbs ending in consonant $+-y$ (examples: study, try, cry, etc).
a) eliminate $-y$ and add -ies
b) eliminate $-y$ and add $-s$

| I/ we/ you/ they | he/ she/ it |
| :--- | :--- |
| study |  |
| try | cries |
|  | carries |
|  |  |
| fly |  |
| marry |  |

To form simple present in 3rd person singular, we $\qquad$ to verbs that end in -ch,-s,-sh, -z, -x, or -o (examples: wash, watch, pass, etc.).
a) -es
b) -ies

| I/ we/ you/ they | he/ she/ it |
| :--- | :--- |
| wash |  |
| finish | brushes |
|  | watches |
|  |  |
| catch |  |
| pass | goes |
|  |  |
| fix |  |

Be is and have/ has are two $\qquad$ verb forms.
a) regular
b) irregular


## Write

5. Write on the line the words in the box in the right form. Look at the images. Escribe sobre la línea las palabras del cuadro en la forma que corresponde. Observa las imágenes.

| fly | have | kiss | go |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| fly | cry |  |  |

## Example:

Sue is a teacher.
She teaches math at secondary school.

He is a very good receiver.
He $\qquad$ all the passes.

$\qquad$ six legs.

Alan likes art.
He $\qquad$ to the museum frequently.


Lisa $\qquad$ her boyfriend because she loves him.


A condor is a kind of bird.
It $\qquad$ very high.


That baby $\qquad$ because he is hungry.



6. Write a paragraph text a person you know. Share it with your classmates. Escribe un texto acerca de una persona que conozcas. Compártelo con tus compañeros.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Lesson 11

## Does he wake up at half past five?



1. Order the letters to form a word. Then answer the question about the dialogue.

Ordena las letras para formar una palabra. Posteriormente responde la pregunta acerca del diálogo.


What's the occupation of Jessica's father? $\qquad$
2. Read the dialogue.

Lee el diálogo.


Jessica: This is my father. His name is Sandro he's a primary teacher. He is 45 years old.
Romina: What does he do?
Jessica: He teaches Spanish lessons.
Romina: Does he work in the city?
Jessica: No, he doesn't. He teaches in a rural community in a municipality of Huixquilucan. He gets up very early to get there. He wakes up at half past five.
Romina: Does he get up at five thirty?
Jessica: Yes, he does. It's because it takes one hour and a half to get to the school where he teaches.
Romina: Do you feel you proud of him? Jessica: Yes, I am. I love him.
3. Answer the questions about the dialogue.

Responde las preguntas acerca del diálogo.

Does Sandro teach Spanish lessons?
Does he teach in an urban community? $\qquad$
Does it take a long time to get to his work? $\qquad$
Does Jessica is proud of his father? $\qquad$
Do you feel proud about someone in your family? Why?


## Think

4. Go back to the dialogue. Find on the expressions used to ask about habit or routines.

Regresa al diálogo. Encuentra las expresiones usadas para preguntar acerca de hábitos o rutinas.

Example: Do you like English classes?
5. Choose the answer that corresponds.

Elige la respuesta que corresponde.
We use do with these pronouns $\qquad$ .
a) you, we, they
b) he, she, it

We use does with these pronouns $\qquad$ .
a) you, we, they
b) he, she, it

Discover the rule: When we use does the verb in present simple $\qquad$ .
a) doesn't change
b) changes


Write
6. Order the words to form a question and answer it according to the images.

Ordena las palabras para formar una pregunta y respóndela de acuerdo con las imágenes.

Example: he/ basketball/ Does/ play/?
Does he play basketball?
No, he doesn't.


1) parties/ like/ she/ Does/?
$\qquad$

2) school/ to/ Saturday/ he/ go/ Does/ on/?
$\qquad$

3) exercise/ she/ Does/do/?
$\qquad$

4) music/ listen/ she/ Does/to/?
$\qquad$

5) bake/ a/ cake/ she/ Does/?
$\qquad$


## Lesson 12

## Romina doesn't have a sister



Read

1. Complete the information. Completa la información.

He is the son of your grand parents.
She is the daughter of you uncle.
He is the brother of your mother. $\qquad$
2. Read the dialogue.

Lee el diálogo.
Jessica: Tell me now about your family.
Romina: My mother is a nurse and my father is a mechanic.
Jessica: Dou you have any brothers or sisters?
Romina: I don't have sisters, but I have two brothers.
Jessica: How old are they?
Romina: Jeff is five years old and Brandon is eight. And you?
Jessica: I don't have either brothers or sisters.
Romina: Well, we can be as close as sisters!
 Jessica: That sounds great!

## 3. Circle $T$ if the sentence is True or $F$ if it is False.

Encierra en un círculo la letra $T$ si el enunciado es verdadero o la $F$ si es falso.

Romina's mother is a nurse.
Rominas's father is carpenter.
T
F
Romina has two sisters.
Brandon is eight years old.
Jessica has two brothers.
T
F


## Think

4. Choose the answer that corresponds.

Elige la respuesta que corresponde.
We use $\qquad$ for activities that do not occur.
a) shouldn't
b) don't/ doesn't
5. Complete the chart.

Completa la tabla.

| Pronouns | Don't/ doesn't | Verb | Predicate |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{I} /$ you/ they/ we |  | play | soccer |
| $\mathrm{He} / \mathrm{she} / \mathrm{it}$ |  | have | sisters |



Write
6. Write on the line don't/ doesn't.

Escribe sobre la línea don't/ doesn't.
Laura $\qquad$ eat eggs for breakfast. She prefers to eat cereal and fruit. She $\qquad$ drink orange juice. She drinks grape juice.

Mauricio is very clean but he $\qquad$ clean his room every day. He never cleans his room.

I $\qquad$ go to parties on Mondays. I go to school on Mondays. I $\qquad$ read magazines. I read the newspaper.

7. Write the negative statements. Escribe la forma negativa.

Example: I play soccer with my friends.
I don't play soccer with my friends.

1) I take a shower in the afternoon.
2) She takes the bus to go to school.
3) We have lunch at 5:30 p.m.
4) They watch TV in the evening.
5) I brush my teeth after breakfast.
6) You wash your hands before eating meals.

## Lesson 13

I visit the dentist twice a year


Read

1. Answer the question.

Responde la pregunta.
What is the text about?
2. Read the text.

Lee el texto.

I visit the dentist twice a year. Every six months I go to visit the dentist. He checks my teeth. I don't have cavities because I brush my teeth three times a day and whenever I eat something. I try not to eat candies or bubble gum. I use dental floss also to take care of my teeth. My dentist says that it's very important to visit him regularly to prevent cavities and to keep your mouth healthy. He recommends visiting the dentist minimum once a year.

3. Answer the questions about the text.

Responde las preguntas acerca del texto.
How often does he visit the dentist?
Does he see the dentist once a month?

How often does he brush his teeth?
Does he have cavities?

What's the recommendation of the dentist?


## Think

4. Go back to the text. Look at the words in bold. Complete the charts. Regresa al texto. Observa las palabras en negritas. Completa las tablas.

| once $\times 1$ |  | week |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| twice $\times 2$ |  |  |
| times $\times 3$ |  |  |
| four times $\times 4$ | A |  |
| many times |  | school year |


| every | week |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | weekend |
|  | 3 years |
|  |  |
|  | year |


5. Match the columns.

Relaciona las columnas.

1. once a day
2. once a week
3. twice a week
4. twice a year
5. four times a month

6. Write sentences about you. Use the expressions from the box. Escribe enunciados acerca de ti. Usa las expresiones del cuadro.

| everyday | twice a week once a year |
| :---: | :---: |
| every year | four times a month |
| every three months |  |

1. $\qquad$ .
2. $\qquad$ .
3. 
4. $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ}$
5. $\qquad$ .
6. $\qquad$ .
7. $\qquad$ .


## Speak

7. Share your sentences with your classmates.

Comparte tus enunciados con tus compañeros.

## Lesson 14

## Mini Check



1. Answer the questions.

Responde las preguntas.
a) Who's the writer?

Charly / Linda Perry
b) Who's the recipient?

Charly / Linda Perry
2. Read the letter. Lee la carta.


> Dear Charly, I know that you don't have a computer. I really enjoy writing letters. Thanks for your letter. Now let me tell you about my daily life. I wake up at 6:20 a.m. and take a shower, then I have breakfast. I don't have juice or eggs for breakfast I have some milk and sweet bread, and then I go to school. My father takes me to school in his car because he teaches math at school every morning and then he goes to work. I get home at about 2 p.m. and have lunch with my mother. In the afternoons I go to swim twice a week and three times a week I play basketball. Do you practice sports? Do you have brothers or sisters? Linda Perry,
3. Answer the questions about the letter.

Responde las preguntas acerca de la carta.
What's the letter about?
What time she gets up?
What does she have for lunch?

Who does she have lunch with?
How often he goes swimming?
How often does she play basketball?

## Think

4. Go back to the letter. Complete the chart.

Regresa a la carta. Completa la tabla.

| Activities | Verbs in simple <br> present 3rd <br> person | Questions | Negative <br> statements |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


5. Write on the line the word in the box that corresponds.

Escribe sobre la línea la palabra del cuadro que corresponda.

| watch | have | go | cook |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| take | play |  | listen |
|  |  | do |  |
|  |  |  |  |



1) He $\qquad$ breakfast

2) She $\qquad$ the piano

3) He $\qquad$ his homework

4) She $\qquad$ the bus

5) He $\qquad$ to school

6) He $\qquad$ TV

7) She $\qquad$ to music

8) She $\qquad$ a cake


## Speak



Write
6. Work in groups of three. Ask your partners the questions. Write on the chart the answers.

Trabajen en grupos de tres. Pregunta a tus compañeros. Escribe en la tabla las respuestas.

|  | Person 1 | Person 2 | Person 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Do you go to <br> school every <br> day? |  |  |  |
| Do you have <br> sport class twice <br> a week? |  |  |  |
| Do you clean <br> your bedroom on <br> Saturdays? |  |  |  |
| Do you go to <br> swim in winter? |  |  |  |
| Do you brush <br> your teeth three <br> times a day? |  |  |  |
| Do you take a <br> shower once a <br> week? |  |  |  |

## Lesson 15

## How often do you have English class?



## Read

1. Order the letter to form a word.

Ordena las letras para formar una palabra.
m/s//o/d/e
o/s/e/e/t/i/m/m/s
s/u/y/a/l/u/l n/o/e/f/t
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. Look at Ben's schedule. Observa el horario de Ben.

|  | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 7: 30 \\ & 8: 20 \end{aligned}$ | Spanish | Spanish | Spanish | Spanish | Spanish |
| $\begin{aligned} & 8: 20 \\ & 9: 10 \end{aligned}$ | Technologies | Math | Social Studies | Social Studies | History |
| $\begin{gathered} 9: 10 \\ 10: 00 \end{gathered}$ | History | History | Technologies | Math | Math |
| $\begin{aligned} & 10: 00 \\ & 10: 50 \end{aligned}$ | Social Studies | Geography | Math | Technologies | Geography |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 11: 10 \\ & 12: 00 \end{aligned}$ | English | Physics | English | Physics | English |
| $\begin{aligned} & 12: 00 \\ & 12: 50 \end{aligned}$ | Math | Physical Education | Physics | Geography | Physical Education |
| $\begin{gathered} 12: 50 \\ 13: 400 \end{gathered}$ | Technological Education | Arts | Technological Education | Arts | Technological Education |

3. Answer the questions with the information of Ben's schedule. Responde las preguntas con la información del horario de Ben.

How often does Ben have English lessons?
How often he has Spanish classes?
How often does Ben have Math?
How often does Ben have Physical Education?
How often does Ben have Arts?


Think
4. Choose the answer that corresponds.

Elige la respuesta que corresponda.
We use $\qquad$ to ask the number of times an activity occurs in a period of time.
a) How often do you?
b) What time is it?

We use $\qquad$ to ask in $3^{\text {rd }}$ person the number of times an activity occurs in a period of time.
a) How often do you?
b) How often does he/she?


Write
5. Look at the chart. Answer the questions.

Observa la tabla. Responde las preguntas.

| Investigation Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Play a <br> sport | Go to <br> the <br> movies | Read a <br> book | Watch <br> TV | Listen <br> to <br> music | Go to <br> parties |
| Never | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |  | 3 |
| Once a week | 1 | 7 | 4 |  | 1 | 7 |
| Twice a week | 4 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Three times a <br> week |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |
| Four times a <br> week | 2 |  | 2 |  | 1 |  |
| Five times a <br> week <br> Every day | 2 |  | 3 | 7 | 7 |  |
| Tolal of in |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Total of interviewed students: 10

## Example:

How often do the students play a sport?
One of the students never play a sport; one of the students play a sport once a week; Four of the students play a sport twice a week; two of the students play a sport five times a week and two of them play a sport everyday.

How often do the students ___?
$\longrightarrow$ ——
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
How often do the students ?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

How often do the students $\qquad$ ?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
How often do the students ?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
How often do the students ?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


## Speak



Write
6. Make your own investigation report about free time activities. Interview your classmates. Answer the questionnaire with your classmate's information. Mark on the table your results.

Elabora tu propio reporte de investigación acerca del tiempo libre. Entrevista a tus compañeros. Responde el cuestionario con sus respuestas. Marca en la tabla las repuestas.

| Investigation Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Play a <br> sport | Go to <br> the <br> movies | Read a <br> book | Watch <br> TV | Listen <br> to <br> music | Go to <br> parties |
| Never |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Once a week |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Twice a week |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Three times a <br> week |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Four times a <br> week |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Five times a <br> week |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Every day |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Questions:
How often do you play a sport?
How often do go to the movies?
How often do you read a book?
How often do you watch TV?
How often do you listen to music?
How often do you go to parties?

## Lesson 16

## Today is my birthday



1. Complete the information. Completa la información
a) What is this text?
an e-mail / an article
b) Who is the e-mail for? Nikki / Jessica
c) Who is the recipient?

Nikki / Jessica
2. Read the text.

Lee el texto.

3. Circle T if the sentence is True or F if it is False.

Encierra en un círculo la letra $T$ si el enunciado es verdadero o la $F$ si es falso.

Today is Nikki's birthday.
Nikki always celebrates with her friends.

## T

They usually go to the theatre.
T

Nikki's mother always cooks lemon cake.
T

Her family always forgets her birthday.

T
T


## Think

4. Complete the chart.

Completa la tabla.

| Always | $100 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Usually | $90 \%$ |
|  | $70 \%$ |
|  | $50 \%$ |
| Occasionally | $20 \%$ |
| Seldom | $10 \%$ |
| Never | $0 \%$ |

5. Choose the answer that corresponds.

Elige la respuesta que corresponde.
We use frequency adverbs $\qquad$ .
a) before the verb
b) after the verb

With verb to be (am, is, are, etc) frequency adverbs go $\qquad$ .
a) before the verb
b) after the verb


## Write

6. Order the words to form a sentence.

Ordena las palabras para formar una oración.
Example:
Saturdays/ to/ go/ I/ church/ never/ on I never go to church on Saturdays.
eat/ I/ vegetables/ always/.
// never/ am/ class/ for/ late/.
cinema/ We/ go/ often/ the/ to/.
programs/ You/ watch/ usually/ TV/.
get/ I/ sick/ occasionally/.
She/ does/ exercise/ sometimes.


Speak

7. Work in pairs. Complete the chart with your information. Mark your answers with a check $(\checkmark)$.

Trabaja en parejas. Completa la tabla con tu información. Marca tus respuestas con una palomita $(\checkmark)$.

|  | Always | Usually | Often | Sometimes | Never |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Do <br> homework |  |  |  |  |  |
| Go to <br> school |  |  |  |  |  |
| Get up <br> early |  |  |  |  |  |
| Play soccer |  |  |  |  |  |
| Eat <br> hamburgers |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clean your <br> bedroom |  |  |  |  |  |

## Lesson 17

Does she usually have breakfast at 8 o'clock?


Read

1. Find and circle the days of the week.

Encuentra y circula los días de la semana.

| Q | T | W | F | F | T | Y | S | A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M | T | E | R | B | Y | R | T | C |
| O | U | D | I | M | A | R | T | R |
| N | E | N | D | C | D | H | S | Y |
| D | S | E | A | R | U | U | Z | A |
| A | D | S | Y | R | F | M | S | D |
| Y | A | D | S | R | F | X | U | S |
| B | Y | A | A | Y | D | E | N | R |
| W | A | Y | Z | C | T | Y | D | U |
| Y | A | Y | E | O | H | G | A | H |
| S | A | T | U | R | D | A | Y | T |

2. Look at Elena's the time table.

Observa la agenda de Elena.

|  | Sunday | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8:00 <br> a.m |  | Breakfast | Breakfast | Breakfast | Breakfast | Breakfast |  |
| 9:00 <br> a.m. | Breakfast | French | Biology | Frech | Biology | French | Breakfast |
| 10:00 <br> a.m. |  | Social <br> Studies | English | Social <br> Studies | English | Social <br> Studies |  |
| 11:00 <br> a.m. |  | Break | Break | Break | Break | Break |  |
| 11:30 <br> a.m. |  | Physics | Laboratory | Physics | Laboratory | Physics |  |
| 12:30 <br> p.m. |  | Math | Math | Math | Math |  |  |
| 1:00 <br> p.m. |  | Dance | Theatre | Dance | Theatre |  |  |
| 2:00 <br> p.m. | Family |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| lunch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

3. Answer the questions with the table's information.

Responde las preguntas con la información de la tabla.
Does Elena usually have breakfast at 8 o'clok?
Does she usually have breakfast after school?
Does she usually go to the movies on Saturdays?
Does she always have French lessons at 9 o'clock?
Does she always have lunch at 2 o'clock?


## Think

4. Choose the answers that correspond. Elige las respuestas que correspondan.

For questions beginning with do you...? we answer $\qquad$ .
a) Yes, I do or Yes/ No, I don't or No
b) Yes, she/he does or Yes/ No, she doesn't or No

For questions beginning with does he/she ...? we answer $\qquad$ .
a) Yes, I do or Yes/ No, I don't or No
b) Yes, she/he does or Yes/ No, she doesn't or No


## Write

5. Order the words to form a question. Answer the question with your information.

Ordena las palabras para formar una pregunta. Responde la pregunta con tu información.

## Example:

Never go to church
Do you never go to church? Yes, I do.
Always eat vegetables
Never get late for class
Often go to the cinema
Usually watch TV programs
Occasionally get sick
Sometimes do exercise


## Speak



## Write

6. Ask your partner the next questions and complete the chart. Mark with an $\boldsymbol{x}$ the answers.

Haz a tu compañero las siguientes preguntas y completa la tabla. Marca con una $\times$ las respuestas.

Questions:
Do you usually watch TV in the afternoons?
Do you usually listen to classical music?
Do you usually chat on the Internet?
Do you usually eat eggs for breakfast?
Do you usually go to bed late?
Do you usually play soccer?

| Activity | Never | Sometimes | Usually | Always |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Watch TV |  |  |  |  |
| Listen <br> classical <br> music |  |  |  |  |
| Chat on the <br> Internet |  |  |  |  |
| Eat eggs for <br> breakfast |  |  |  |  |
| Go to bed <br> late |  |  |  |  |
| Play soccer |  |  |  |  |

## Lesson 18

## Are you healthy?



## Read

1. Write on the lines the verbs in present simple tense for the third person. Escribe sobre la línea los verbos en presente simple.

2. Read the dialogue.

Lee el diálogo.
Ben: You often look tired, John.
Do you usually sleep 8 hours a day?
John: No, I don't. I rarely go to bed before 12 o'clock p.m. and I get up at 5 o'clock in the morning.
Ben: Why, John?
John: I always stay up studying.
I'm always worried about my grades.
Ben: Do you eat well?
John: Mmm, I usually have hamburgers for dinner!
Ben: I believe you have to change your routine and eating habits.

3. Answer the questions about the dialogue.

Responde las preguntas acerca del diálogo..
Does Ben often look tired? $\qquad$
Does John sleep 8 hours a day?
Does John usually go home before 12 o'clock? $\qquad$
Does John stay up late because he studies? $\qquad$


Think
4. Find on the dialogue all the expressions to ask about habits and routines.

Encuentra en el diálogo todas las expresiones para preguntar acerca de hábitos y rutinas.


Write
5. Read the text and answer the test.

Lee el texto y contesta la prueba.


## Are you healthy?

Get your score:
Mostly a's: You are always taking care of your health but do not exaggerate. Take a breath and relax. Take care with the diet you follow, remember that you are growing up.

Mostly b's: You are a healthy person. You know there's a time for everything and you also control your nutrition. Keep going that way and be healthy now and in the future.

Mostly c's: You are not very healthy. You enjoy doing nothing and eating junk food. You never worry about your health. Try to do more physical activities and control your eating habits. You realy need to do something.

6. Work in small groups. Compare your score with your classmates and give advices.

Trabaja en pequeños grupos. Compara tu puntuación con tus compañeros y dense consejos.

## Example:

I usually eat fruits and vegetables. He always eats fruits and vegetables.

## Lesson 19

## Sending an e-mail



## Read

1. Choose the answer that corresponds.

Elige la respuesta que corresponda.
Who is the writer?
a) Noel
b) Elizabeth

Who is the recipient?
a) Noel
b) Elizabeth
2. Read the e-mail.

Lee el correo electrónico.


Thanks for your last e-mail. Let me tell you more about my lifestyle here in Mexico. I wake up at 6:30 a.m. and take a shower, then I get dressed and have breakfast. After that I take the bus at 7:20 a.m. to get to school at about quarter to eight.

I have classes from eight to ten thirty. Next I have a break. After that I go back to classes until 2 o'clock.

When I get back home I have lunch with my mother and then I do my homework. After that I watch TV and later I get ready to go to bed at about 9 o'clock.

Write me soon.


Regards, Noel
3. Answer the questions about the e-mail.

Responde las preguntas acerca del correo electrónico.
What's the e-mail about?
What time Noel gets up?
Does he take a shower after breakfast?
Does Noel watch TV after doing his homework?
What time Noel go to bed? $\qquad$

4. Choose the answer that corresponds. Elige la respuesta que corresponda.

We use later, then, after that and next to make:
a) time references
b) habits and routines
5. Look at the underlined words. Answer the questions. Observa las palabras subrayadas. Responde las preguntas.

What do they mean? Are they the same?
$\qquad$


Write
6. Order the sentences. Write on the line the number that corresponds.

Ordena los enunciados. Escribe sobre la línea el número que corresponde.



Watch TV (6:00-7:00 p.m.)

Play soccer (10:30 - 11:30 a.m.)

Go to bed (10:00 p.m.)
7. Answer the e-mail to Noel. Use the sentences in exercise six and the sequencers (then, next, after that and later).

Responde el correo electrónico a Noel. Usa los enunciados del ejercicio seis y usa (then, next, after that y later).


## Lesson 20

## Crocodiles are endangered species



1. Complete the letters to form a word.

Completa las letras para formar una palabra

## $\underset{(a / r / f / i)}{\mathrm{G}}-\ldots-{ }^{\mathrm{fe}}$

$$
\underset{(\mathrm{e} / \mathrm{h} / / \mathrm{h} / \mathrm{a})}{\mathrm{p}}---^{\mathrm{t}}
$$



H
m $\qquad$
$\qquad$ g b $\qquad$ ( $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{i} / \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{i} / \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{u} / \mathrm{d}$ )

2. Read the text.

Lee el texto.

## Crocodiles are reptiles



Crocodiles are reptiles. They are considered an endangered species, in all parts of its North, Central, and South American range. Investigation reports say that in the United States, is almost nonexistent. Illegal hunting and habitat depletion has reduced populations of this reptile to critical levels.

Most of them are found in southern Mexico, Central America, the Caribbean, and northern South America. Their habitat is the fresh or salty water of rivers and lagoons.

Crocodile is a prehistoric-looking creature, it is distinguished by its longer, thinner nose, its light color, and it has two long teeth on the lower jaw that are visible when it closes his mouth.

Its size is about 4 to 6 meters of length. Their diet consists of small mammals, birds, fish, crabs, insects, snails, frogs, and occasionally carrion.
3. Complete the table with the information about the crocodiles. Completa la tabla con la información acerca de los cocodrilos.

| Type |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Habitat |  |
| Physical <br> characteristics |  |
| Diet |  |
| Size |  |



## Think

4. Circle in the text the words are similar in Spanish (cognates). Write them on the lines.

Encierra en el texto las palabras que son similares en español (cognados). Escríbelas sobre las líneas.

5. Complete the information about different animals.

Completa la información acerca de diferentes animales.

| Animal | Type | Diet | Habitat | Origin |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Lion | Mammal | Animals |  |  |
| Whale |  |  |  | China |
| Panda |  |  |  | Tropical rain <br> forest |
| Butterfly |  | Reptile | Insects, <br> animals |  |
| Snake |  |  |  |  |



Speak


Write
6. Work in pairs. Share your answers with your partner.

Trabaja en parejas. Comparte tus respuestas con tus compañeros.

## Lesson 21

## Elephants live in Africa



## Read

1. Show what you now about animals. Write True or False. Muestra lo que sabes de animales. Escribe verdadero o falso.

Lions are hunters. $\qquad$
Whales live in the ocean.
Parrots can swim. $\qquad$
Cows eat grass. $\qquad$
Mice love cats. $\qquad$
2. Read the text.

Lee el texto.
Elephant, a heavy animal!


Elephant is considered a mammal. It is an endangered specie. It is found in African Savannah. Elephant is coloured gray and is a very big animal. It has long trunks. It uses its trunk to take showers, to carry things and to eat. It is an extension of his lips and nose. It is used to drink water, dry their bodies, lift and hold things. The most important function of its trunk is to gather food and bring it to his mouth. It is a very heavy animal. It weights 12, 000 kilograms. It lives 60 years approximately. It drinks between 30 and 50 gallons of water a day. Elephant eats grass, leaves, fruits and seeds.
3. Answer the questions about the text.

Responde las preguntas acerca del texto.
Where does the elephant live?
What's its principal characteristic?
Does it eat meat? $\qquad$
Is it heavy?
What do you find most interesting about elephants?


## Think

4. Look at the words in bold. Answer the questions. Observa las palabras en negritas. Responde las preguntas.

In line 1 the word it refers to:
a) Africa
b) elephant
c) the text

In line 3 the word it refers to:
a) elephant
b) Africa
c) The text

In line 5 the word it refers to:
a) trunk
b) elephant
c) Africa

We use $\qquad$ to refer to animals and objects.
a) he
b) she
c) it


## Write

5. Complete the sentences with the words in the box. Words can be used more than once.

Completa los enunciados con las palabras del cuadro. Las palabras pueden ser usadas más de una vez.
he she it they

Chimpanzee is an ape. $\qquad$ lives in central Africa.


Mauricio loves spiders. $\qquad$ isn't afraid of them.

Seahorse lives in the ocean. $\qquad$ is a type of fish.


Octopus has 8 tentacles. $\qquad$ eat small animals.


Chami is a panda. $\qquad$ lives in China and eats bamboo;
$\qquad$ is its principal food.

The forest is the house of bears. $\qquad$ is full of vegetation.


Rose has a cat. $\qquad$ takes care of him.

## Lesson 22

## Do Bengal tigers live in the forest?



## Read

1. Remember your geography classes. Answer the question. Recuerda tus clases de geografía. Responde la pregunta.

Where is located India?
2. Read the dialogue.

Lee el diálogo.
Tim: Do you know Bengal tigers?
Jorge: Yes, I do, but not too much.
I have just seen them in pictures.
Does Bengal tiger love meat?
Tim: Yes, it does. They are carnivores. Jorge: Does it live in the desert?
Tim: No. It doesn't live in the desert, they live in the forest. Jorge: Please let me know more about them.
Tim: Let's read this article about Bengal tigers together.


## India, the house of the Bengal tiger

It lives in the topical forest of India. It is orange-brown with black stripes. Bengal tigers are usually solitary, they occasionally travel in groups. They live around 10 to 12 yeas. Bengal tiger in captivity can live up to 30 years.

They are pure carnivores and hunters. Bengal Tigers prefer to hunt mostly by night, but are awake in the daytime. Their color gives the tiger excellent camouflage. Tigers kill prey by a suffocation bite of the neck and then they usually drag its kill to a safe place to eat. Bengal Tigers can climb trees effectively. Bengal Tigers are also strong and frequent swimmers, often attack drinking or swimming prey. The Bengal Tiger can consume up to about 30.00 kg of meat at a time and then go without eating for days. These tigers normally hunt deer or anything above 45 kilograms, but when they are very hungry they eat frogs, crocodiles, and sometimes humans.


## 3. Circle $T$ if the sentence is True or $F$ if it is False.

Encierra en un círculo la letra $T$ si el enunciado es verdadero o la F si es falso.
Tim is talking with Ben.
They are talking about Bengal tigers.
Bengal tiger lives in India.
Bengal tiger can live more than 30 years.
They can camouflage because of its size.
They can climb trees.
Bengal tiger eats 30 kg of meat.

| T | F |
| :--- | :--- |
| T | F |
| T | F |
| T | F |
| T | F |
| T | F |
| T | F |

## Think

4. Look back to the dialogue. Choose the answer that corresponds. Regresa al diálogo. Elige la respuesta que corresponda.

When we use does to make questions, we:
a) the verb ending doesn't change
b) the verb ending changes

When we give short answers or make negative statements with does, we:
a) the verb ending doesn't change
b) the verb ending changes


Write
5. Write on the line do or does.

Escribe sobre la línea do o does.
$\qquad$ you play tenis? Yes, I do.
$\qquad$ Moncho mouse like chees? No, he doesn't. you like hot weather? No, I don't. she like insects? Yes, she does. your sister live in USA? No, she doesn't.
6. Work in pairs. Write five different questions using does about Bengal tigers. Ask your partner your questions and write the answers

Escribe cinco diferentes preguntas usando does acerca de los tigres de Bengala. Hazle a tu compañero las preguntas y escribe las respuestas.

| Questions | Answers |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1. |  |
| 2. |  |
| 3. |  |
| 4. |  |
| 5. |  |

## Lesson 23

## Where do grey whales travel in the winter?



## Read

1. Choose the option that is wrong. Elige la respuesta incorrecta.

The vampire bat don't live in Central America. It is blind an lives in humid and dark caves.
a)
b)
c)
d)
2. Read the text.

Lee el texto.

## BIG TRIP

Grey whales migrate from the cold waters of the Artic to the warm bays of Baja California. They migrate in the winter. They start their trip in October. It takes between 5 and 8 weeks to get to Magdalena Bay and San Ignacio Lagoons. They use this space to procreate and take care of their babies. The females suckle the babies until they are ready to leave. They remain there from December to April. Because of the hunt chase Grey whales became an endangered species in 1946 and Mexican authorities prohibited the hunting in the lagoons. Now a days Grey whale is not considered in danger.

3. Circle $T$ if the sentence is True or $F$ if it is False.

Encierra en un círculo la letra $T$ si el enunciado es verdadero o la $F$ si es falso.

Gray whales live in the Tropic.
They travel in the winter.
They start their trip in September.
They stay in Baja California Bays.
Now a day they are an endangered species.

| $T$ | $F$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $T$ | $F$ |
| $T$ | $F$ |
| $T$ | $F$ |
| $T$ | $F$ |



Think
4. Go back to the text. Choose the answer that corresponds.

Regresa al texto. Elige la respuesta que corresponde.
In line 2 the word they refers to:
a) the Artic
b) grey whales
c) lagoons

In line 4 the word they refers to:
a) grey whales
b) ocean
c) lagoons

In line 6 the word they refers to:
a) ocean
b) grey whales
c) lagoons

We use $\qquad$ to refer to plurals for women, men, animals and objects.
a) it
b) they
c) she

We use wh- questions to ask about:
a) lifestyle
b) colors
c) verbs


## Write

5. Work in pairs. Read each sentence about an animal. Form a question for each statement. Guess what animal is.

Trabaja en parejas. Lee cada enunciado y formula preguntas acerca de un animal. Adivina qué animal es.

| Questions | Answers | What am I? |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Where do they live? | They live in the ocean. |  |
|  | They are a type of fish. |  |
|  | They are the only specie <br> that the male gets <br> pregnant. |  |
|  | They are found in tropical <br> and temperate waters. |  |
|  | They eat plankton, <br> shrimps and crustaceans. |  |
|  | They are unusual <br> because of its equine <br> shape. |  |


| Questions | Answers | What am I? |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | They are marsupials. |  |
|  | They are fat and hairy, <br> most of them are gray. |  |
|  | They are found in <br> Australia. |  |
|  | They do not drink much <br> water. |  |
|  | They sleep 18 hours per <br> day. |  |



## Speak


6. Share with other classmates your questions and your conclusions about the animal you think it is.

Comparte con otros compañeros tus preguntas y conclusiones acerca del animal que ustedes piensan que es.

## Lesson 24

## Mini Check



## Read

1. Write on the line the missing words. Escribe en la línea las palabras que faltan.
0 \%
50 \%
75 \%
85 \%
100\%
never $\qquad$
$\qquad$ always

| sometimes | usually | often |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

2. Read the text. Lee el texto.


I always wake up at 5:00 o'clock. I take a shower, then I take breakfast and after that I get ready to go to work. Then I go to the restaurant at 7:00 o'clock. I often go to the market and buy vegetables, fruits, meat and everything I need to cook. When I come back to the restaurant I set the day menu and give instructions to the cooks. I change the menu every day. After that we start cooking. At 2:00 o'clock people usually arrives for lunch. When we finish serving approximately at 5:00 o'clock the cooks start cleaning the area and I get ready to leave. Then when I get home I usually take a walk with Penny, that's my dog. It is a French poodle. He is always waiting for me. Later I get ready to go to bed.
3. Answer the questions about the text.

Responde las preguntas acerca del texto.
How often he wakes up at 5:00 o'clock?
Does he usually take a shower before breakfast?
What time does he get to the restaurant?
Does he usually go to the market?
What does he do at the restaurant?
How often he takes a walk with Penny?
Does Penny is a dog?

## Think

4. Look at the text. Complete the table.

Observa el texto. Completa la tabla.

| Frequency <br> adverbs | Pronouns | Verbs in <br> present simple | Sequencers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |



Write
5. Order the words to form a question. Answer them with true information.

Ordena las palabras para formar una pregunta. Respóndelas con información verdadera.

1. eat/ What/ your/ pet/does/?
2. often/ to/ you/ parties/ go/ How/ do/?
3. you/ usually/ Do/ celebrate/ birthday/ your/ ?
4. your/ Where/ do/ grandparents/ live/ ?
5. Write the true sentences about yourself. Use frequency adverbs.

Escribe enunciados verdaderos acerca de ti. Usa adverbios de frecuencia.
I $\qquad$ get up late to go to school.
I $\qquad$ get up early every weekend.
 take a shower at night.
$\qquad$ read the newspaper.
$\qquad$ watch romantic movies.
I listen to rock music.
$\qquad$ swim in the winter.
$\qquad$ play with my friends.

## Lesson 25

## Project: Come and visit our school zoo. Part one



## Read

1. A project work is to help students to build up their English vocabulary. It has to collect all the words they can find outside the classroom.

Un proyecto de trabajo sirve para que los estudiantes construyan su vocabulario en inglés. Éste debe ayudar a recopilar palabras que se usan fuera del salón de clases.
2. A project work is used to describe activities done in the classroom which asks the students to use their general knowledge and information to do something and to find out information and to present it to the class.

Un proyecto es utilizado para describir actividades hechas dentro del salón de clases en el cual se invita al estudiante a usar sus conocimientos e información para hacer algo y presentarlo frente a la clase.
3. Discuss with your classmates about what animals would you like to present in your zoo.

Discute con tus compañeros acerca de qué animales les gustaría presentar en su zoológico.
4. Work in pairs. Choose an animal you like.

Trabaja en parejas. Elige un animal que te guste.
5. Look at the table.

Observa la tabla.

| $\bullet$ Brochures | The animal that live in your zoo. |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\bullet$ Information about the animals | Lay out with the relevant information <br> about an animal. |
| $\bullet$ Invitation | Why don't you come to our zoo <br> school? |
| $\bullet$ Presentation | Exhibition of the zoo. |

6. Gather information about the animal you choose.

Recopila información acerca del animal que elegiste.

## Lesson 26

## Project: Come and visit our school zoo. Part two



Make a brochure or advertisement.
Produce un folleto o anuncio

1. Prewriting.

Antes de escribir.

- Choose a topic.
- Gather specific details.

2. Writing.

Escribiendo.

- Get a sheet of paper.

- Divide the sheet in three parts of the same size.
- Fold the sheet.
- Write specific details (example: gorilla- is an animal similar to human, it is a mammal, etc.).
- Mark with bold, underlined, etc. the important words.
- Illustrate your brochure.


3. Revising.

Revisando.

- Read your draft to your partner.
- Let your partner read the draft.
- To verify the details are important.
- Correct and edit.
- Did I capitalize the first letter of the proper nouns?
- Did I begin titles and initials with capital letters?
- Did I misspell some words? Look for the correct spelling in a dictionary.

4. Publishing.

Publicando.

- Glue or draw the images of your subject on the folded sheet
- Share your brochure with your classmate (you can photocopy your brochure and distribute it in your school).
- Paste the brochure on the windows or in the bulletin board.


## Lesson 27

## Project: Come and visit our school zoo. Part three



Make a layout.
Elabora un formato.

1. Prewriting.

Antes de escribir.

- Gather specific details about the animal you have chosen.

2. Writing.

Escribiendo.

- Get a sheet of paper or construction paper.
- Draw a layout.

| Type |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Origin |  |
| Habitat |  |
| Physical <br> characteristics |  |
| Diet |  |
| Size |  |
| Endangered <br> specie |  |

- Complete the layout with the information you gathered.
- Write the most information try to be short and specific.
- Think about an illustration and make a layout of it.

3. Revising.

Revisando.

- Read your draft to your partner.
- Let your partner read the draft.
- To verify the information you include is important.
- Correct and edit.
- Did I capitalize the first letter of the proper nouns?
- Did I begin titles and initials with capital letters?
- Did I misspell some words? Look for the correct spelling in a dictionary.

4. Publishing. Publicando.

- Work in the playground.
- Get chalks or pencils different colors and construction paper.
- Make a picture of the animal you choose.
- The picture of the animal must be big size.
- Be creative when you make your picture.
- Use different materials for example recyclable.
- Write the information of the animal.



## Lesson 28

Project: Come and visit our school zoo. Part four


Read
Design an invitation to the zoo.
Diseña una invitación para ir al zoológico.

1. Prewriting.

Antes de escribir.

- Gather specific details.

2. Writing.

Escribiendo.

- Write a draft.
- Write the most information try to be short and specific.
- Think about an illustration and make a layout of it.


## Example:


3. Revising.

Revisando.

- Read your draft to your partner.
- Let your partner read the draft.
- To verify the information you include is important.
- Correct and edit.
- Did I capitalize the first letter of the proper nouns?
- Did I begin titles and initials with capital letters?
- Did I misspell some words? Look for the correct spelling in a dictionary.

4. Publishing. Publicando.

- Make enough copies so that everyone can have one.
- Publish your invitation.
- Make enough copies to the people that are coming to the zoo.
- Organize the visit to the zoo.
- Receive people in your zoo.


## Lesson 29

## Review. Part one



Write

1. Choose the letter that corresponds to each clock. Elige la letra que corresponde a cada reloj.

What time is it?

( )

( )

a) It's a quarter to eight. It's seven forty five.
c) It's six past six.

It's six six.
e) It's half past five.

It's five thirty.
g) It's five to eleven.

It's ten fifty five.

( )
b) It's three o'clock.
d) It's half past eight. It's eight thirty.
f) It's nine past twelve. It's twelve nine.
h) It's a quarter past six. It's six fifteen.
2. Circle the option that corresponds to the image.

Encierra en un círculo la opción que corresponde a la imagen.

1) What does she do?
a) washes her hands. b) She cooks.

2) What does he do?
a) He takes a shower.
b) He goes to work.

3) What does he do?
a) He reads newspaper.
b) He eats breakfast.

4) What does she do?
a) She comes back home
b) She reads a book.

5) What does he do?
a) He watches T.V.
b) He goes to bed.

3. Complete the chart. Use the words in the box.

Completa la tabla. Usa las palabras del cuadro.

| have | get | take | do | come |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| go | play | have | help | have |
|  | go | cook | watch |  |


| Hello l'm Juan. I |
| :--- |
| up at six |
| o'clock in the |
| morning from |
| Monday to Friday. | | shower at six |
| :--- |
| sifteen. |

4. Look at the chart and complete the information.

Observa la tabla y completa la información.


| Name | Genre | Classification | Country | Time |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I love to hate <br> you |  |  |  |  |
|  | Comedy |  |  |  |
|  |  | B |  |  |
|  |  |  | USA |  |
|  |  |  |  | 7:30 p.m., 8:55 <br> p.m. |
|  |  |  |  |  |

5. Write on the line the missing words.

Escribe sobre la línea las palabras faltantes.

$\qquad$ the $\qquad$

$\qquad$ the afternoon

$\qquad$ the $\qquad$
6. Complete the chart. Use the words on the box. Completa la tabla. Usa las palabras del cuadro.

| my teeth a shower to school breakfast dressed |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| up dinner | to the park to bed |
| to church my mother's car | English lessons |


| Go |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Get |  |
| Have |  |
| Walk |  |
| Wash |  |
| Take |  |

## Lesson 30

## Review. Part two



1. Complete the text with the verbs in the box. Write the verbs in the form that corresponds.

Completa el texto con los verbos del cuadro. Escribe los verbos en la forma que corresponda.

| take | get up | do | start | eat |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| have | get | go | take | have |

Jennifer Gomez has a very busy day. She $\qquad$ at 7:30 a.m. then she $\qquad$ a shower. After that she $\qquad$ dressed then she $\qquad$ breakfast. At 8:30 a.m. she $\qquad$ to work. She $\qquad$ a secretary. She $\qquad$ calling her boss to remind him about an appointment at 9:30 a.m. with a transnational company. She $\qquad$ lunch at 2:00 o'clock. Later she goes back home. At 7:00 p.m. she $\qquad$ aerobics. Then she $\qquad$ a bath and then goes to bed.
2. Look at the chart. Complete the information.

Observa la tabla. Completa la información.

|  | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday | Sunday |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Susan | Get up <br> early | Get up <br> early | Get up <br> early | Get up <br> early | Get up <br> early | Clean <br> her room | Go to visit her <br> grandparents |
| Peter | Watch TV | Read a <br> book | Listen to <br> music | Go to the <br> movies | Visit <br> friends | Watch <br> TV | Clean the <br> house |

Susan $\qquad$ from Monday to Friday.
Peter $\qquad$ on Monday.
Susan $\qquad$ Ton Saturdays.
Peter $\qquad$ on Tuesdays.
Susan $\qquad$ on Wednesday.
Susan doesn't $\qquad$ on Saturdays.
Peter on Thursdays.
Peter doesn't $\qquad$ on Saturday.
Peter and Susan don't $\qquad$ on Tuesday.
3. Complete the sentences with do or does.
Completa los enunciados con do o does.
$\qquad$ you do exercise? Yes, I $\qquad$ . Laura love English lessons? Yes, she $\qquad$ .
4. Complete the sentences with the prepositions in, on or at. Completa los enunciados con las preposociones in, on o at.
I often do exercise ___ the morning.
I usually have an apple for breakfast $\qquad$ 7:00 o'clock. I never go to parties $\qquad$ Tuesday.
I like to watch TV night.
She goes to school $\qquad$ Saturdays.
5. Complete the sentences with your information.
Completa los enunciados con tu información.
I always $\qquad$ .
I usually $\qquad$ .
I often $\qquad$ .
I sometimes $\qquad$ -.
I never $\qquad$ -
6. Write the questions to the following answers.

Escribe las preguntas para las siguientes respuestas.
? ?
I always brush my teeth.

They live in the ocean.

I usually eat eggs for breakfast.

No, I don't. I'm afraid of water.
?
Lucy likes to eat vegetables and fruits.

Mario never eats fish.
?
The Bengal tiger lives in India.
7. Write a paragraph about someone you know. Escribe un párrafo acerca de una persona que conozcas.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Answer key/ Respuestas

## Lesson 7: <br> Mini Check

Page/ página 264
1.

Quarter past ten 10:15
Half past two $\underline{\underline{2: 30}}$
Four fifty six $\underline{4: 56}$
Page/página 265
3.

Jessica is happy about speaking with Nikki. T
Nikki starts school at nine 8 o'clock in the afternoon. F
Nikki does homework at night. F
On Saturdays, Nikki goes to visit her grandparents. T
On Saturdays, Jessica goes to visit her grandparents. T
4.

| At $\ldots$ | On ... | In ... |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8 o'clock | Saturdays | The morning |
| Three or three trirty | weekends | The afternoon |
| Half past eight |  |  |

Pages/páginas 266-267
5.

What time is it now?
What time do you ....?
6.

It's five past seven.
It's five to seven. In the morning.
It's twenty past four. In the afternoon It's twenty to four.

It's half past eight. In the evening
It's half to eight.
It's thirty five past ten. In the morning
It's thirty five to ten.
It's quarter past nine.
It's quarter to ten. In the morning

## Lesson 14

Mini Check
Page/página 289
1.
a) Who's the writer? Linda Perry
b) Who's the recipient? Charly

Page/ página 291
4.

| Activities | Verbs in simple <br> present 3rd <br> person | Questions | Negative <br> statements |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| wake up | Takes | do you practice <br> sports? | you don't have a <br> computer |
| take a shower | Teaches | do you have <br> brothers or <br> sisters? | I don't have juice <br> or eggs |
| have breakfast |  |  |  |
| go to school |  |  |  |
| go to swim |  |  |  |
| play basketball |  |  |  |

Page/página 292
5.

1) He has breakfast
2) She plays the piano
3) He does his homework
4) She takes the bus
5) He goes to school
6) He watches TV
7) She listens to music
8) She cooks a cake

## Lesson 24

Mini Check
Page/página 324
1.

| $0 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $85 \%$ | $100 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| never | $\underline{\text { sometimes }}$ | $\underline{\text { often }}$ | $\underline{\text { usually }}$ | always |

Page/página 326
4.

| Frequency <br> adverbs | Pronouns | Verbs in <br> present simple | Sequencers |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Always <br> usually <br> Often | I | wake up <br> take a shower <br> get ready <br> go to <br> buy <br> set | Then <br> After that <br> Later |
|  |  | give <br> change <br> start <br> arrive <br> finish <br> take a walk |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Page/página 326-327
5.

1. eat/ What/ your/ pet/does/?

What does your pet eat?
2. often/to/ you/ parties/ go/ How/ do/?

How often do you go to parties?
3. you/ usually/ Do/ celebrate/ birthday/ your/?

Do you usually celebrate your birthday?
4. your/ Where/ do/ grandparents/ live/ ?

Where do your grandparents live?
5. vegetables/ eat/ you/ Do/ regularly/?

Do you eat vegetables regularly?

## Review

## Lesson 29

Page/página 334
1.

What time is it?

(b)

( d )

(a)

( c )

(h)

( g )

( f )

( e )

Page/página 335
2.

1) What does she do?
a) washes her hands.
2) What does he do?
a) He takes a shower.
3) What does he do?
b) He eats breakfast.
4) What does she do?
b) She reads a book.
5) What does he do?
a) He watches T.V.

Page/página 336
3.

| Hello I'm Juan. I |
| :--- |
| get up at six |
| o'clock in the |
| orning from |
| Monday to Friday. |
| six fifteen. | | Then, I have |
| :--- |
| breakfast at seven |
| o'clock. | | I go to school at |
| :--- |
| half past seven. |

Page/página 337
4.

| Name | Genre | Classification | Country | Time |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I love to hate you | Drama | B | France | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 6:15 p.m., } \\ & \text { 8:00 p.m. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Funny little frog | Comedy | A | France | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 5:30 p.m., } \\ & \text { 6:45 p.m. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Take it or leave it | Action | B | USA | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 5:40 p.m. 7:25 } \\ & \text { p.m. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Max the mouse | Cartoon | A | USA | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4:40 p.m. } \\ & \text { 6:10 p.m. } \end{aligned}$ |
| You're the one for me | Romance | B | England | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 7:30 p.m. } \\ & \text { 8:55 p.m. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Zapata, the true story | Documentary | A | Mexico | 6:30 p.m. |

Page/página 338
5.

6.

| Go | to church, to bed, to school |
| :--- | :--- |
| Get | dressed, up |
| Have | breakfast, dinner |
| Walk | to school, to the park |
| Wash | my teeth, my mother's car |
| Take | a shower, English lessons |

## Review

## Lesson 30

Page/página 339
1.

Jennifer Gomez has a very busy day. She gets up at 7:30 a.m. then she takes a shower. After that she gets dressed then she has breakfast. At 8:30 a.m. she goes to work. She is a secretary. She starts calling her boss to remind him about an appointment at 9:30 a.m. with a transnational company. She eats lunch at 2:00 o'clock. Later she goes back home. At 7:00 p.m. she does aerobics. Then she takes a bath and then goes to bed.

Page/página 340
2.

Susan gets up early from Monday to Friday.
Peter watches TV on Monday.
Susan cleans her room on Saturdays.
Peter reads a book on Tuesdays.
Susan goes to visit her grandparents on Sundays.
Peter listens to music on Wednesday.
Susan doesn't get up early, go to visit her grandparents on Saturdays.
Peter goes to the movies on Thursdays.
Peter doesn't visit friends, read a book, etc. on Saturday.
Peter and Susan don't watch TV, clean the house, etc. on Tuesday.
3.

Do you like classic music? Yes I do.
Luis does not like vegetables.
Mary does not speak French.
I do not go to parties. I do not like dancing.
Do you do exercise? Yes, I do.
Does Laura love English lessons? Yes, she does.
4.

I often do exercise in the morning.
I usually have an apple for breakfast at 7:00 o'clock.
I never go to parties on Tuesday.
I like to watch TV at night.
She goes to school on Saturdays.
Page/página 341
6.

How often do you brush your teeth?
Where do they live?
What do you eat for breakfast?
Do you like to swim?
What does Lucy like to eat?
How often does Mario eat fish?
Where does the Bengal tiger live?

## Materiales de apoyo

| Temas | Material sugerido |
| :--- | :--- |
| Puedes consultar estas páginas | • www. bbc.co.uk |
| a lo largo de toda la unidad 4. | • www.afterschool.gov |
|  | • www.epals.com |
|  | • www.kidsplanet.org |
|  | • www.animaland.org |
|  | • Programa Enciclomedia para |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## Bibliografía

Amieva, M., et. al., English 1, México, Santillana, 2006.
Celorio, G., Smash! 1, Teacher's Resource Book, México, Richmond Publishing, 1997.

Domínguez, E., et al., Connections one. Student's Book, México, Nuevo México, 2006.

Emilsson, E., et al., Dialogues. English 1, México, Fondo de Cultura Económica, 2002.

Luna, M., et. al., Explore 1, Teacher's guide, México, Macmillan Heinemann, 2002.

Philip, H., et al., A Crossroads, México, Oxford, 2006.
Programas de Estudio. Educación básica. Secundaria. Lengua extranjera Inglés, México, SEP, 2006.


## Unit 5

Places and buildings/Lugares y edificios

5

## Places and buildings/Lugares y edificios

## Purpose/Propósito

El propósito de esta unidad es capacitar a los estudiantes a describir el lugar de donde ellos u otras personas viven, y cómo pedir y dar direcciones.

## Topics/Temas

Lesson 1 Welcome to Puebla
Lesson 2 I'm looking for a greengrocer
Lesson 3 A brochure with interesting places
Lesson 4 Is there a bank near here?
Lesson 5 Where is the bank?
Lesson 6 This is a map of my town
Lesson 7 Mini Check
Lesson 8 The park is on Allende Street
Lesson 9 Look at the map
Lesson 10 Go straight, turn left, turn right
Lesson 11 Welcome to my school
Lesson 12 How can I get to the gas station?
Lesson 13 How can I get to The Palace of Fine Arts?
Lesson 14 Mini Check
Lesson 15 How can I get to your house?
Lesson 16 Project: A travel brochure. Part one
Lesson 17 Project: A travel brochure. Part two
Lesson 18 Project: A travel brochure. Part three
Lesson 19 Project: A travel brochure. Part four
Lesson 20 Project: A travel brochure. Part five
Lesson 21 Review
21 sessions, 7 weeks/ 21 sesiones, 7 semanas

## Lesson 1

## Welcome to Puebla



## Read

1. Write the place of the city where are located these zoos.

Escribe el nombre de la ciudad donde se ubican estos zoológicos.

2. Read the dialogue and circle the cognates.

Lee el diálogo y encierra los cognados.

Lorena: Hello. I'm Lorena. What's your name?
Martha: Hello. I'm Martha. Nice too meet you.
Lorena: Nice to meet you too. Are you new in the town?
Martha: Yes, I moved with my family last week.
Lorena: Welcome to Puebla. Where are you from?
Martha: I'm from Mexico City.
Lorena: Oh! It's very close to here, but l've never visited it. What does it look like?
Martha: It's a beautiful and big place. It has many malls, museums, markets, theatres, parks, supermarkets and more. And what about Puebla?
Lorena: Well, it's small City, but it has a big mall, a beautiful cathedral, many churches and a very famous zoo where the animals live free. It is called Safari.
Martha: Mexico City also has a famous zoo. It is called Chapultepec.


Write
3. Answer the questions.

Contesta las preguntas.
a) Where's Martha from?
b) Where's Lorena from?
c) What does Puebla look like?
d) What does Mexico City look like? $\qquad$
e) Where's Safari zoo?
f) Where's Chapultepec zoo? $\qquad$

Think
4. Circle the answer that corresponds.

Circula la respuesta que corresponda.
A) This words are similar in two different languages and their meaning is the same.
a) verbs
b) cognates
c) numbers

5. Answer the questions with your information. Contesta las preguntas con tu información.
a) What's your name? $\qquad$
b) Where are you from? $\qquad$
c) What's the name of your town? $\qquad$
d) What does it look like? $\qquad$
e) Do you like it? $\qquad$ Why?
6. Draw the place where you live and describe it.

Dibuja el lugar donde vives y descríbelo.

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Lesson 2

## I'm looking for a greengrocer



## Read

1. Look at the pictures and complete the sentence. Observa los dibujos y completa el enunciado.
a) It is the place where you can buy vegetables and fruits. $\qquad$


A sweet store


A pharmacy


A greengrocer
2. Read the dialogue. Lee el diálogo.

Lorena: Hi, Martha. Where are you going?
Martha: I'm looking for a greengrocer, my mom needs some tomatoes. Can you tell where can I find one?
Lorena: Yes, of course. There's a greengrocer next to the post office. I have an idea, I'm going to show you some of the stores in the town.
Martha: That's a good idea.
Lorena: Look, over there is an office supply and a sweet store. If you don't have a computer there is an Internet cafe. Also there is a library between the market and the bank.
Martha: Is there a book store near here?
Lorena: Yes, there is one next to the pharmacy. Also there is a big hospital.
Martha: Yes, I know. My father works there. He's a doctor.


## Write

3. Write True or False.

Escribe True (verdadero) o False (falso)
a) Lorena is looking for a greengrocer.
b) Martha's mother needs some tomatoes.
c) The greengrocer is next to the post office.
d) Lorena's father is a doctor.
e) Lorena helps Martha to find a greengrocer.


## Think

4. Complete the sentences. Completa los enunciados.
a) We use the article $\qquad$ with the next word begins with a vowel sound.
b) We use the article $\qquad$ when the next word begins with a consonant sound.


## Write

5. Match the images with the words. Write a or an. Relaciona las imágenes con las palabras. Escribe a o an.

## Example:



| office museum |  | Italian restaurant |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| internet cafe | bank | school |



6. Write about the public places in your neighbourhood and draw them. Escribe sobre los lugares públicos que hay en tu colonia y dibújalos.


In my neighbourhood there is $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Lesson 3

## A brochure with interesting places



## Read

1. Choose an option and write the missing word. Elige una opción y escribe la palabra que falta.
a) e-mail
b) letter
c) brochure

Lorena: Hi Martha. Guess what? I have something for you.
Martha: Really? What is it?
Lorena: It's a $\qquad$ about Puebla. I hope you like it.
2. Read the information.

Lee la información.

3. Answer the questions.

Contesta las preguntas.
a) Where is Puebla?
b) What does Puebla look like?
c) Write the places you can visit in Puebla $\qquad$
d) What's the name of the place where animals live free?
e) What can you do in traditional markets? $\qquad$


## Think

4. Complete the sentence.

Completa el enunciado.
a) We use the definite article $\qquad$ when we talk about a specific thing in singular or plural. For example:
the apples

the skirt

the shoes

the car

a) Write the meaning of the in Spanish.

5. Complete the sentences with a, an, the.

Completa los enunciados con a, an, the.
a) $\qquad$ biggest mall in Puebla is Angelopolis.
b) There is $\qquad$ Italian restaurant next to the bank.
c) In $\qquad$ market you can eat traditional dishes.
d) Safari is a zoo where $\qquad$ animals live free.
e) Puebla is $\qquad$ good option to have a wonderful vacation.
6. Make a brochure about a place you like and know. Follow the example from exercise two.

Elabora un folleto acerca de un lugar que te guste y que conozcas. Sigue el ejemplo del ejercicio dos.
$\square$

## Lesson 4

Is there a bank near here?


Read

1. Complete the series of numbers.

Completa la serie de números.

| 10th |
| :--- |
| 9th Nineth |
| 8th |
| 7th Seventh |
| 6th |
| 5th |
| 4th Fourth |
| 3er Third |
| 2nd |
| 1st First |

2. Read the dialogue and write on the lines the missing words. Lee el diálogo y escribe sobre las líneas las palabras que faltan.

Martha's mother: Excuse me. Is there a beauty parlor in this mall?
Woman: Yes, there is one on the second floor.
Martha's mother: And, are there any shoe stores?
Woman: Yes, there are three on the third floor.
Martha's mother: Is there a bank over here?
Woman: Yes, there is one on the first floor and one in the fourth floor.
Martha's woman: Is there a post office?
Woman: No, there isn't.
Martha's mother: Are there any restaurants on the first floor?
Woman: No, there aren't. They are on the fifth floor.

3. Answer the questions.

Contesta las preguntas.
a) Is there a bank on the first floor?
b) Is there a restaurant on the fourth floor?
c) Are there three shoe stores on the third floor?
d) Are there two post offices on the second floor? $\qquad$
e) Is there a beauty parlor on the fifth floor? $\qquad$
f) Where's the beauty parlour? $\qquad$


## Think

4. Classify the words in bold in the dialogue.

Clasifica las palabras en negritas en el diálogo.

|  | Singular | Plural |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Question |  |  |
| affirmative <br> Answer <br> negative |  |  |
|  |  |  |



## Speak

5. Interview a classmate.

Entrevista a un compañero.
a) What's your name?
b) What's the name of your town?
c) Is there a supermarket in your town?
d) Are there any shoe stores in your town?
e) Is there a market in your town?
f) Is there a hospital in your town?
g) Are there any schools in your town?

6. Use the information from exercise five to write a text. Usa la información del ejercicio cinco para escribir un texto.

## Example:

In Angelica's town there are three schools. Also there is a park and a big library. There isn't any mall but there is a supermarket. There are five shoe stores...
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Lesson 5

## Where is the bank?



## Read

1. Write the missing public places according to the dialogue.

Escribe los lugares públicos que faltan de acuerdo con el diálogo.

2. Read the dialogue.

Lee el diálogo.
Martha's father: Excuse me. Is there a bank near here?
Policeman: Yes, there is one on Zaragoza street.
Martha's father: And where is Zaragoza street?
Policeman: It's three blocks from here.
Martha's father: Thanks. Is there a book store over here?
Policeman: Yes, there is one next to the bank.
Martha's father: Finally, where can I buy some tourist brochures?
Policeman: In the tourist information stand. There's one in front of the market.
Martha's father: Thank you very much.


## Write

3. Write True or False. Escribe True (verdadero) o False (falso).
a) Martha's father is asking for a park.
b) There is a book store on Zaragoza street.
c) There is a bank next to the market.
d) The tourist information stand is next to the bank.
e) The book store is in front of the tourist information stand.

## Think

4. Write expressions used to ask for a place. Use the information in the dialogue.

Escribe las expresiones utilizadas para preguntar por un lugar. Usa la información en el diálogo.
a) $\qquad$
b)

c) $\qquad$

5. Order the sentences to write a dialogue. Ordena las oraciones para hacer un diálogo.

How can I get there?
Thanks. I prefer walking.

Excuse me. Where's the nearest supermarket?

You can walk for six blocks or take a taxi.
It's on Nelson Avenue.
Lulu:
Policeman: $\qquad$
Lulu: $\qquad$
Policeman: $\qquad$
Lulu: $\qquad$


## Speak

6. Work in pairs. Act out the dialogue from exercise five. Trabaja en parejas. Actúa el diálogo del ejercicio cinco.

## Lesson 6

## This is a map of my town



## Read

1. Read the e-mail and put a $\sqrt{ }$ next to the map of Martha's neighbourhood. Lee el correo electrónico y escribe $\square$ junto al mapa de la colonia de Martha.


## $\square$ map 1

2. Read the e-mail.

Lee el correo electrónico.
Martha's mother: What are you doing Martha?
Martha: I'm writing an e-mail to my friend Susana in Mexico City.
凹 $\checkmark \leftarrow \quad \square \square \square \boxtimes \square$

From: martha@cooltown.com
To: susana@meetme.com
Subject: Greetings from Puebla

## Dear Susana,

I want to tell you about my new home in Puebla. The town where I live is nice. There is a big hospital where my father works. There is a market where my mom buys all they need to cook. There is a park and sometimes I go to play with my new friend Lorena. The school where I study is beautiful and there are many teachers, they are friendly and nice. There are many office supplies to buy all the materials I need for my homework. There is a small church. In Puebla there are a lot of them. There are two banks and there is one Internet cafe. I miss you a lot. I hope you're O.K.

3. Answer the questions.

Contesta las preguntas.
a) What does Martha's father do?
b) Where do Martha and her family live now?
c) What are Martha's teachers like?
d) Write some of the places there are in Martha's town.
e) Where do Martha and Lorena go to play?


## Think

4. Complete the chart.

Completa el cuadro.

|  | Affirmative | Negative |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Singular |  | There isn't |
| Plural |  | There aren't |


5. Put a $\square$ next to the public places there are in your town.

Escribe $\square$ junto a los lugares públicos que hay en tu comunidad.
$\square$ a bank
$\square$ a library
an office supply
a school
$\square$ a hospital
$\square$ an Internet cafe
$\square$ a church
$\square$ a pharmacy
a market
$\square$ a park
$\square$ a bakery
$\square$ an Italian restaurant
6. Imagine you are going to send an e-mail to your friend in another City. Draw a map of your town including the places you ticked and complete the email.

Imagina que vas a mandar un correo electrónico a un amigo en otra ciudad. Dibuja un mapa de tu pueblo incluyendo los lugares que marcaste y completa el correo electrónico.


| 区 $\checkmark \leqslant$ | $\square \square \square \square \square^{\square}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| From: |  |
| To: |  |
| Subject: |  |

Dear $\qquad$
I want to tell you about my town. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Regards

## Lesson 7

## Mini Check



## Read

1. Underline the cognates in the text.

Subraya los cognados del texto
2. Read the information.

Lee la información.

## VISIT MEXICO CITY

Mexico is the biggest City in the world. There are many interesting museums, beautiful old houses and monuments on many streets in downtown. Also there are many beautiful parks, a big zoo, lots of modern shopping malls and excellent restaurants of typical Mexican food and international food. There is a big airport for visitors from all the Mexican Republic and from other countries. Also there are many friendly people.



## Write

3. Write True or False.

Escribe True (verdadero) o False (falso).
a) Mexico is the biggest City in the World.
b) In Mexico City there are many airports.
c) There is just one restaurant in Mexico City.
d) People from other countries visit Mexico City.
e) The museums in Mexico City are interesting.


Think
4. Complete the sentence.

Completa el enunciado.
a) These words are synonyms and we use them when we talk about something in abundance. $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ .


## Write

5. Match the items with the stores that correspond.

Relaciona los artículos con las tiendas que correspondan.

Bookstore

Shoe store

Bakery


Office supply
6. Read the text and write on the lines the missing words in the building.

Lee el texto y escribe sobre las líneas las palabras que faltan en el edificio.

In this big shopping mall there are many places. On the first floor there are two banks and a restaurant. On the second floor there is a nice beauty parlor and a gymnasium. On the third floor there are lots of cloth stores. On the fourth floor there is one pharmacy and a supermarket On the fifth floor there is a bakery and a cafeteria. On the sixth floor there is a big parking lot.


## Lesson 8

## The park is on Allende Street



## Read

1. Write the corresponding words below the pictures. Use the prepositions: between, next to, on, in front of and the expression on the corner of.

Escribe las palabras correspondientes debajo de los dibujos. Usa las preposiciones: next to, on, in front of y la expresión on the corner of.

2. Read the dialogue. Lee el diálogo.

Martha's father: Martha, do you know where's the pharmacy? I need buy some medicines.
Martha: Yes, it's next to the book store.
Martha's father: I also need to go to the bank. Where can I find one?
Martha: There are two in the town. They're on Zapata Street. One of them is on the corner of Zapata Street and Morelos Avenue. The other one is at the end of the street. Dad, can I go to play to the park with Lorena?
Martha's father: Where's the park?
Martha: It's on Allende Street, in front of the book store.
Martha's father: I can see you know the town very well.
Martha: Yes, my new friend Lorena showed it to me.
Martha's father: Yes, you can go to the park but be carefully.


## Write

3. Answer the questions.

Contesta las preguntas.
a) Where's the book store?
b) How many banks are there in the town?
c) Where's the park? $\qquad$
d) Who is Martha's new friend? $\qquad$
e) Where are the banks? $\qquad$


## Think

4. Complete the answers.

Completa las respuestas.
Singular:
a) Where's the market? $\qquad$ between the library and the office supply.
Plural:
b) Where are the banks? $\qquad$ on Zapata Street.


## Write

5. Use the words in bold from exercise two and write them on the place that corresponds.

Utiliza las palabras en negritas del ejercicio dos y escribelas en el lugar que les corresponda.

| Post office |
| :--- |
| Green grocer |
| Office suply |



## Speak

6. Work in pairs to ask and answer about the places located in the map from exercise five. Follow the example.

Trabaja en parejas para preguntar y responder acerca de los lugares ubicados en el mapa del ejercicio cinco. Sigue el ejemplo.



Student B

Student A

## Lesson 9

## Look at the map



## Read

1. Underline the corresponding answer. Subraya la respuesta correspondiente.
A) What kind of text is it?
a) A brochure
b) An advertisement
2. Read the advertisement.

Lee el anuncio.
Martha: Look mom, there is a new shop in the town. Martha's mother: Let me see.



## Write

3. Answer the questions.

Contesta las preguntas.
a) What's the name of the shop? $\qquad$
b) When does the shop open? $\qquad$
c) What kind of people is the shop for?
d) What can you buy in the shop?
e) What does the advertisement include to get to the shop?


## Think

4. Read the sentences.

Lee los enunciados.
a) The shop opens on Sunday.
b) The shop is on Juarez Street.
c) This word has different meaning because of the context.

5. Match the columns.

Relaciona las columnas.
$\qquad$ In this store you can buy chocolate doughnuts and bread.
$\qquad$ In this store you can buy aspirins, alcohol and bandages. Is the store where you buy tomatoes, potatoes and carrots. If you need some sheets of paper, or a pencil you can go to this store. If you need a new pair of shoes you can visit this store. Is the store where you can buy books.
a) A greengrocer.
b) An office supply.
c) A bakery.
d) A pharmacy.
e) A book store.
f) A shoe store.
6. Choose one of the stores. Create an advertisement similar to the one in exercise two. Make a map to get there.

Elige una de las tiendas. Crea un anuncio similar al del ejercicio dos. Haz un mapa para llegar ahí.

## Lesson 10

## Go straight, turn left, turn right



## Read

1. Write the words under the corresponding signal. Escribe las palabras debajo de la señal correspondiente.

2. Read the dialogue.

Lee el diálogo.
Ring, ring.
Martha: Hello.
Lorena: Hi Martha. This is Lorena. Do you know about the new cloth store in the town?
Martha: Yes, I have an advertisement about it.
Lorena: How can I get there?
Martha: From the monument go straight on Sonora Street. Turn right on Chiapas Avenue. Go straight and turn left on Veracruz Street. Go straight and turn left again on Yucatan Avenue. It's next to the bakery. Would you like to visit the store with my mom and me?
Lorena: Yes, of course.


## Write

3. Answer the questions.

Contesta las preguntas.
a) Go straight in your Spanish means: $\qquad$
b) Turn left in Spanish means: $\qquad$
c) Turn right in Spanish means: $\qquad$
d) Does Lorena have and advertisement of the new store? $\qquad$
e) Who is Lorena going to visit the new store with? $\qquad$


## Think

4. Underline the corresponding answer.

Subraya la respuesta correspondiente.
A) The expressions in bold in the dialogue are...
a) suggestions.
b) directions.
c) adjectives.


## Write

5. Read the directions, mark the way with a different color and write the place where you get.

Lee las direcciones, marca el camino con un color diferente y escribe el lugar a donde llegas.

a) Go straight for three blocks. Turn left, it's next to the shoe store.
b) Go straight for one block. Turn left and go straight for two blocks. Turn right and go straight for two blocks. It's on your left. $\qquad$
c) Go straight for two blocks. Turn left, it's across from the street, next to the book store.
d) Go straight for one block. Turn left and go straight for two blocks. It's in front of the bus station. $\qquad$
6. Draw a map of your town and mark the way from your house to your school. Write the directions. Include the public places in the map.

Dibuja el mapa de tu comunidad y marca el camino de tu casa a tu escuela. Escribe las direcciones. Incluye lugares públicos en el mapa.
$\square$

## Lesson 11

## Welcome to my school



Read

1. Answer the questions.

Contesta las preguntas.
a) How well do you know your school? $\qquad$
b) What's the name of your school?
c) How many students are in your school? $\qquad$
d) How many teachers are in your school? $\qquad$
2. Read the dialogue.

Lee el diálogo.
Lorena: O.K. Let's start making the poster for the school mural newspaper.
Martha: First, let's write the name of the school at the top of the poster.
Pablo: Then let's write "The best school in the town".
Sandy: That's a good idea. After that, let's write the characteristics of our school.
Lorena: We also can use some illustrations, draw a map and write the telephone number of the school.
Martha: That sounds great. Finally we will put the poster on the school mural newspaper. Also we can put the poster in downtown for people meet our school.



## Write

3. Answer the questions.

Contesta las preguntas.
a) What are the students doing?
b) What does the poster include?
c) Where are the students going to put the poster?
d) What's the reason to put the poster in downtown? $\qquad$


## Think

4. Write the sequence words, they are in the dialogue.

Escribe las palabras que indican secuencia, están en el diálogo.

5. Answer the questions about your school.

Contesta las preguntas acerca de tu escuela.
a) What's the name and number of your school? $\qquad$
b) How many students does it have? $\qquad$
c) Write the address.
d) Write the telephone number.
e) Does your school have extra activities? Which ones?
f) Write the subjects your school has.
g) What time do classes start?
h) What time do classes finish?
i) Who is the principal at your school?
6. Work in groups to make a poster about your school. You can make a draft in this space.

Trabaja en grupos para hacer un póster acerca de tu escuela. Puedes hacer un borrador en este espacio.
$\square$

## Lesson 12

How can I get to the gas station?


1. Read the dialogue and draw the way on the map. Lee el diálogo y dibuja el camino en el mapa.

2. Read the dialogue.

Lee el diálogo.
Martha's father: Excuse me. How can I get to the nearest gas station?
Policeman: Well, go straight for two blocks on Fourth Street and turn right.
Go straight and turn right on Third Street.
Martha's father: Is the gas station there?
Policeman: No, it isn't. Go straight for two blocks and turn left. Go straight and turn left on Second Street. Go straight for two blocks and turn right.
Martha's father: And where's the gas station?
Policeman: It's near. Go straight and turn right on First Street. Go straight and the gas station is on your left. Do you understand?
Martha's father: I think yes. Thanks. Policeman: You're welcome.


## Write

3. Answer the questions.

Contesta las preguntas.
a) Where do you get with the first direction from the policeman? $\qquad$
b) Where do you get with the second direction from the policeman? $\qquad$
c) Where do you get with the last one direction?
d) Write the shortest direction to get to the gas station? $\qquad$


Think
4. Answer the question.

Contesta la pregunta.
a) What's the meaning of "How can I get to..."? in Spanish?

5. Order the expressions to write a dialogue.

Ordena las expresiones para escribir un diálogo.
Excuse me. Is there an office supply over here?

Go straight on Pink Avenue and turn left. Go straight for two blocks. It's on your right.


You're welcome.
How can I get there?

Robert: $\qquad$
Policeman: $\qquad$
Robert:
Policeman: $\qquad$
Robert: $\qquad$
Policeman: $\qquad$
6. Look at the map on exercise one. In pairs, ask and answer questions like this and write them.

Observa el mapa del ejercicio uno. En parejas, haz y responde preguntas como ésta y escríbelas.


Student B
You: How can I get to $\qquad$ ?
Classmate: $\qquad$
$\qquad$
You: $\qquad$ ?
Classmate: $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Lesson 13

## How can I get to The Palace of Fine Arts?

## Read

1. Write the corresponding words under the illustrations.

Escribe las palabras correspondientes debajo de las ilustraciones.

2. Read the dialogue.

Lee el diálogo.
Tourist: Excuse me. How can I get to The Palace of Fine Arts?
Policewoman: Go straight until 5 de Mayo Street and turn left. Then go straight for three blocks and turn right on Lazaro Cardenas Avenue. It's on your right. You could see it. It's very big and beautiful.
Tourist: Thanks. And Where's the Monument of the Revolution?
Policewoman: It's on Republic Avenue.
Tourist: Can I get walking from here?
Policewoman: No because is so far. But you can take a taxi or the subway.
Tourist: O.K. Thanks, you are so kind.


Write
3. Write True or False.

Escribe True (verdadero) o False (falso).
a) The Palace of Fine Arts is on Republic Avenue.
b) The Tourist is asking for the Monument of the Revolution.
c) The policewoman isn't kind.
d) The Palace of Fine Arts isn't small and ugly.
e) The Palace of Fine Arts is on Lazaro Cardenas Avenue. $\qquad$


## Think

4. Complete the sentence with information from the dialogue. Completa el enunciado con información del diálogo.
a) This word indicates a sequence. $\qquad$


## Write

5. Look at the map and answer the questions. Observa el mapa y contesta las preguntas.


| 1 | The Monumento of the Revolution |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | The Fronton Mexico |
| 3 | Museum of Franz Mayer |
| 4 | The Main Post office |
| 5 | The Senate |
| 6 | The House of Tiles |
| 7 | The Monument of Christopher Columbus |

a) How can I get to the Monument of Christopher Columbus from the Monument of the Revolution? $\qquad$
b) How can I get to the House of Tiles from the Palace of Fine Arts?
c) How can I get to the Senate from the Museum of Franz Mayer?

6. Use the map from exercise five. Work in pairs, one student give directions, and the other student is the tourist.

Usa el mapa del ejercicio cinco. Trabaja en parejas.Un estudiante dará las instrucciones y otro será el turista.

| You are at: | The tourist wants to go to: |
| :--- | :--- |
| The Monument of the Revolution | The Fronton Mexico |
| The Senate | The Palace of Fine Arts |
| the corner of Reforma Avenue and <br> Hidalgo Avenue. | The Main Post Office |
| The Museum of Franz Mayer | The House of Tiles |

## Lesson 14

## Mini Check



Read

1. Look the images and write on the lines the corresponding words.

Observa las imágenes y escribe sobre las líneas las palabras que correspondan.


$\qquad$

2. Look at the images and write the words in the corresponding place. Observa las imagenes y escribe las palabras en el lugar correspondiente.

| elephant house | bird house | aquarium | restaurant | gorilla house | park |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


3. Answer the questions.

Contesta las preguntas.
a) How can I get to the elephant house from the gorilla house? $\qquad$
b) How can I get to the aquarium from the restaurant? $\qquad$
c) How can I get to the park from the snakes? $\qquad$
d) It's between the elephant house and the aquarium.
e) Are in front of the gorilla house.

4. Complete the chart.

Completa el cuadro.

| Directions | Prepositions | Questions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |


5. Complete the dialogues.

Completa los diálogos.
A)

Tourist: Excuse me. Where's the bird house?
Margarita: It's $\qquad$ .
Tourist: Thank you.
Margarita: $\qquad$ .
B)

Tourist: Excuse me.
Luis: Go straight. Turn right and go straight. It's at the end of the way, next to the park.
Tourist: $\qquad$ .
Luis: You're welcome.
6. Write There is/There are on the lines.

Escribe There is/There are sobre las líneas.
What animals are in a zoo?
a) There is a lion.
b) $\qquad$ an elephant.
c) $\qquad$ many monkeys.
d) $\qquad$ crocodiles.
e) $\qquad$ a jaguar.
f) $\qquad$ snakes.
g) $\qquad$ a toucan.

## Lesson 15

## How can I get to your house?



Read

1. Complete the birthday's card with information from the dialogue. Completa la tarjeta de cumpleaños con información del diálogo.

> HAPPY BIRTHDAY
> I invite you to my party.

Name: $\qquad$
Date: $\qquad$
Hour: $\qquad$
Address: $\qquad$
2. Read the dialogue.

Lee el diálogo.
Lorena: Hello boys and girls. I want to invite you to my birthday's party.
Hugo: When is it?
Lorena: It's next Saturday at four o'clock in my house.
Sandy: And, where's your house?
Lorena: It's on 27 Veracruz Street.
Pablo: How can we get there?
Lorena: From the secondary school go straight on Tlaxcala Avenue for three blocks. Turn right on Veracruz Street and go straight. It's at the end of the street on your left. You can take your favorite music.
Martha: And don't forget the gifts. Ha, ha, ha.


Write
3. Answer the questions.

Contesta las preguntas.
a) Who is inviting to the birthday's party?
b) When is the birthday's party? $\qquad$
c) Where is the birthday's party?
d) Who are the guests to the party?
e) What's the address of Lorena's house?


## Think

4. Answer the question.

Contesta la pregunta.
a) Which is the reason of the name: Wh-questions words?

5. Create your own birthday's card and draw a map to get to your house. Crea tu propia tarjeta de cumpleaños y dibuja un mapa para llegar a tu casa.

6. Write the directions to get to your house from the school.

Escribe las direcciones para llegar a tu casa desde la escuela.

## Lesson 16

## Project: A travel brochure. Part one

Presenting the general idea.
Presentando la idea general.

1. Discuss with your class and teacher the idea to produce a brochure or an advertisement about a town, city or country in order to know different places.

Discute con tus compañeros y maestro la idea de producir un folleto o un anuncio acerca de un pueblo, ciudad o país para conocer diferentes lugares.
2. Form groups and get ideas about the places they would like to research about.

Formen grupos y den ideas acerca de los lugares que les gustaría investigar.
3. For homework bring in the corresponding information.

De tarea traer la información correspondiente.


## Lesson 17

## Project: A travel brochure. Part two

Producing the brochure or advertisement.
Produciendo el folleto o anuncio.

1. The members of the groups will share the information they brought and will organize it.

Los miembros de los equipos compartirán la información obtenida y la organizarán.
2. Make a draft with the information that will be included in the brochure or advertisement.

Elaboren un borrador con la información que incluirán en el folleto o anuncio.
3. Design the structure. Illustrate your brochure or advertisement to make it more attractive.

Diseñen la estructura de ellos. Ilustren su folleto o anuncio para hacerlo más atractivo.
4. Answer and use next questions as a guide.

Contesta y usa las siguientes preguntas como guía.
a) What's the name of the place you are going to promote? $\qquad$
b) Where is it? $\qquad$
c) How can you get there?
d) Make a map of the place including names of the streets and avenues, all the public places there are, the places to visit, etc.
e) What are the mainly attractions and places for accommodation? $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
5. For homework you will bring the material you will need like sheets of paper in different colors, scissors, glue, pictures, etc.

De tarea traerán el material que necesitarán, por ejemplo hojas de colores, tijeras, resistol, dibujos para ilustrar, etcétera.


Lesson 18

## Project: A travel brochure. Part three

Making the brochure or advertisement.
Haciendo el folleto o anuncio.

1. With the material required each student in each group will produce the travel brochure or advertisement with the information from the last class and will illustrate it. Write the name of the place, its characteristics, how people can get there, etc. Form groups and get ideas about the places they would like to research about. Suggestion: make a nice and cleanness of your work.

Con el material requerido cada alumno del equipo producirá el folleto o anuncio con la información de la clase anterior y lo ilustrará. Escribe el nombre del lugar, sus características, cómo la gente puede llegar ahí, etc. Sugerencia: Usen una bonita escritura y cuiden la limpieza de su trabajo.


## Lesson 19

## Project: A travel brochure. Part four

Editing the brochure or advertisement
Editando el folleto o anuncio
After you finish your brochure or advertisement you have to check it with your teacher. He will check the structure, the illustrations and the content. If you have a mistake you have to correct it. If it is necessary you most do your advertisement or brochure again with new material. Each student in your group will do the same as you. When you have done all the corrections you can make copies of your texts and bring them for next class.

Después de terminar tu folleto o anuncio tienes que revisarlo con tu maestro. Él revisará la estructura, las ilustraciones y el contenido. Si tienes algún error tienes que corregirlo. Si es necesario debes hacer tu folleto o anuncio nuevamente. Cada alumno en tu grupo hará lo mismo que tú. Cuando hallan hecho todas las correcciones pueden sacar fotocopias de sus textos y traerlos para la siguiente clase.

## Lesson 20

## Project: A travel brochure. Part five

## Sharing texts

Compartiendo los textos

1. In this class you will exchange your brochures or advertisements with your classmates in order to know about the place they promote. After read them you will answer some questions.

En esta clase intercambiarán sus folletos o anuncios con sus compañeros para saber acerca del lugar que promocionan. Después de leerlos contestarán algunas preguntas.
2. Answer next questions.

Contesta las siguientes preguntas.
a) What's the place you are interested in? $\qquad$
b) Where is it?
c) Would you like to visit it?
d) Why? $\qquad$

## Lesson 21

## Review

1. Use the adjectives to describe your town. Usa los adjetivos para describir a tu comunidad.

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. Read the description and write the missing public places on the map. Lee la descripción y escribe los lugares públicos que faltan en el mapa.

In my town there is a big park in front of my school. There are two banks on Red Street. There is a gymnasium between the pharmacy and the bakery. I sometimes go to do exercise. Also there is a market where my mom buys all she needs to cook. There is a greengrocer on the corner of yellow Street and Blue Avenue. There is an office supply on Pink Avenue and a post office next to it. I like my town very much.

3. Write the directions to the signals.

Escribe las direcciones de las señales.

4. Look at the map and answer the questions. Use a different color to mark each way.

Observa el mapa y contesta las preguntas. Usa un color diferente para marcar cada camino.

a) How can I get to the school? $\qquad$
$\qquad$
b) How can I get to the bakery? $\qquad$
c) How can I get to the park? $\qquad$
$\qquad$
d) How can I get to the market? $\qquad$
5. Use the same map to complete the sentences.

Usa el mismo mapa para completar los enunciados.
a) It's on the corner of Oaxaca Avenue and Tlaxcala Street.
b) It's in front of the office supply. $\qquad$
c) It's between the post office and the bank. $\qquad$
d) It's on Morelos Street, next to the school. $\qquad$
e) It's next to the book store.
f) They're on Veracruz Street. $\qquad$
6. Read the descriptions and find the places in the puzzle. Write them on the lines.

Lee las descripciones y encuentra los lugares en el crucigrama. Escríbelos sobre las líneas.
a) In this place you can buy aspirin, alcohol and bandages. $\qquad$
b) In this place you can buy carrots, tomatoes and lettuce. $\qquad$
c) In this place you can buy pens, notebooks and pencils.
d) In this place you can cash checks and keep your money.
e) In this place you can buy stamps and send letters.
f) In this place you can buy tennis shoes and shoes.
$\qquad$
g) In this place you can eat salad, hamburger and other delicious food.
h) In this place you learn about Mathematics, Spanish, English, and other subjects. $\qquad$

| P | G | T | F | D | H | N | C | Y | K | D | X |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| O | A | R | E | S | T | A | U | R | A | N | T |
| S | H | O | E | S | T | O | R | E | M | R | S |
| T | D | R | C | E | A | F | H | C | N | U | O |
| O | D | B | J | O | N | A | E | G | U | C | M |
| F | B | E | S | F | H | G | J | C | R | U | C |
| F | A | A | S | P | H | A | R | M | A | C | Y |
| I | O | E | N | M | B | T | A | O | T | C | E |
| C | T | R | A | K | D | O | P | H | C | B | F |
| E | Y | S | C | H | O | O | L | I | A | E | B |
| D | G | H | H | J | C | E | U | I | O | P | R |
| O | F | F | I | C | E | S | U | P | P | L | Y |

## Answer Key/ Respuestas

## Lesson 7

## Mini Check

Page/página 372
1.

VISIT MEXICO CITY
Mexico is the biggest City in the world. There are many interesting museums, beautiful old houses and monuments on many streets in downtown. Also there are many beautiful parks, a big zoo, lots of modern shopping malls and excellent restaurants of typical Mexican food and international food. There is a big airport for visitors from all the Mexican Republic and from other countries. Also there are many friendly people.

Page/página 373
3.
a) True
b) False
c) False
d) True
e) True
4.
a) many and lots of


Page/página 374
6.


## Lesson 14

Mini Check
Pages/páginas 393-394
1.

Seahorses Elephant Whales
Hummingbird

## Giraffe

Page/página 394
2.


Page/página 395
3.
a) Go straight until the aquarium and turn left. Go straight, it's on your right.
b) Go straight until the elephant house and turn right. It's at the end of the way.
c) Go straight and turn right. It's between the elephant house and the aquarium.
d) The park.
e) The restrooms.
4.

| Directions | Prepositions | Questions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| go straight | on | How can I get to...? |
| turn left | next to | Where is the...? |
| turn right | between | Where are the...? |
|  | in front of |  |
|  | on the corner of |  |

5. 

A)

Margarita: It's next to the restrooms.
Margarita: You're welcome.
B)

Tourist: How can I get to the aquarium?
Tourist: Thank you.
Page/página 396
6.
a) There is a lion.
b) There is
c) There are
d) There are
e) There is
f) There are
g) There is

Review
Page/página 404
2.

| PHARMACY | GYMNASIUM | BAKERY |  | GREEN GROCER |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | YELLOW | STREET | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B} \\ & \mathrm{~L} \\ & \mathrm{U} \\ & \mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ |  | PINK |
| PARK |  |  |  | MARKET |  |
|  |  |  | A |  | A |
|  | GREEN | STREET | V |  | V |
| SCHOOL |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{U} \\ & \mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | OFFICE <br> SUPPLY | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{U} \\ & \mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | RED | STREET |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { POST } \\ & \text { OFFICE } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| BANK |  | BANK |  |  |  |

Page/página 404
3.


Turn left
Go straight
Turn right
Page/página 406
5.
a) The park.
b) The shoe store.
c) The pharmacy.
d) The bakery.
e) The museum.
f) The bank, the pharmacy and the post office.
6.
a) Pharmacy
b) Greengrocer
c) Office supply
d) Bank
e) Post office
f) Shoe store
g) Restaurant
h) School

| P | G | T | F | D | H | N | C | Y | K | D | X |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| O | A | R | E | S | T | A | U | R | A | N | T |
| S | H | O | E | S | T | O | R | E | M | R | S |
| T | D | R | C | E | A | F | H | C | N | U | O |
| O | D | B | J | O | N | A | E | G | U | C | M |
| F | B | E | S | F | H | G | J | C | R | U | C |
| F | A | A | S | P | H | A | R | M | A | C | Y |
| I | O | E | N | M | B | T | A | O | T | C | E |
| C | T | R | A | K | D | O | P | H | C | B | F |
| E | Y | S | C | H | O | O | L | I | A | E | B |
| D | G | H | H | J | C | E | U | I | O | P | R |
| O | F | F | I | C | E | S | U | P | P | L | Y |

# Materiales de apoyo 

| Temas | Material sugerido |
| :--- | :--- |
| Dar direcciones | - Programa Sepainglés. Programa: <br> Directions para la lección 12. |

## Bibliografía

Beare, N., Links 1 Teacher's Guide, México, Macmillan, 2005.
Celorio, G., Smash! 1, Teacher's Resource Book, México, Richmond Publishing, 1997.

Domínguez, E., et al., Connections one. Student's Book, México, Nuevo México, 2006.

Emilsson, E., et al., Dialogues. English 1, México, Fondo de Cultura Económica, 2002.

Kirn, E., et al., A Communicative Grammar, México, McGraw-Hill, 1996.
Programas de Estudio. Educación básica. Secundaria. Lengua extranjera Inglés, México, SEP, 2006.
Andrade, A., et. al., Checkmate 1, México, Macmillan, 2004.
Luna, M., et. al., Rally 1, Student's book, México, Macmillan, 2002.

INGLÉS I. APUNTES
se imprimió por encargo de la Comisión Nacional de Libros de Texto Gratuitos, en los talleres de con domicilio en el mes de $\qquad$ de 2008. El tiraje fue de ejemplares.

