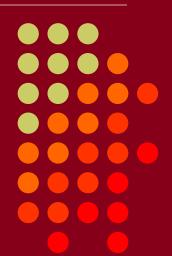
Grounding and Bonding For Home HF Stations

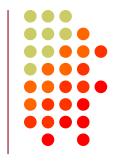
Presented Courtesy of Contest University (CTU) & Icom America Ward Silver, NØAX







Goals of the Session



- Understand "ground" and "bond"
- Appreciate the different requirements for ac safety, lightning protection, RF and audio
- Discuss issues and techniques for home stations using HF
- Illustrate the system approach
- Provide comprehensive resources





Who Is This Talk For?



- HF station owners...
 - Building a new station
 - Upgrading a small station
 - Adding an amp
 - In lightning country
 - Trying for better performance





Background References



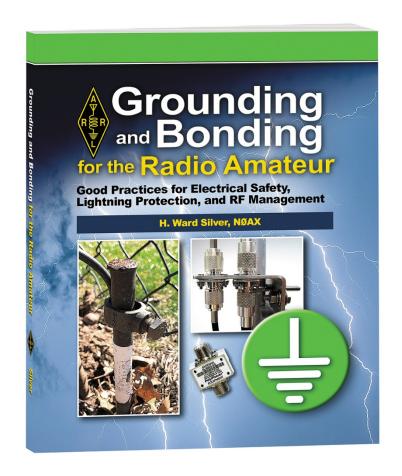
- ARRL Handbook, ARRL Antenna Book
- NEC Handbook at your library
- Standards and Guidelines for Communication Sites
 (Motorola R56) available online
- Lightning Protection for the Amateur Station (Ron Block, NR2B – Jun/Jul/Aug 2002 QST) – ARRL website
- Power, Grounding, Bonding, and Audio for Amateur Radio and RFI, Ferrites, and Common Mode Chokes For Hams – available at k9yc.com/publish.htm





Background References

- Grounding and Bonding for the Radio Amateur
 - Covers AC wiring, lightning protection, and RF management
 - Reviewed by a number of experts, including the ARRL Lab
 - Numerous examples for you to use







What <u>IS</u> "Ground" Anyway



- What you are trying to do depends on frequency & wavelength, voltage, current
- Your safety depends on the right answer
- Your equipment depends on the right answer
- Your sanity depends on the right answer





What <u>IS</u> "Ground" Anyway



- "Ground" has different meanings
 - Noun an "earth connection" (ac, lightning) or a <u>local</u> reference potential (circuits, RF)
 - Verb an action "to connect to the reference potential"
 - Adjective a type of connection, such as a "ground conductor" or "ground system"
- It can mean all of these things at the same time:





What <u>IS</u> "Ground" Anyway



 The Earth is NOT – a magic sink into which we can pour RF or lightning and expect it to magically and safely disappear

- Fuzzy definitions:
 - "RF ground" ain't no such thing
 - "Ground loops" not the problem you think it is
 - "Single-point ground" it depends...





What <u>IS</u> "Bonding" Anyway



- A connection intended to keep two points at the same voltage
- Sounds expensive but it's not
- Sounds hard but it's not
- Requires the right connecting materials and hardware
- Works in your favor for ac safety, lightning protection, and RF management





What <u>IS</u> "Bonding" Anyway

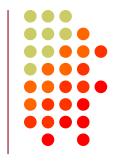


- For bonding to work, it has to be...
 - Low-Z and "short" at the frequencies of interest
 - Heavy enough to carry the expected current
 - Sturdy enough to survive the environment
- Inside the ham station, use...
 - Strap (20 ga) or heavy wire (#14 or larger)
 - Flat-weave braid
 - Braid from old coax deteriorates





AC Safety Grounding



- Grounding for ac safety has several names
 - "Equipment ground", "third-wire ground", "greenwire ground"
- Keep ground connections low-resistance
- Purpose is two-fold
 - Provides a path to ac common point for fault current (shorts, leakage)
 - Stabilizes the ac power voltage during faults or transients, such as lightning



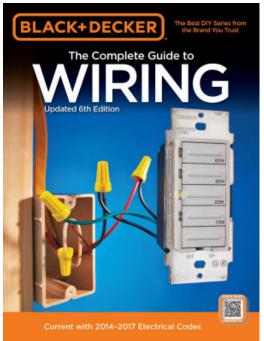


AC Safety Grounding

If you aren't sure you know what you're doing...get a

how-to reference

- Or hire a professional electrician
- Local code is the law

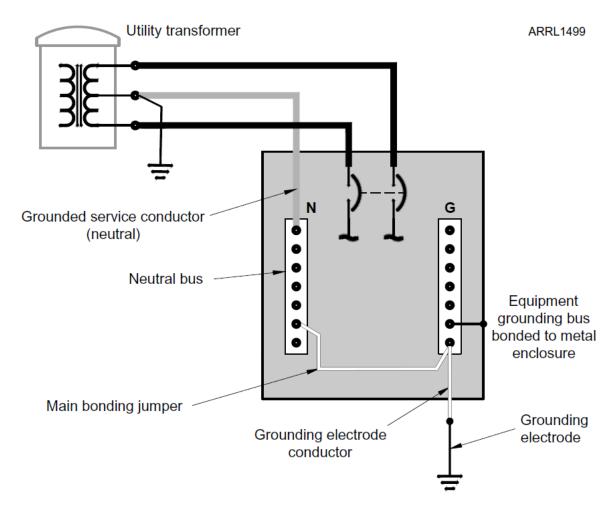






AC Safety Grounding



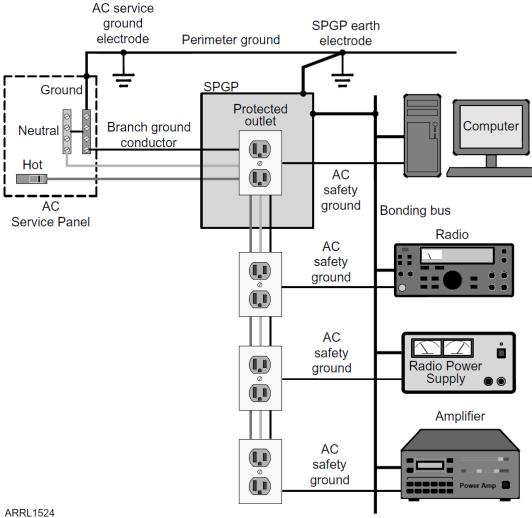






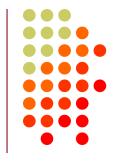
AC Safety Ground System









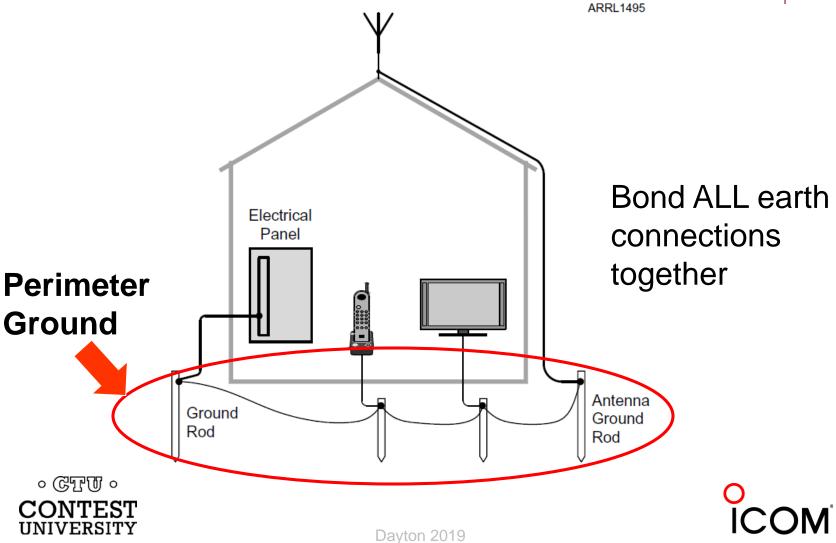


- You can't steer lightning, but...you can help lightning make "good decisions"
 - Heavy, direct paths to the Earth dissipate charge
 - Inductance is more important than resistance
 - Paths should be outside your residence
 - Don't make it easy for lightning to go through your station on its way to the Earth

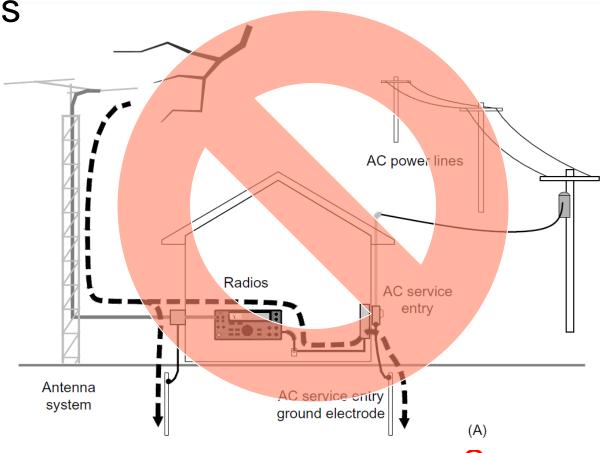








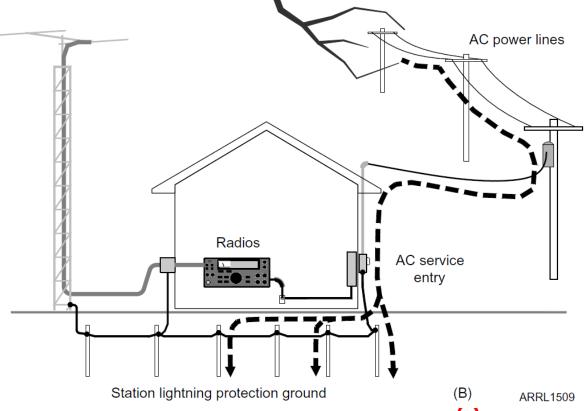
 Ground paths should go around your station







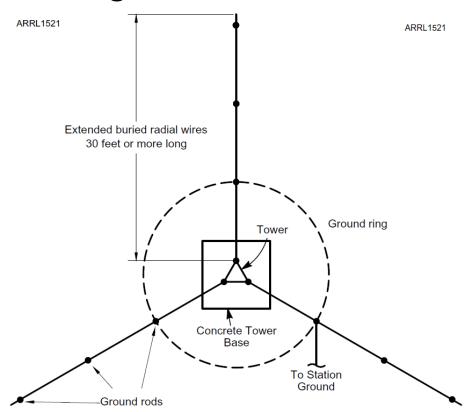
 Ground paths should go around your station







Tower grounding









Bond feed lines to the tower



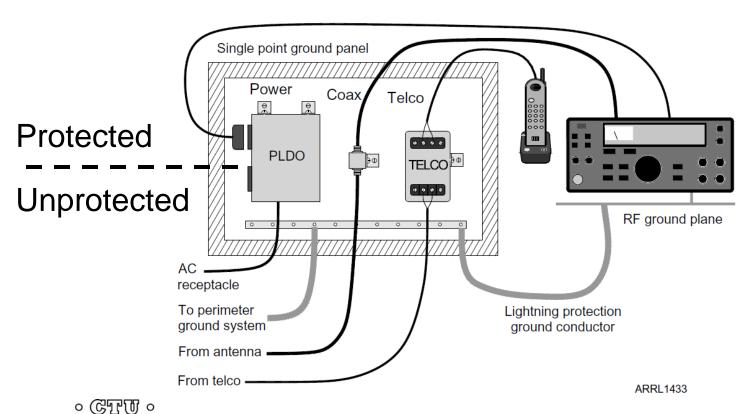
Spark gaps



。 ©TU。 CONTEST UNIVERSITY



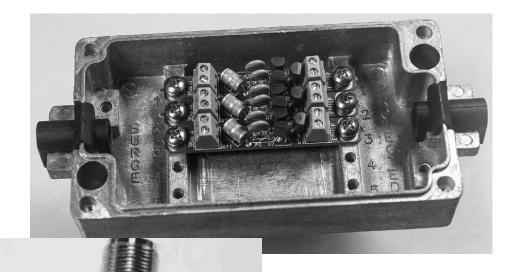
Single-point Ground Panel (station entry)





Single-point Ground Panel



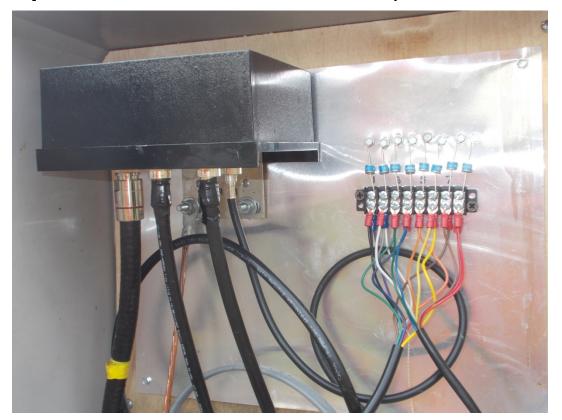








Single-point Ground Panel (tower base)

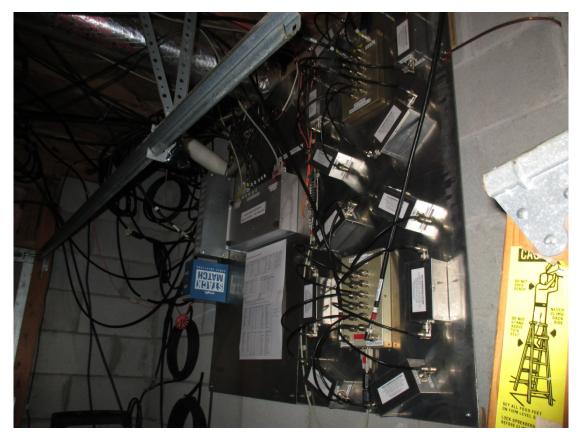








Single-point Ground Panel (station entry)







Single-point Ground Panel (in station)

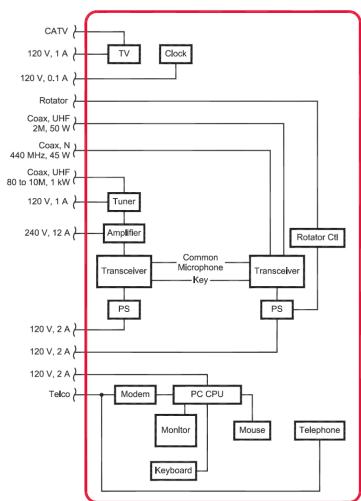








- Protected Zones
 - Every line crossing the boundary must be protected by a common or bonded ground connection
 - Bond equipment within the station
- Ron Block QST articles (ARRL TIS)

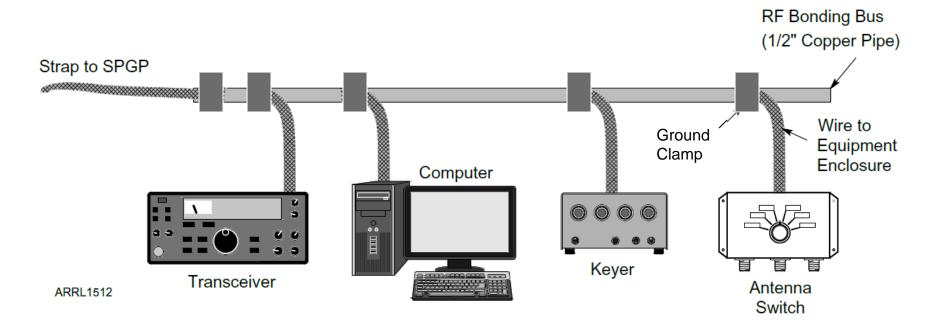








Bonding inside the shack







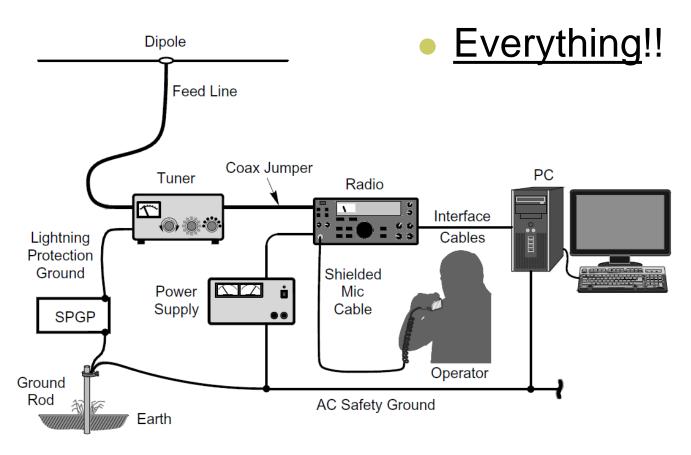


Everything in the station is an antenna















- Everything in the station is an antenna
- Concentrate on bonding
- Amplifiers result in high RF field strength
 - Requires extra attention to bonding
- Create common reference plane and/or bus
- Long connections can be no connection
 - Keep connections electrically short







- Equalize voltage to minimize current
 - Eliminates "hot spots"
 - Reduces RFI from common-mode current
 - Reduces sensitivity to physical configuration
 - Minimizes audio "buzz" and hum
- Tie everything to a common plane or bus
- Keep cables short or coiled
- Heavy, direct connection to SPGP



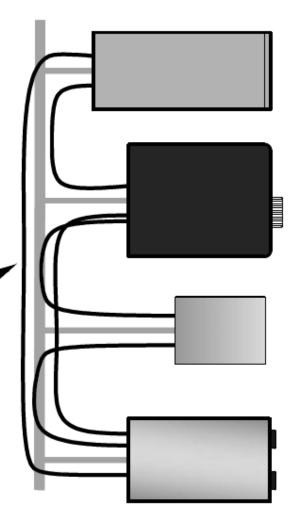


- Keep cables short
- Use a bonding bus and reference plane
- Minimize loop area

Keep Cables Together

- Use shielded cables
- Short straps or wires







- RF ground plane
- Sheet of metal
- Helps equalize voltage
- Run cables along the ground plane
- Bond to station ground system















Ground System



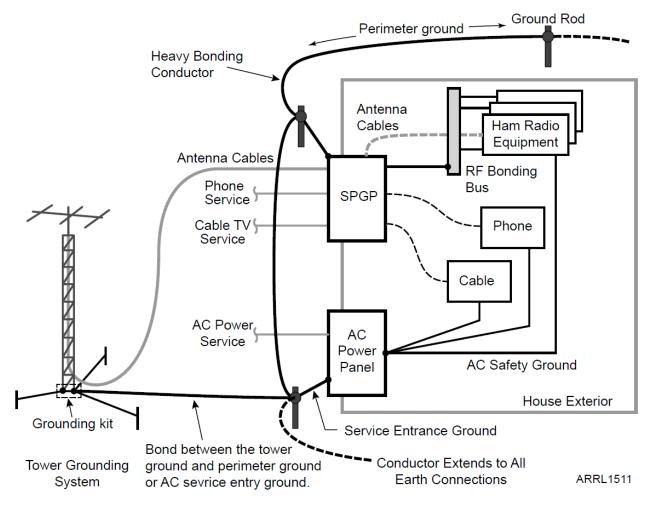
- "One system rules them all"
 - All currents flow on all wires
- A single, solid ground system made of short, heavy, direct connections satisfies all of the requirements for...
 - AC Safety
 - Lightning Protection
 - RF Management & Clean Audio





Ground System

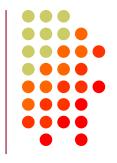








Additional Resources



- Professional Associations and Companies
 - National Fire Protection Association (www.nfpa.org)
 - International Association of Electrical Inspectors (www.iaei.org)
 - Mike Holt Enterprises (www.mikeholt.com) training and continuing education for electricians, many tutorials
 - Polyphaser (www.polyphaser.com/services/medialibrary/white-papers) — various papers and tutorials on lightning protection for communications facilities, including ham stations
 - Lightning Protection Institute (lightning.org/learn-more/libraryof-resources) — papers and tutorials on lightning protection techniques





Additional Resources



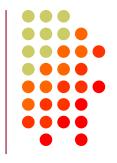
Standards

- FAA Document on Practices and Procedures for Lightning Protection, Grounding, Bonding, and Shielding Implementation www.faa.gov/documentLibrary/media/Order/6950.19A.pdf
- IEEE Std 1100 2006 "IEEE Recommended Practices for Powering and Grounding Electronic Equipment" www.ieee.org (available from most libraries)
- MIL-HDBK-419A Grounding, Bonding, and Shielding for Electronic Equipments and Facilities (Vol 1 and 2) www.uscg.mil/petaluma/TPF/ET/_SMS/Mil-STDs/MILHDBK419.pdf





Additional Resources



- Books and Online Material
 - Block, R. R., The "Grounds" for Lightning and EMP Protection, Second Edition, PolyPhaser Corporation, 1993.
 - Rand, K. A., Lightning Protection and Grounding Solutions for Communications Sites, PolyPhaser Corporation, 2000.
 - ARRL Technical Information Service sections
 - Electrical Safety www.arrl.org/electrical-safety
 - Grounding (various types and topics) www.arrl.org/grounding
 - Lightning Protection www.arrl.org/lightning-protection
 - W8JI's web pages on ground systems (w8ji.com/ground_systems.htm)







ARE WE DONE YET?







THANKS!!



