# **Comment Report**

**Project Name:** 2019-03 Cyber Security Supply Chain Risks | CIP-005-7, CIP-010-4, & CIP-013-2

Comment Period Start Date: 1/27/2020 Comment Period End Date: 3/11/2020

Associated Ballots: 2019-03 Cyber Security Supply Chain Risks CIP-005-7, CIP-010-4, & CIP-013-2 IN 1 ST

There were 66 sets of responses, including comments from approximately 137 different people from approximately 96 companies representing 10 of the Industry Segments as shown in the table on the following pages.

### Questions

- 1. The SDT added EACMS, with the currently approved definition as explained in the above Background section, to CIP-005, CIP-010 and CIP-013 where the SDT believed is consistent with the FERC Order. Do you agree with FERC's justification of adding EACMS, FERC Order 850 P57? If you do not agree, please provide your recommendation and, if appropriate, technical or procedural justification.
- 2. The SDT added PACS, with the currently approved definition as explained in the above Background section, to CIP-005-7, CIP-010-4 and CIP-013-2. Do you agree with adding PACS? If you do not agree, please provide your recommendation and, if appropriate, technical or procedural justification.
- 3. Based on the addition of PACS to CIP-005 R2.4 and R2.5 and the lower risk they pose to the BES, the SDT has modified the associated VSL's. A violation of failing to have a method for determining OR disabling for PACS is listed as a Moderate VSL, and a violation of failing to have a method for determining AND disabling is listed as a High VSL. Do you agree with the modified VSLs? If you do not agree, please explain and provide your recommendation.
- 4. The SDT is proposing a 12 month implementation plan. Do you agree with the proposed timeframe? If you think an alternate timeframe is needed, please propose an alternate implementation plan and time period, and provide a detailed explanation of actions planned to meet the implementation deadline.
- 5. The SDT proposes that the modifications in CIP-005-7, CIP-010-4 and CIP-013-2 meet the FERC directives in a cost effective manner. Do you agree? If you do not agree, or if you agree but have suggestions for improvement to enable more cost effective approaches, please provide your recommendation and, if appropriate, technical or procedural justification.
- Provide any additional comments for the standard drafting team to consider, if desired.

Organization Name	Name	Segment(s)	Region	Group Name	Group Member Name	Group Member Organization	Group Member Segment(s)	Group Member Region
	Bobbi Welch	2		ISO/RTO Council Standards Review	Brandon Gleason	Electric Reliability Council of Texas, Inc.	2	Texas RE
				Committee 2019-03	Helen Lainis	IESO	2	NPCC
				Supply Chain Risks	Kathleen Goodman	ISONE	2	NPCC
					Bobbi Welch	MISO	2	RF
					Gregory Campoli	New York Independent System Operator	2	NPCC
					Mark Holman	PJM 2 Interconnection, L.L.C.	2	RF
					Charles Yeung	Southwest Power Pool, Inc. (RTO)	2	MRO
PPL - Louisville Gas and Electric Co.	Devin Shines	, , ,	RF,SERC	Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company	Charles Freibert	PPL - Louisville Gas and Electric Co.	3	SERC
					JULIE HOSTRANDER	PPL - Louisville Gas and Electric Co.	5	SERC
					Linn Oelker	PPL - Louisville Gas and Electric Co.	6	SERC
	Jodirah Green		Applicable, RF, SERC, Texas	ACES Standard Collaborations	Bob Solomon	Hoosier Energy Rural Electric Cooperative, Inc.	1	SERC
				Kevin Lyons	Central Iowa Power Cooperative	1	MRO	
					Bill Hutchison	Southern Illinois Power Cooperative	1	SERC
					Amber Skillern	East Kentucky Power Cooperative	1	SERC

					Jennifer Brey	Arizona Electric Power Cooperative	1	WECC
					Joseph Smith	Prairie Power , Inc.	1,3	SERC
					Steven Myers	North Carolina EMC	3,4,5	SERC
					Shari Heino	Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	5	Texas RE
FirstEnergy - FirstEnergy Corporation	Mark Garza	4		FE Voter	Julie Severino	FirstEnergy - FirstEnergy Corporation	1	RF
				Aaron Ghodooshim	FirstEnergy - FirstEnergy Corporation	3	RF	
				Robe	Robert Loy	FirstEnergy - FirstEnergy Solutions	5	RF
					Ann Carey	FirstEnergy - FirstEnergy Solutions	6	RF
					Mark Garza	FirstEnergy- FirstEnergy	4	RF
Duke Energy	Duke Energy Masuncha 1,3,5,6 Bussey	1,3,5,6	,3,5,6 FRCC,RF,SERC	Duke Energy	Laura Lee	Duke Energy	1	SERC
					Dale Goodwine	Duke Energy	5	SERC
				Greg Cecil	Duke Energy	6	RF	
					Lee Schuster	Duke Energy	3	SERC
Public Utility District No. 1 of Chelan	Meaghan Connell	5		PUD No. 1 of Chelan County	Ginette Lacasse	Public Utility District No. 1 of Chelan County	1	WECC
County	County				Joyce Gundry	Public Utility District No. 1 of Chelan County	3	WECC
					Davis Jelusich	Public Utility District No. 1 of Chelan County	6	WECC
Michael Johnson	Michael Johnson		WECC	PG&E All Segments	Marco Rios	Pacific Gas and Electric Company	1	WECC
					Sandra Ellis	Pacific Gas and Electric Company	3	WECC

					James Mearns	Pacific Gas and Electric Company	5	WECC
Southern Company - Southern Company Services, Inc.	Pamela Hunter	1 ' ' '	SERC	Southern Company	Matt Carden	Southern Company - Southern Company Services, Inc.	1	SERC
					Joel Dembowski	Southern Company - Alabama Power Company	3	SERC
					William D. Shultz	Southern Company Generation	5	SERC
					Ron Carlsen	Southern Company - Southern Company Generation	6	SERC
Eversource Energy			Eversource Group	Sharon Flannery	Eversource Energy	3	NPCC	
					Quintin Lee	Eversource Energy	1	NPCC
Northeast I Power Coordinating Council	Ruida Shu	Ruida Shu 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10 N	NPCC RSC	Randy Ne MacDonald Po Glen Smith Er Se Brian Robinson Ut Alan Adamson Ne Re Co Ut Michele Tondalo UI Helen Lainis IE:	Guy V. Zito	Northeast Power Coordinating Council	10	NPCC
						New Brunswick Power	2	NPCC
					Glen Smith	Entergy Services	4	NPCC
					Utility Services	5	NPCC	
					New York State Reliability Council	7	NPCC	
					David Burke	Orange & Rockland Utilities	3	NPCC
					Michele Tondalo	UI	1	NPCC
					Helen Lainis	IESO	2	NPCC
					Sean Cavote	PSEG	4	NPCC
					Kathleen Goodman	ISO-NE	2	NPCC

David Kiguel	Independent	7	NPCC
Paul Malozewski	Hydro One Networks, Inc.	3	NPCC
Nick Kowalczyk	Orange and Rockland	1	NPCC
Joel Charlebois	AESI - Acumen Engineered Solutions International Inc.	5	NPCC
Mike Cooke	Ontario Power Generation, Inc.	4	NPCC
Salvatore Spagnolo	New York Power Authority	1	NPCC
Shivaz Chopra	New York Power Authority	5	NPCC
Mike Forte	Con Ed - Consolidated Edison	4	NPCC
Dermot Smyth	Con Ed - Consolidated Edison Co. of New York	1	NPCC
Peter Yost	Con Ed - Consolidated Edison Co. of New York	3	NPCC
Ashmeet Kaur	Con Ed - Consolidated Edison	5	NPCC
Caroline Dupuis	Hydro Quebec	1	NPCC
Chantal Mazza	Hydro Quebec	2	NPCC
Sean Bodkin	Dominion - Dominion Resources, Inc.	6	NPCC
Laura McLeod	NB Power Corporation	5	NPCC
Randy MacDonald	NB Power Corporation	2	NPCC
Gregory Campoli	New York Independent System Operator	2	NPCC
Quintin Lee	Eversource Energy	1	NPCC

				John Hastings	National Grid	1	NPCC
Lower Teresa 5 Colorado Cantwell River Authority			Michael Jones	National Grid USA	1	NPCC	
				Silvia Parada Mitchell	NextEra Energy, LLC	4	NPCC
		LCRA	Michael Shaw	LCRA	6	Texas RE	
	Cantwell	antweil	Compliance	Dixie Wells	LCRA	5	Texas RE
				Teresa Cantwell	LCRA	1	Texas RE

1. The SDT added EACMS, with the currently approved definition as explained in the above Background section, to CIP-005, CIP-010 and CIP-013 where the SDT believed is consistent with the FERC Order. Do you agree with FERC's justification of adding EACMS, FERC Order 850 P57? If you do not agree, please provide your recommendation and, if appropriate, technical or procedural justification.				
Tho Tran - Tho Tran On Behalf of: Lee M	laurer, Oncor Electric Delivery, 1; - Tho Tran			
Answer	No			
Document Name				
Comment				
The risk focus should be limited to controls	only, not monitoring.			
Likes 0				
Dislikes 0				
Response				
Marty Hostler - Northern California Powe	er Agency - 5			
Answer	No			
Document Name				
Comment				
NO. Changes to these Standards are not r	needed at all!			
Likes 0				
Dislikes 0				
Response				
Dennis Sismaet - Northern California Po	wer Agency - 6			
Answer	No			
Document Name				
Comment				
Changes to these Standards are not neede	ed at all!			
Likes 0				
Dislikes 0				

Response				
Scott Tomashefsky - Northern California	Power Agency - 4			
Answer	No			
Document Name				
Comment				
Changes to these standards are not needed	d at all.			
Likes 0				
Dislikes 0				
Response	Response			
Dana Klem - MRO - 1,2,3,4,5,6 - MRO				
Answer	No			
Document Name				
Dislikes 0  Response  Dana Klem - MRO - 1,2,3,4,5,6 - MRO  Answer	No No			

### Comment

We agree with the addition of EACMS (and PACS) to CIP-005-7 and CIP-013-2, but a close examination of the currently approved definition(s) of EACMS (and PACS) prevents them from being added to Medium Impact BES Cyber Systems in CIP-010-4 Requirement R1, Part 1.6 as proposed.

EACMS are currently defined as:

"Cyber Assets that perform electronic access control or electronic access monitoring of the Electronic Security Perimeter(s) or BES Cyber Systems. This includes Intermediate Systems."

EACMS are tied to ESPs. ESPs only exist with respect to Medium Impact BES Cyber Systems connected using a routable protocol. EACMS monitor and control the EAP on an ESP, so only Medium Impact BES Cyber Systems with External Routable Connectivity apply.

We understand that Applicable Systems cannot simply be changed to "Medium Impact BES Cyber Systems with External Routable Connectivity" because that would take Medium Impact BES Cyber Systems out of scope.

We recommend, for clarity and consistency among CIP standards:

Insert:

"Medium Impact BES Cyber Systems with External Routable Connectivity and their associated:

- 1. EACMS; and
- 2. PACS"

Between High Impact and Medium Impact Applicable Systems in CIP-010-4 Requirement R1, Part 1.6.

Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Andrea Barclay - Georgia System Operat	tions Corporation - 4
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
the dearth of reliability benefit associated with proposed revisions, however, confirms to GSOC and GTC continue to have reservation to electronic access monitoring systems we project and other standards development put the directive with findings presented by NEF (excluding monitoring and logging) to high a and the SDT consider interdependencies be	cooperative sector's comments in response to the Commission's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking regarding ith inclusion of those assets that provide only monitoring and logging functions and capabilities. Review of that they meet the FERC directive set forth in Order 850. For the reasons cited in previous comments, ons regarding the reliability benefit that the application of the CIP-013, CIP-005, and CIP-010 requirements ould contribute. Moreover, GSOC and GTC also have concerns regarding: (1) the synergies between this rojects that are evaluating the current definition of EACMS and (2) the reconciliation of the implementation of RC Staff in the NERC Supply Chain report "to include those systems that provide electronic access control and medium impact BES Cyber Systems." GSOC and GTC respectfully suggest that the ERO Enterprise etween these efforts and evaluate opportunities to better integrate them to ensure that future standards and ed for cyclical, periodic revisions to reconcile each new set of revisions proposed by these different, but inter-
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Andrea Jessup - Bonneville Power Admi	nistration - 1,3,5,6 - WECC
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
working on definitions of EACMS vs EACS/	efinitions and requirements to be in conflict with Project 2016-02, specifically where Project 2016-02 is EAMS to address different risk and security architecture in a virtualized environment. Project 2016-02 should blanned implement date prior to another revision being implemented.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Eli Rivera - CenterPoint Energy Houston	Electric, LLC - NA - Not Applicable - Texas RE

Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric, LLC (	(CEHE) supports the comments as submitted by the Edison Electric Institute.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
	Behalf of: James Mearns, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, 1, 3, 5; Marco Rios, Pacific Gas and Pacific Gas and Electric Company, 1, 3, 5; - Michael Johnson, Group Name PG&E All Segments
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
Order 850 which indicated only "access co same as those which provide "access control" while at the same time monitoring and/or all PG&E recommends the definition in the "Appropriate of the control" and that EACMS that only provide what type of EACMS would be covered with Table" indicate EACMS with only "access of control" (EACS) and monitoring/alerting (EACS) project 2016-02 SDT to make conforming of separation.	which provides "access control", "monitoring", and "alerting" capabilities extend what FERC indicated in ntrol". PG&E believes the risk of EACMS which "only" provides monitoring and alerting capabilities is not the ol" and should be excluded from the Standard. PG&E does indicate if an EACMS provides access control erting capabilities it should be covered by the Standard.  **policable System Columns in Tables" section be altered to indicate only those EACMS which provide "access monitoring and alerting be excluded. A Technical Rationale document could be created to clearly indicate a examples to help clarify any confusion. A potential benefit in making the "Applicable Systems Column in control" is to the Project 2016-02 SDT working on the separation of EACMS into Cyber Assets for "access MS). A clear indication of "access control" in the Project 2019-03 modifications could make it easier for the hanges to CIP-005, CIP-010, and CIP-013 once they are ready to complete the work on the EACMS  **Central Hudson Gas & ampramp: Electric Corp. 1. Page Frank**
Likes 1	Central Hudson Gas & Description Corp., 1, Pace Frank
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Jenifer Holmes - Alliant Energy Corporat	
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	

Alliant Energy agrees with NSRF and EEI's comments.					
Likes 0					
Dislikes 0					
Response					
Ayman Samaan - Edison International - S	Southern California Edison Company - 1				
Answer	No				
Document Name					
Comment					
Please see comments submitted by Edison	Electric Institute				
Likes 0					
Dislikes 0					
Response					
John Galloway - John Galloway On Beha	ılf of: Michael Puscas, ISO New England, Inc., 2; - John Galloway				
Answer	No				
Document Name					
Comment					
ISO-NE disagrees with adding EACMS and	PACS to CIP-005. CIP-005 was intended for access to High and PCA systems. In fact,				
EACMs are derived from the CIP-005 requi	rements.				
The CIP standards and requirements are st	ructured to address security concerns based on the criticality and risk to the				
BES. EACMS and PACS do not incur the sa	ame security concerns and do not have the same criticality or risk to the BES;				
therefore, EACMS and especially PACS should not be treated the same as High or Medium Impact systems that have a					
direct correlation to the reliability of the BES. Additionally, the co-mingled definition of "access control and monitoring"					
inherently elevates systems with monitoring	inherently elevates systems with monitoring only capability to a high-water mark, adding the need to incorporate				
burdensome and costly controls to extreme	y low risk systems for little benefit.				
Likes 0					
Dislikes 0					

Response				
Monika Montez - California ISO - 2 - WECC				
Answer	No			
Document Name				
Comment				
extending the program to EACMS until after allow for the processes and controls to mate findings and areas of concerns identified by	CMS are as important to protect as the BCS in line with the FERC Order, we recommend to wait on rethe upcoming CIP-005-6, CIP-010-3 and CIP-013-1 standards have been in effect for at least a two years to ure, to obtain any key learnings from implementing these protections and from audit experiences including the auditors. At that time the CAISO also proposes NERC issue a CIP-013-1 survey amongst the industry of the industry's supply chain security standard.			
Likes 0				
Dislikes 0				
Response				
David Jendras - Ameren - Ameren Service	ces - 3			
Answer	No			
Document Name				
Comment				
Ameren agrees with and supports EEI com	ments.			
Likes 0				
Dislikes 0				
Response				
Greg Davis - Georgia Transmission Corp	poration - 1			
Answer	No			
Document Name				
Comment				

GSOC and GTC respectfully reiterate the cooperative sector's comments in response to the Commission's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking regarding the dearth of reliability benefit associated with inclusion of those assets that provide only monitoring and logging functions and capabilities. Review of the proposed revisions, however, confirms that they meet the FERC directive set forth in Order 850. For the reasons cited in previous comments, GSOC and GTC continue to have reservations regarding the reliability benefit that the application of the CIP-013, CIP-005, and CIP-010 requirements to electronic access monitoring systems would contribute. Moreover, GSOC and GTC also have concerns regarding: (1) the synergies between this

the directive with findings presented by NEF (excluding monitoring and logging) to high and the SDT consider interdependencies be	rojects that are evaluating the current definition of EACMS and (2) the reconciliation of the implementation of RC Staff in the NERC Supply Chain report "to include those systems that provide electronic access control and medium impact BES Cyber Systems." GSOC and GTC respectfully suggest that the ERO Enterprise etween these efforts and evaluate opportunities to better integrate them to ensure that future standards and ed for cyclical, periodic revisions to reconcile each new set of revisions proposed by these different, but inter-
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Amy Casuscelli - Xcel Energy, Inc 1,3,5	i,6 - MRO,WECC
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
Energy believes that this language would be monitoring and or logging.  Making this change is supported by the Corour present directive may determinewhat should be included in the supply chain risk is Security Supply Chain Risks Staff Report wo fithe supply chain-related risks associated recommends that the Supply Chain Standar Systems."  The addition of EACMS that only perform logikely cause additional operational costs and the BPS as those systems that are performing	R2.5, CIP-010-4 and CIP-013-2 "that perform the function of controlling electronic access." Xcel ring into scope all systems the perform access controls at an ESP, while excluding systems that only perform mission in Order 850 P55, where they state that "the standard drafting team that is formed in response to EACMS functions are most important to the reliable operation of the Bulk-Power System and therefore management Reliability Standard." The limitation of EACMS is also supported by NERC in the Cyber here they state in the Recommended Actions to Address the Risks section of CH2, P9 that "upon evaluation with EACMSs, particularly those posed by compromise of electronic access functions, NERC staff rds be modified to include EACMSs that perform electronic access control for high and medium BES Cyber agging and monitoring access to the Supply Chain Standards, especially CIP-005-6 R2.4 and R2.5, would be significant admirative burden on systems that both FERC and NERC have indicated are not of equal risk to ling access controls to an ESP.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Great Plains Energy - Kansas City Power Energy - Kansas City Power and Light Co	If of: Allen Klassen, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; Derek Brown, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; James McBee, and Light Co.,; James McBee, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; Jennifer Flandermeyer, Great Plains co.,; John Carlson, Great Plains Energy - Kansas City Power and Light Co.,; Marcus Moor, Great Light Co.,; Marcus Moor, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; - Douglas Webb
Document Name	

Comment	
Westar Energy, an Evergy company, suppo	orts Edison Electric Institutes responses to Question 1.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
<b>Devin Shines - PPL - Louisville Gas and</b> Company	Electric Co 1,3,5,6 - SERC,RF, Group Name Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
7 R3, and move Part 2.4 and Part 2.5 to thi EACMS and Intermediate Systems. While w	S to CIP-005, CIP-010 and CIP-013, we suggest that the SDT consider creating a new requirement, CIP-005-s new requirement. We believe that this will help to alleviate any confusion that may exist surrounding re agree with the addition of EACMS to CIP-005, CIP-010 and CIP-013, we suggest that the SDT consider and move Part 2.4 and Part 2.5 to this new requirement. We believe that this will help to alleviate any MS and Intermediate Systems.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Darnez Gresham - Berkshire Hathaway B	inergy - MidAmerican Energy Co 3
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
MidAmerican agrees with MRO NSRF com	ments.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Pamela Hunter - Southern Company - So	outhern Company Services, Inc 1,3,5,6 - SERC, Group Name Southern Company

Overall, Southern DOES NOT agree with the addition of EACMS as it has been proposed in these draft Standards as it does not align with the requirement from FERC Order 850. The SDT needs to address the scenario of terminating vendor remote access to the (EACMS) assets that are used to allow and prevent vendor remote access. In case to address the access to access through an authorized and authenticated session an EACMS, and that EACMS is the asset1 would use to prevent vendor remote access to a BCS, how then can I also prevent vendor remote access that very asset that I use to terminate that remote access? This results in ligitical loop. Also consider how there a vendor is managing EACMS on behalf of the entity where disabling access to access controls seems causes that type of an illogical loop.  FERC has not ordered adding EACMS requirements to exactly the same requirements that apply to BCS as part of this Supply Chain initiative by merely changing the Applicable Systems column. There could be less restrictive requirements or new requirements based on risk that could apply to EACMS. We agree with the FERC Order that there should be additional requirements for those EACS assets that perform "access control" functions and not merely monitoring and logging functions. Given the absence of an attempt to modify the NERC defined term for EACMS to clarify the difference there are also an EAMS, we do not agree with the EACMS assets to which these new requirements would apply is above and beyond the scope addressed in the FERC Order and the NERC Final Report.  For these reasons, keeping requirements applicable to EACMS in CIP-010 and CIP-013 addresses the FERC Order, however Southern believes the SDT should remove EACMS from CIP-005 R2.4 and R2.5 until such time that the EACMS definition can be modified and new definitions of applicable systems be added to properly scope these requirements, and the SDT can address the infinite loop issues addressed above.  Tampa Electric supports EEI comments which supports the additio	Answer	No
Overall, Southern DOES NOT agree with the addition of EACMS as it has been proposed in these draft Standards as it does not align with the requirement from FERC Order 850. The SDT needs to address the scenario of terminating vendor remote access to the (EACMS) assets that are us to allow and prevent vendor remote access. In essence, if I must only allow vendor remote access through an authorized and authenticated session an EACMS, and that EACMS is the asset I would use to prevent vendor remote access through an authorized and authenticated session an EACMS, and that EACMS is the asset I would use to prevent vendor remote access that very asset that I use to terminate that remote access? This results in illogical loop. Also consider how to handle situations where a vendor is managing EACMS on behalf of the entity where disabling access to access controls seems causes that type of an illogical loop.  FERC has not ordered adding EACMS requirements to exactly the same requirements that apply to BCS as part of this Supply Chain initiative by merely changing the Applicable Systems column. There could be less restrictive requirements or new requirements based on risk that could apply te EACMS. We agree with the FERC Order that there should be additional requirements for those EACS assets that perform "access control" functions and not merely monitoring and logging functions. Given the absence of an attempt to modify the NERC defined term for EACMS to clarify the difference between EACS and EAMS, we do not agree with the addition of EACMS at this time as the current defined term for EACMS to clarify the difference between EACS and EAMS, we do not agree with the addition of EACMS at this time as the current defined term for EACMS to which these new requirements would apply is above and beyond the scope addressed in the FERC Order and the NERC Final Report.  For these reasons, keeping requirements applicable to EACMS in CIP-010 and CIP-013 addresses the FERC Order, however Southern believes the SDT sould remove EACMS fr	Document Name	
requirement from FERC Order 850. The SDT needs to address the scenario of terminating vendor remote access to the (EACMS) assets that are use allow and prevent vendor remote access. In essence, if I must only allow vendor remote access through an authorized and authenticated session an EACMS, and that EACMS is the asset I would use to prevent vendor remote access to a BCS, how then can I also prevent vendor remote access that very asset that I use to terminate that remote access? This results in illogical loop. Also consider how to handle situations where a vendor is managing EACMS on behalf of the entity where disabling access to access controls seems causes that type of an illogical loop.  FERC has not ordered adding EACMS requirements to exactly the same requirements that apply to BCS as part of this Supply Chain initiative by merely changing the Applicable Systems column. There could be less restrictive requirements or new requirements based on risk that could apply to EACMS. We agree with the FERC Order that there should be additional requirements for those EACS assets that perform "access control functions and not merely monitoring and logging functions. Given the absence of an attempt to modify the Nation for EACMS to clarify the differer between EACS and EAMS, we do not agree with the addition of EACMS at this time as the current definition of EACMS assets to which these new requirements would apply is above and beyond the scope addressed in the FERC Order and the NERC Final Report.  For these reasons, keeping requirements applicable to EACMS in CIP-010 and CIP-013 addresses the FERC Order, however Southern believes the SDT should remove EACMS from CIP-005 R2.4 and R2.5 until such time that the EACMS definition can be modified and new definitions of applicable systems be added to properly scope these requirements, and the SDT can address the infinite loop issues addressed above.  Likes 0  Dislikes 0  Response  Ronald Donahey - TECO - Tampa Electric Co 3  Answer  Document Name  Ronald Donahey - TeCO -	Comment	
Response  Ronald Donahey - TECO - Tampa Electric Co 3  Answer No  Document Name  Comment  Tampa Electric supports EEI comments which supports the addition of EACMS and agrees that modifications to the supply chain standards to addrese that sandard drafting team that is formed in response to our present directive may determine what EACMS functions are most important to the reliable operation of the Bulk-Power System and therefore should be included in the supply chain risk management Reliability Standard." (Order 850 P55) We also note that in the NERC Cyber Security Supply Chain Risks Report dated May 17, 2019; it recommended only "revising the standard to	requirement from FERC Order 850. The SE to allow and prevent vendor remote access. an EACMS, and that EACMS is the asset I with the terminate that I use to terminate that remanaging EACMS on behalf of the entity where the second entities and the second entitle the second entitle the second entities and the second entitle the s	In each to address the scenario of terminating vendor remote access to the (EACMS) assets that are used In essence, if I must only allow vendor remote access through an authorized and authenticated session at would use to prevent vendor remote access to a BCS, how then can I also prevent vendor remote access to emote access? This results in illogical loop. Also consider how to handle situations where a vendor is nere disabling access to access controls seems causes that type of an illogical loop.  irements to exactly the same requirements that apply to BCS as part of this Supply Chain initiative by lumn. There could be less restrictive requirements or new requirements based on risk that could apply to at there should be additional requirements for those EACS assets that perform "access control" functions tions. Given the absence of an attempt to modify the NERC defined term for EACMS to clarify the difference with the addition of EACMS at this time as the current definition of EACMS assets to which these new and the scope addressed in the FERC Order and the NERC Final Report.  Explicable to EACMS in CIP-010 and CIP-013 addresses the FERC Order, however Southern believes the R2.4 and R2.5 until such time that the EACMS definition can be modified and new definitions of applicable
Ronald Donahey - TECO - Tampa Electric Co 3  Answer No  Document Name  Comment  Tampa Electric supports EEI comments which supports the addition of EACMS and agrees that modifications to the supply chain standards to addree EACMS and specifically controls for ensuring reliability and security as stated in FERC Order 850 at P47 is appropriate. The Commission stated that "the standard drafting team that is formed in response to our present directive may determinewhat EACMS functions are most important to the reliable operation of the Bulk-Power System and therefore should be included in the supply chain risk management Reliability Standard." (Order 850 P55) We also note that in the NERC Cyber Security Supply Chain Risks Report dated May 17, 2019; it recommended only "revising the standard to	Likes 0	
Ronald Donahey - TECO - Tampa Electric Co 3  Answer No  Document Name  Comment  Tampa Electric supports EEI comments which supports the addition of EACMS and agrees that modifications to the supply chain standards to addre EACMS and specifically controls for ensuring reliability and security as stated in FERC Order 850 at P47 is appropriate. The Commission stated tha "the standard drafting team that is formed in response to our present directive may determinewhat EACMS functions are most important to the reliable operation of the Bulk-Power System and therefore should be included in the supply chain risk management Reliability Standard." (Order 850 P55) We also note that in the NERC Cyber Security Supply Chain Risks Report dated May 17, 2019; it recommended only "revising the standard to	Dislikes 0	
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(Chapter 2, Overview, P7) Hence, the Commission has provided the Standards Drafting Team sufficient latitude, within FERC Order 850, to focus th scope of EACMS based on supporting analysis.  Likes 0		

Dislikes 0		
Response		
Teresa Cantwell - Lower Colorado River	Authority - 5, Group Name LCRA Compliance	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
CIP-005 is not currently applicable to EACMS and PACS, along with items such as Electronic Security Perimeters, Electronic Access Points, and Interactive Remote Access. The proposed changes to CIP-005 R2.4 and R2.5 bring Interactive Remote Access applicability to EACMS / PACS. There should be clarity and differentiation between Interactive Remote Access for BES Cyber Systems / Protected Cyber Assets and vendor remote access for EACMS / PACS. Interactive Remote Access has additional controls, such as multi-factor authentication. The proposed changes can cause confusion on the applicability of Interactive Remote Access and other CIP-005 controls to EACMS and PACS.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Marc Donaldson - Tacoma Public Utilitie	s (Tacoma, WA) - 3	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
While the addition of PACS and EACMS may appear to meet the spirit of the FERC Order, the addition of these two device types to CIP-005 R2 Parts 2.4 and 2.5 poses a challenge. Interactive Remote Access relies on the presence of an Electronic Security Perimeter or an Electronic Access Point, neither of which is a requirement that applies to PACS or EACMS. In its current form, the addition of PACS and EACMS to CIP-005 R2 Parts 2.4 & 2.5 would only apply to system-to-system vendor remote access, and not vendor interactive remote access. There is more work to be done to include the intended target of IRA when adding PACS and EAMCS to the applicability column.		
Suggest either update the definition of IRA or remove the capitalization from the IRA term in requirement language of CIP-005 R2 Parts 2.4 & 2.5.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Kenya Streeter - Edison International - S	outhern California Edison Company - 6	
Answer	No	

Document Name	
Comment	
Please see comments submitted by Edison Electric Institute.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Terry Harbour - Berkshire Hathaway Ene	rgy - MidAmerican Energy Co 1,3
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
MidAmerican agrees with MRO NSRF comm	ments.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Wayne Guttormson - SaskPower - 1	
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
Support the MRO comments.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Masuncha Bussey - Duke Energy - 1,3,5,6 - SERC, Group Name Duke Energy	
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	

Duke Energy generally agrees with adding EACMS to the Supply Chain Standards as currently described above.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Constantin Chitescu - Ontario Power Generation Inc 5		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
OPG supports RSC comments.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Leonard Kula - Independent Electricity S	ystem Operator - 2	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
We agree conceptually with including EACMS but need to assess the risk and implementation.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Nicolas Turcotte - Hydro-Qu?bec TransEnergie - 1		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		

We agree conceptually on the intent but we think that there is a need to better define the requirements. The added requirements are in the IRA section of CIP-005 R2, one could think that for accessing the EACMS an Intermediate system is required.

Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Andy Fuhrman - Andy Fuhrman On Beha	lf of: Theresa Allard, Minnkota Power Cooperative Inc., 1; - Andy Fuhrman	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
reliability benefit associated with inclusion of revisions, however, confirms that they meet have reservations regarding the reliability be monitoring systems would contribute. More development projects that are evaluating the presented by NERC Staff in the NERC Supplegging) to high and medium impact BES Contact of these efforts and evaluate opportunity.	sector's comments in response to the Commission's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking regarding the dearth of f those assets that provide only monitoring and logging functions and capabilities. Review of the proposed the FERC directive set forth in Order 850. For the reasons cited in previous comments, MPC continues to enefit that the application of the CIP-013, CIP-005, and CIP-010 requirements to electronic access over, MPC also has concerns regarding: (1) the synergies between this project and other standards a current definition of EACMS and (2) the reconciliation of the implementation of the directive with findings only Chain report "to include those systems that provide electronic access control (excluding monitoring and layber Systems." MPC respectfully suggest that the ERO Enterprise and the SDT consider the codependent unities to better integrate them to ensure that future standards and definition modifications do not beget the cile each new set of revisions proposed by these different, but inter-dependent projects.	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Mark Gray - Edison Electric Institute - NA - Not Applicable - NA - Not Applicable		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
EEI supports the addition of EACMS and agrees that modifications to the supply chain standards to address EACMS and specifically controls for ensuring reliability and security as stated in FERC Order 850 at P47 is appropriate. The Commission stated that "the standard drafting team that is formed in response to our present directive may determinewhat EACMS functions are most important to the reliable operation of the Bulk-Power System and therefore should be included in the supply chain risk management Reliability Standard." (Order 850 at P55) We also note that in the NERC Cyber Security Supply Chain Risks Report dated May 17, 2019; it recommended only "revising the standard to include those systems that provide electronic access control (excluding monitoring and logging) to high and medium impact BES Cyber Systems." (Chapter 2, Overview, P7) Hence, the Commission has provided the Standards Drafting Team sufficient latitude, within FERC Order 850, to focus the scope of EACMS based on supporting analysis.  Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		

Response		
Ruida Shu - Northeast Power Coordinati	ng Council - 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10 - NPCC, Group Name RSC	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
We agree conceptually with including EACMS but need to assess the risk and implementation.  We agree conceptually on the intent but we think that there is a need to better define the requirements. The added requirements are in the IRA section of CIP-005 R2, one could think that for accessing the EACMS an Intermediate system is required.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Kevin Conway - Public Utility District No	. 1 of Pend Oreille County - 1	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Kelsi Rigby - APS - Arizona Public Service Co 5		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		

Tim Womack - Puget Sound Energy, Inc 3		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
LaTroy Brumfield - American Transmiss	ion Company, LLC - 1	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
sean erickson - Western Area Power Adı	ministration - 1	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 1	Jones Barry On Behalf of: Rosemary Jones, Western Area Power Administration, 1, 6;	
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Bruce Reimer - Manitoba Hydro - 1		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		

Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Anthony Jablonski - ReliabilityFirst - 10		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
David Reinecke - Seminole Electric Coop	perative, Inc 1,3,4,5,6	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Mark Garza - FirstEnergy - FirstEnergy Corporation - 4, Group Name FE Voter		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		

Anton Vu - Los Angeles Department of Water and Power - 6		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 1	Jones Barry On Behalf of: Rosemary Jones, Western Area Power Administration, 1, 6;	
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Dania Colon - Orlando Utilities Commiss	sion - 5	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
	- 1,3,4,5,6 - MRO,WECC,Texas RE,SERC,RF, Group Name ACES Standard Collaborations	
Answer	V	
	Yes	
Document Name	res	
Document Name Comment	res	
Comment	res	
Comment  Likes 0	res	
Comment  Likes 0  Dislikes 0	Yes	
Comment  Likes 0	Yes	
Comment  Likes 0  Dislikes 0  Response		
Comment  Likes 0  Dislikes 0  Response  Barry Jones - Barry Jones On Behalf of:	Rosemary Jones, Western Area Power Administration, 1, 6; - Barry Jones	
Comment  Likes 0  Dislikes 0  Response  Barry Jones - Barry Jones On Behalf of: Answer		
Comment  Likes 0  Dislikes 0  Response  Barry Jones - Barry Jones On Behalf of:	Rosemary Jones, Western Area Power Administration, 1, 6; - Barry Jones	

Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Dmitriy Bazylyuk - NiSource - Northern	Indiana Public Service Co 3
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Jamie Prater - Entergy - 5	
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Joshua Andersen - Salt River Project - 1	,3,5,6 - WECC
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Richard Jackson - U.S. Bureau of Recla	mation - 1

Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Roger Fradenburgh - Roger Fradenburgh	h On Behalf of: Nicholas Lauriat, Network and Security Technologies, 1; - Roger Fradenburgh
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Carl Pineault - Hydro-Qu?bec Production	n - 5
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Glen Farmer - Avista - Avista Corporation	n - 5
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	

Dislikes 0	
Response	
Bobbi Welch - Midcontinent ISO, Inc 2,	Group Name ISO/RTO Council Standards Review Committee 2019-03 Supply Chain Risks
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Meaghan Connell - Public Utility District	No. 1 of Chelan County - 5, Group Name PUD No. 1 of Chelan County
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Mark Ciufo - Mark Ciufo On Behalf of: Pa	nyam Farahbakhsh, Hydro One Networks, Inc., 1, 3; - Mark Ciufo
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Quintin Lee - Eversource Energy - 1, Group Name Eversource Group	
Answer	Yes

Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Jeff Icke - Colorado Springs Utilities - 5	
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Rachel Coyne - Texas Reliability Entity, I	nc 10
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Maryanne Darling-Reich - Black Hills Corporation - 1,3,5,6 - MRO,WECC	
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	

Response	
Jesus Sammy Alcaraz - Imperial Irrigati	on District - 1
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Daniel Gacek - Exelon - 1	
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
Exelon is aligning with EEI's comments for	r this question.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5	
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
Exelon has aligned with EEI's comment in	response to this question.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Becky Webb - Exelon - 6	

Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Kinte Whitehead - Exelon - 3	
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	

2. The SDT added PACS, with the currently approved definition as explained in the above Background section, to CIP-005-7, CIP-010-4 and CIP-013-2. Do you agree with adding PACS? If you do not agree, please provide your recommendation and, if appropriate, technical or procedural justification.	
Terry Harbour - Berkshire Hathaway Ene	ergy - MidAmerican Energy Co 1,3
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
MidAmerican agrees with MRO NSRF com	ments.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Kenya Streeter - Edison International - S	outhern California Edison Company - 6
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
Please see comments submitted by Edison Electric Institute.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Marc Donaldson - Tacoma Public Utilities (Tacoma, WA) - 3	
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	

While the addition of PACS and EACMS may appear to meet the spirit of the FERC Order, the addition of these two device types to CIP-005 R2 Parts 2.4 and 2.5 poses a challenge. Interactive Remote Access relies on the presence of an Electronic Security Perimeter or an Electronic Access Point, neither of which is a requirement that applies to PACS or EACMS. In its current form, the addition of PACS and EACMS to CIP-005 R2 Parts 2.4 & 2.5 would only apply to system-to-system vendor remote access, and not vendor interactive remote access. There is more work to be done to include the intended target of IRA when adding PACS and EAMCS to the applicability column.

Suggest either update the definition of IRA or remove the capitalization from the IRA term in requirement language of CIP-005 R2 Parts 2.4 & 2.5.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Teresa Cantwell - Lower Colorado River Authority - 5, Group Name LCRA Compliance	
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
CIP-005 is not currently applicable to EACMS and PACS, along with items such as Electronic Security Perimeters, Electronic Access Points, and Interactive Remote Access. The proposed changes to CIP-005 R2.4 and R2.5 bring Interactive Remote Access applicability to EACMS / PACS. There should be clarity and differentiation between Interactive Remote Access for BES Cyber Systems / Protected Cyber Assets and vendor remote access for EACMS / PACS. Interactive Remote Access has additional controls, such as multi-factor authentication. The proposed changes can cause confusion on the applicability of Interactive Remote Access and other CIP-005 controls to EACMS and PACS.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Ruida Shu - Northeast Power Coordinating Council - 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10 - NPCC, Group Name RSC	
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
We agree conceptually with including PACS but need to assess the risk and implementation. However, we expect a lower return on investment on PACS.	
There should be some awareness message on the change for CIP-010-4 R1.6 on third party or shared infrastructure.	
Was it intentional to not capitalize electronic access point in CIP-005 R2.5 bullet three of the measures?	

exception should be added or maybe it nee	ability of PACS on page 6 of the redlined standard document for CIP-010-4. We question whether the eds to also include part 1.1. I'm not sure it makes sense to include additional devices in part 1.6 that are not eved only when there is a change to the baseline defined in 1.1.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Pamela Hunter - Southern Company - So	outhern Company Services, Inc 1,3,5,6 - SERC, Group Name Southern Company
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
Southern DOES NOT agree with the addition of PACS as it has been proposed in these draft Standards as it does not align with the requirement from FERC Order 850. The SDTs has now inadvertently brought into scope corporate systems and applications that do not meet the defined terms of an Applicable System. Since PACS are not required to be in an ESP, and remote access to them is not required to traverse through an Intermediate System, then there is no existing outer boundary used for remote access to PACS assets that is in-scope. FERC has not ordered adding PACS requirements to exactly the same requirements that apply to BCS as part of this Supply Chain initiative by merely changing the Applicable Systems column. There could be less restrictive requirements or new requirements based on risk that could apply to PACS. We agree with the FERC Order and the NERC Study that there should be additional requirements for those PACS assets that perform "access control" functions and not merely monitoring and logging functions. Given the absence of an attempt to modify the NERC defined term for PACS to clarify the difference between PACS and PAMS, we do not agree with the addition of PACS at this time as the current definition of PACS assets to which these new requirements would apply is above and beyond the scope addressed in the FERC Order and the NERC Final Report.  For these reasons, keeping requirements applicable to PACS in CIP-010 and CIP-013 addresses the FERC Order and NERC Study, however Southern believes the SDT should remove PACS from CIP-005 R2.4 and R2.5 until such time that the PACS definition can be modified and new definitions of applicable systems be added to properly scope these requirements.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Darnez Gresham - Berkshire Hathaway E	inergy - MidAmerican Energy Co 3
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
MidAmerican agrees with MRO NSRF comments.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	

Response	
<b>Devin Shines - PPL - Louisville Gas and</b> Company	Electric Co 1,3,5,6 - SERC,RF, Group Name Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
R3, and move Part 2.4 and Part 2.5 to this and Intermediate Systems.	to CIP-005, CIP-010 and CIP-013, we suggest that the SDT consider creating a new requirement, CIP-005-7 new requirement. We believe that this will help to alleviate any confusion that may exist surrounding PACS
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Meaghan Connell - Public Utility District	No. 1 of Chelan County - 5, Group Name PUD No. 1 of Chelan County
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	

CHPD believes that the PACS should not be added per the following discussion.

The <u>Cyber Security Supply Chain Risks Staff Report and Recommended Actions</u> (May 17, 2019) recommended that PCAs be excluded from CIP-013-2 because 1) the risk is difficult to quantify and 2) there is not a direct 15-minute impact related to the PCA itself. The PCAs were excluded from CIP-010 and CIP-013, but included a recommendation to address them as a best practice.

PCAs, like PACS, have no direct 15-minute BES impact. PACS, unlike PCAs, do not reside within an ESP and have no network access to the BCS or related ESP. Therefore: if PCAs are not included, it seems logical for PACS to be treated in the same manner.

The NERC <u>Cyber Security Supply Chain Risks Staff Report and Recommended Actions</u> (May 17, 2019) reasoned that PCA could be excluded from CIP-010 and CIP-013 due to the following:

- 1. "The potential risk can be mitigated in part by technical controls, some of which are addressed in the CIP Reliability Standards and others which can be addressed in policies and procedures. For example, implementing access control lists, intrusion prevention systems, and malicious software prevention tools can be used to limit the risk posed by PCAs possibly impacting interconnected BES Cyber Systems" (p. 21).
- 2. The recommendation was to not include PCAs as "other controls deployed on the BES Cyber Systems under the CIP-007 and CIP-010 standards would protect the actual assets that could have a 15-minute impact if rendered unavailable, degraded, or misused" (p. 22).

In conclusion, CHPD agrees with the <u>Cyber Security Supply Chain Risks Staff Report and Recommended Actions</u> (May 17, 2019) recommendation to exclude PCAs in favor of a best practice approach and adequate cyber security controls. CHPD recommends that this same reasoning be extended to PACS due to the lower potential risk to the BES.

Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Greg Davis - Georgia Transmission Corporation - 1	
Answer	No
Document Name	

## Comment

GSOC and GTC do not agree with or support the addition of PACS to the applicable systems for the supply chain reliability standards. In particular, GSOC and GTC are concerned regarding NERC's conclusion in Chapter 3 of the Supply Chain Risks report that "...if compromised, misused, or rendered unavailable, PACS components could have a real-time impact on the reliability of the BES" because the conclusion is inconsistent with the current classification of PACS components in a category distinct from BES Cyber Assets, and because a compromise of a PACS would not have a real-time impact on the BES without a secondary action.

In accordance with the typical implementation of reliability standard CIP-002-5.1a and pursuant to the NERC-approved definition, if a cyber asset has or could have a direct impact on the reliability of the BES, it *must be characterized* as a BES Cyber Asset. A BES Cyber Asset is defined "[a] Cyber Asset that if rendered unavailable, degraded, or misused would, within 15 minutes of its required operation, misoperation, or non-operation, adversely impact one or more Facilities, systems, or equipment, which, if destroyed, degraded, or otherwise rendered unavailable when needed, would affect the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System. Redundancy of affected Facilities, systems, and equipment shall not be considered when determining adverse impact. Each BES Cyber Asset is included in one or more BES Cyber Systems." Importantly, cyber assets that are classified as PACS are classified as such because they perform unique functions required by the CIP reliability standards, including, but not limited to CIP-006, CIP-004, etc. Hence, where responsible entities identify cyber assets that ".... control, alert, or log access to the Physical Security Perimeter(s), exclusive of locally mounted hardware or devices at the Physical Security Perimeter such as motion sensors, electronic lock control mechanisms, and badge readers," such cyber assets are appropriately classified as PACS. Thus, it is difficult to reach the same conclusion as NERC and the SDT, e.g., that a compromise, misuse, or rendering unavailability to PACS components would directly affect the reliable operation of the BES.

More importantly, though, these definitions form the foundation of cyber asset classification and the overall industry interpretation of how its cyber assets should be classified. The assertion by NERC that PACS directly impact the reliability of the BES and the SDT's acceptance of this to justify their inclusion in the applicability for the supply chain reliability standards effectively upends nearly a decade of Commission, ERO, and industry precedent regarding what constitutes a BES Cyber Asset and what constitutes supporting cyber assets such as PACS.

GSOC and GTC acknowledge that the compromise, misuse, or rendering unavailable of PACS could be an initiating action for a secondary action of compromise, misuse, or rendering unavailable of a BES Cyber Asset or other cyber asset when determining adverse impact to the reliability of the BES. However, the singular, isolated cyber compromise to PACS without other secondary action does not and would not have real-time impacts on the reliability of the BES. More specifically, without a concurrent or subsequent physical compromise, the compromise, misuse, or rendering unavailable of a PACS alone cannot have a direct impact on the reliability of the BES. A second order of physical presence by way of entry into the Physical Security Perimeter must occur to impact reliability.

reliability standards, the BES Cyber Asset of action (physical security compromise) and or BES asset equipment) clearly demonstra PACS would not and should not (in the CIP directly impact the reliability of the BES.  NERC correctly refers to various Reliability CIP-009-6; CIP-010-2; and CIP-011-2. GSC compromise has to BES reliability impacts. standards. While GSOC and GTC understate.	etermining direct impacts is atypical generally and is also inapposite to the risk-based nature of the CIP definition, and the significance of asset redundancy as a risk mitigating strategy. The need for a secondary potentially- a tertiary action (e.g., the compromise, misuse, or rendering unavailable of a BES Cyber Asset tes that adverse action to PACS alone cannot directly impact the reliability of the BES. Given this reality, reliability standards risk based framework) require the same protections as those cyber assets that could standards that mitigate security risks relating to PACS. These include CIP-004-6; CIP-006-6; CIP-007-6; CIP-00
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Joshua Andersen - Salt River Project - 1,	3,5,6 - WECC
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
It's not clear what risk this is mitigating. Crit where needed in the event someone obtain	tical sites have additional protections (security guards) that are in place and will continue to provide visibility s unauthorized remote access to PACS.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Monika Montez - California ISO - 2 - WEC	c
Answer	No
Document Name	

### Comment

Although the CAISO acknowledges that PACS are as important to protect as the BCS in line with the FERC Order, we recommend to wait on wait with extending the program to PACS until after the upcoming CIP-005-6, CIP-010-3 and CIP-013-1 standards have been in effect for at least a two years to allow for the processes and controls to mature, to obtain any key learnings from implementing these protections and from audit experiences including

	the auditors. At that time the CAISO also proposes NERC issue a CIP-013-1 survey amongst the industry of the industry's supply chain security standard.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Nicolas Turcotte - Hydro-Qu?bec TransE	nergie - 1
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
We agree conceptually on the intent but wo	nder if there is a real benefits on the overall electric reliability.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Barry Jones - Barry Jones On Behalf of:	Rosemary Jones, Western Area Power Administration, 1, 6; - Barry Jones
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
, , , , ,	in Risks white paper recommendations excludes a) EACMS which provide monitoring and logging and b)

1. The **NERC Cyber Security Supply Chain Risks** white paper recommendations excludes a) EACMS which provide monitoring and logging and b) PACS which perform alarming and logging services. The applicability and definitions in the revisions do not distinguish between preventive (firewalls) and detective (monitoring/alarming/logging) EACMS and PACS. This leads to confusion when identifying and developing procedures for cyber assets in or out of scope, when determining compliance to the standard, and at audits or when processing risk, cause, corrective and enforcement actions.

Recommend either removing the references in all revisions or revise the SAR to include a separate class of Cyber Systems which perform either the preventive control (IPS, Firewalls) or detective control functions (IDS, logging and alerting)

2. The "Applicable Systems" language does not distinguish between medium EACMS and PACS with ERC, however ERC is a consideration when classifying systems in the Parts.

Recommend initiating a revision to the Applicable Systems and Parts to address only a) EACMS and PACS with ERC as follows:

"Physical Access Control Systems (PACS) with External Routable Connectivity – Applies to each Physical Access Control System with ERC and associated with a referenced high impact or medium impact BES Cyber System"

"Electronic Access Control or Monitoring Systems (EACMS) with External Routable Connectivity – Applies to each Electronic Access Control or Monitoring System with ERC and associated with a referenced high or medium impact BES Cyber System. Examples may include, but are not limited to, firewalls, authentication servers, and log monitoring and alerting systems."

3. CIP-010-4 — "Applicable Systems" — PA0 potentially adds Cyber Systems into scope	CS (pp5-6) includes for PACS "except as provided in Requirement R1, Part 1.6." This is confusing and which are not in scope
Recommend updating the Applicable Syste	ms definitions to match the Parts where ERC is or is not required.
	sh BCS with ERC from BCS without – in context, adds Cyber Systems to this requirement which are not in ber Security Supply Chain Risks white paper
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
John Galloway - John Galloway On Beha	alf of: Michael Puscas, ISO New England, Inc., 2; - John Galloway
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
on PACS.  There should be some awareness message Was it intentional to not capitalize electronic We agree with the proposed changes. We of for CIP-010-4. We question whether the ex-	PACS but needs to assess the risk and implementation. However, we expect a lower return on investment e on the change for CIP-010-4 R1.6 on third party or shared infrastructure.  C access point in CIP-005 R2.5 bullet three of the measures?  do see one issue with the change to the applicability of PACS on page 6 of the redlined standard document acception should be added or maybe it needs to also include part 1.1. I'm not sure it makes sense to include cluded in 1.1 given that 1.6 must be followed only when there is a change to the baseline defined in 1.1
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Ivesponse	
Ayman Samaan - Edison International - Southern California Edison Company - 1	
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
Please see comments submitted by Edison Likes 0	Electric Institute

Dislikes 0	
Response	
Jenifer Holmes - Alliant Energy Corporat	ion Services, Inc 4 - MRO,RF
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
Alliant Energy does not oppose the addition Cyber Systems with and without External R	of PACS, but agrees with the NSRF that consideration and clarity is needed around Medium Impact BES outable Connectivity.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
	Behalf of: James Mearns, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, 1, 3, 5; Marco Rios, Pacific Gas and acific Gas and Electric Company, 1, 3, 5; - Michael Johnson, Group Name PG&E All Segments
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
PG&E agrees with the addition of PACS but does not agree with the use of PACS as currently defined in the "Applicable System Columns in Tables" section of the Standard. Including PACS which only provide monitoring or alerting capabilities in the modifications extends what was indicated in the NERC supply chain study recommendation which indicated only "access control" capabilities. PG&E believes the risk of PACS which "only" provides monitoring and alerting capabilities is not the same as those which provide "access control" capabilities and should be excluded from the Standard. PG&E does indicate if a PACS provides access control while at the same time monitoring and/or alerting capabilities it should be covered by the Standard.	
PG&E recommends the definition in the "Applicable System Columns in Tables" section be altered to indicate only those PACS which provide "access control" and that PACS that only provide monitoring and alerting be excluded. A Technical Rationale document could be created to clearly indicate what type of PACS would be covered with examples to help clarify any confusion. A potential benefit in making the "Applicable Systems Column in Table" indicate PACS with only "access control" is to the Project 2016-02 SDT working on the separation of PACS into Cyber Assets for "access control" (PACS) and monitoring/alerting (PAMS). A clear indication of "access control" in the Project 2019-03 modifications could make it easier for the Project 201602 SDT to make conforming changes to CIP-005, CIP-010, and CIP-013 once they are ready to complete the work on the PACS separation.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	

Response		
Leonard Kula - Independent Electricity S	system Operator - 2	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
We agree conceptually with including PACS but need to assess the risk and implementation. However, we expect a lower return on investment on PACS.		
There should be some awareness message	e on the change for CIP-010-4 R1.6 on third party or shared infrastructure.	
Was it intentional to not capitalize electronic	c access point in CIP-005 R2.5 bullet three of the measures?	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Constantin Chitescu - Ontario Power Ge	neration Inc 5	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
OPG supports RSC comments.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Andrea Barclay - Georgia System Operations Corporation - 4		
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		

GSOC and GTC do not agree with or support the addition of PACS to the applicable systems for the supply chain reliability standards. In particular, GSOC and GTC are concerned regarding NERC's conclusion in Chapter 3 of the Supply Chain Risks report that "...if compromised, misused, or rendered unavailable, PACS components could have a real-time impact on the reliability of the BES" because the conclusion is inconsistent with the

current classification of PACS components in a category distinct from BES Cyber Assets, and because a compromise of a PACS would not have a real-time impact on the BES without a secondary action.

In accordance with the typical implementation of reliability standard CIP-002-5.1a and pursuant to the NERC-approved definition, if a cyber asset has or could have a direct impact on the reliability of the BES, it *must be characterized* as a BES Cyber Asset. A BES Cyber Asset is defined "[a] Cyber Asset that if rendered unavailable, degraded, or misused would, within 15 minutes of its required operation, misoperation, or non-operation, adversely impact one or more Facilities, systems, or equipment, which, if destroyed, degraded, or otherwise rendered unavailable when needed, would affect the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System. Redundancy of affected Facilities, systems, and equipment shall not be considered when determining adverse impact. Each BES Cyber Asset is included in one or more BES Cyber Systems." Importantly, cyber assets that are classified as PACS are classified as such because they perform unique functions required by the CIP reliability standards, including, but not limited to CIP-006, CIP-004, etc. Hence, where responsible entities identify cyber assets that ".... control, alert, or log access to the Physical Security Perimeter(s), exclusive of locally mounted hardware or devices at the Physical Security Perimeter such as motion sensors, electronic lock control mechanisms, and badge readers," such cyber assets are appropriately classified as PACS. Thus, it is difficult to reach the same conclusion as NERC and the SDT, e.g., that a compromise, misuse, or rendering unavailability to PACS components would directly affect the reliable operation of the BES.

More importantly, though, these definitions form the foundation of cyber asset classification and the overall industry interpretation of how its cyber assets should be classified. The assertion by NERC that PACS directly impact the reliability of the BES and the SDT's acceptance of this to justify their inclusion in the applicability for the supply chain reliability standards effectively upends nearly a decade of Commission, ERO, and industry precedent regarding what constitutes a BES Cyber Asset and what constitutes supporting cyber assets such as PACS.

GSOC and GTC acknowledge that the compromise, misuse, or rendering unavailable of PACS could be an initiating action for a secondary action of compromise, misuse, or rendering unavailable of a BES Cyber Asset or other cyber asset when determining adverse impact to the reliability of the BES. However, the singular, isolated cyber compromise to PACS without other secondary action does not and would not have real-time impacts on the reliability of the BES. More specifically, without a concurrent or subsequent physical compromise, the compromise, misuse, or rendering unavailable of a PACS alone cannot have a direct impact on the reliability of the BES. A second order of physical presence by way of entry into the Physical Security Perimeter must occur to impact reliability.

The inclusion of secondary actions when determining direct impacts is atypical generally and is also inapposite to the risk-based nature of the CIP reliability standards, the BES Cyber Asset definition, and the significance of asset redundancy as a risk mitigating strategy. The need for a secondary action (physical security compromise) and – potentially- a tertiary action (e.g., the compromise, misuse, or rendering unavailable of a BES Cyber Asset or BES asset equipment) clearly demonstrates that adverse action to PACS alone cannot directly impact the reliability of the BES. Given this reality, PACS would not and should not (in the CIP reliability standards risk based framework) require the same protections as those cyber assets that could directly impact the reliability of the BES.

NERC correctly refers to various Reliability Standards that mitigate security risks relating to PACS. These include CIP-004-6; CIP-006-6; CIP-007-6; CIP-009-6; CIP-010-2; and CIP-011-2. GSOC and GTC assert that these protections are sufficient given the attenuated relationship that a PACS compromise has to BES reliability impacts. For these reasons, GSOC and GTC oppose the inclusion/addition of PACS to the supply chain reliability standards. While GSOC and GTC understand the potential risks identified by NERC in Chapter 3 of its Supply Chain Risks report, they believe that these risks are already appropriately mitigated through the protections that are mandated for PACS within the existing set of CIP reliability standards.

Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Dana Klem - MRO - 1,2,3,4,5,6 - MRO	
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	

We agree with the addition of PACS (and EACMS) to CIP-005-7 and CIP-013-2, but a close examination of the currently approved definition(s) of PACS (and EACMS) prevents them from being added to Medium Impact BES Cyber Systems in CIP-010-4 Requirement R1, Part 1.6 as proposed.

PACS are currently defined as:

"Cyber Assets that control, alert, or log access to the Physical Security Perimeter(s), exclusive of locally mounted hardware or devices at the Physical Security Perimeter such as motion sensors, electronic lock control mechanisms, and badge readers."

PACS are tied to PSPs. PSPs only exist with respect to Medium Impact BES Cyber Systems for those with ERC per CIP-006-6 Requirement R1, Part 1.2. Medium Impact BES Cyber Systems without External Routable Connectivity are only required to define operational or procedural controls to restrict physical access; a PACS is not required.

We recommend, for clarity and consistency among CIP standards:

1.) Insert:

"Medium Impact BES Cyber Systems with External Routable Connectivity and their associated:

No

- 1. EACMS; and
- 2. PACS"

Answer

Between High Impact and Medium Impact Applicable Systems in CIP-010-4 Requirement R1, Part 1.6.

2.) Delete "except as provided in Requirement R1, Part 1.6" from the PACS description in the Background on p. 6.

Although the PACS applicability language does not directly affect CIP-005-7, we recommend that the new inclusion of PACS applicability in the Background on p. 6 include "with External Routable Connectivity" to be consistent with most of the standards. CIP-006-6 and CIP-007-6 should likewise be corrected during the next revision.

CIP-006-6 and CIP-007-6 language:

"Physical Access Control Systems (PACS) – Applies to each Physical Access Control System associated with a referenced high impact BES Cyber System or medium impact BES Cyber System."

CIP-004-6, CIP-009-6, CIP-010-3 and CIP-011-2 language:

"Physical Access Control Systems (PACS) – Applies to each Physical Access Control System associated with a referenced high impact BES Cyber System or medium impact BES Cyber System with External Routable Connectivity."

Also, in keeping with the same principle, for CIP-013-2, we suggest changing Requirement R1, "for high and medium impact BES Cyber Systems and their associated EACMS and PACS," to "for high and medium impact BES Cyber Systems, and EACMS and PACS associated with high impact BES Cyber Systems or medium impact BES Cyber Systems with External Routable Connectivity."

Likes 1	Jones Barry On Behalf of: Rosemary Jones, Western Area Power Administration, 1, 6;
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Bruce Reimer - Manitoba Hydro - 1	

Document Name	
Comment	
Background since it would bring PACS asso	estems but disagree with the language regarding PACS in CIP-013-2 R1 and CIP-010-4 Section 6 ociated with BCS w/o ERC into scope. Currently It has been commonly understood that only PACS to the CIP standards based on CIP-006 R1.1 requirement in which PACS is not required for medium impact following changes:
	nange "high and medium impact BES Cyber Systems and their associated EACMS and PACS" to "high and eir associated EACMS, and PACS associated with high impact BES Cyber Systems or medium impact BES nectivity."
For CIP-010-4, remove the wording "except	as provided in Requirement R1, Part 1.6." from Section 6 Background.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Scott Tomashefsky - Northern California	Power Agency - 4
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
Adding PACs is not necessary. The standard	ards as they are right now are just fine.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Dennis Sismaet - Northern California Po	wer Agency - 6
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
Adding PACS is not necessary. The standard	ards as they are right now are just fine.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	

Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
The <b>NERC Cyber Security Supply Chain Risks</b> white paper recommendations excludes a) EACMS which provide monitoring and logging and b) PACS which perform alarming and logging services. The applicability and definitions in the revisions do not distinguish between preventive (firewalls) and detective (monitoring/alarming/logging) EACMS and PACS. In addition, the Applicable Systems and language does not distinguish between EACMS and PACS with ERC. Recommend revising Definitions, Applicable Systems and Parts to address only EAMCS and PACS with ERC and which perform preventive security services.		
CIP-010-4 — Applicable Systems — PACS (pp5-6): current term of a PACS "except as provided in Requirement R1, Part 1.6." adds Cyber Systems into scope which are not in scope. It is not clear and confusing.		
CIP-010-4 R1.6 – does not distinguish BCS with ERC from BCS without – in context, adds Cyber Systems to this requirement which are not in scope for the FERC Order 850 or NERC Cyber Security Supply Chain Risks white paper		
Likes 1	Jones Barry On Behalf of: Rosemary Jones, Western Area Power Administration, 1, 6;	
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Marty Hostler - Northern California	Power Agency - 5	
Marty Hostler - Northern California Answer	Power Agency - 5 No	
<u> </u>		
Answer		
Answer  Document Name  Comment		
Answer  Document Name  Comment	No No	
Answer  Document Name  Comment  NO. Adding PACS is not necessary.	No No	
Answer  Document Name  Comment  NO. Adding PACS is not necessary.  Likes 0	No No	
Answer  Document Name  Comment  NO. Adding PACS is not necessary.  Likes 0  Dislikes 0	No No	
Answer  Document Name  Comment  NO. Adding PACS is not necessary.  Likes 0  Dislikes 0  Response	No No	
Answer  Document Name  Comment  NO. Adding PACS is not necessary.  Likes 0  Dislikes 0  Response	No  The Standards as they are right now are just fine.	
Answer  Document Name  Comment  NO. Adding PACS is not necessary.  Likes 0  Dislikes 0  Response  Mark Ciufo - Mark Ciufo On Behalf of	The Standards as they are right now are just fine.  of: Payam Farahbakhsh, Hydro One Networks, Inc., 1, 3; - Mark Ciufo	

Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Ronald Donahey - TECO - Tampa Electric Co 3	
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Tampa Elecric does not oppose the addition of PACS.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Mark Gray - Edison Electric Institute - NA	A - Not Applicable - NA - Not Applicable
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
EEI does not oppose the addition of PACS.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Douglas Webb - Douglas Webb On Behalf of: Allen Klassen, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; Derek Brown, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; James McBee, Great Plains Energy - Kansas City Power and Light Co., ; James McBee, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; Jennifer Flandermeyer, Great Plains Energy - Kansas City Power and Light Co., ; Marcus Moor, Great Plains Energy - Kansas City Power and Light Co., ; Marcus Moor, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; - Douglas Webb	
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Westar Energy, an Evergy company, supports Edison Electric Institutes responses to Question 2.	

Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Bobbi Welch - Midcontinent ISO, Inc 2,	Group Name ISO/RTO Council Standards Review Committee 2019-03 Supply Chain Risks	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
The IRC SRC requests clarification. Was it the SDT's intent not to capitalize "electronic access point" and "intermediate system" under CIP-005-7, requirement R2, part 2.5, bullet three under Measures?  NYISO doesn't understand the applicability for controls for remote access regarding PACS devices as implied within CIP-005 remote access requirements.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Amy Casuscelli - Xcel Energy, Inc 1,3,5	i,6 - MRO,WECC	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Xcel Energy supports EEI comments and does not oppose the addition of PACS.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
David Jendras - Ameren - Ameren Servic	es - 3	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Ameren agrees with and supports EEI comm	ments.	

Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Masuncha Bussey - Duke Energy - 1,3,5,6 - SERC, Group Name Duke Energy	
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Duke Energy generally agrees with adding PACS to the Supply Chain Standards as currently described above.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Jesus Sammy Alcaraz - Imperial Irrigation	on District - 1
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Maryanne Darling-Reich - Black Hills Corporation - 1,3,5,6 - MRO,WECC	
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	

Rachel Coyne - Texas Reliability Entity, Inc 10		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Jeff Icke - Colorado Springs Utilities - 5		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Quintin Lee - Eversource Energy - 1, Group Name Eversource Group		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Glen Farmer - Avista - Avista Corporation - 5		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		

Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Carl Pineault - Hydro-Qu?bec Producti	on - 5
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Andy Fuhrman - Andy Fuhrman On Be	half of: Theresa Allard, Minnkota Power Cooperative Inc., 1; - Andy Fuhrman
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Roger Fradenburgh - Roger Fradenbur	rgh On Behalf of: Nicholas Lauriat, Network and Security Technologies, 1; - Roger Fradenburgh
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Richard Jackson - U.S. Bureau of Recl	amation - 1

Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Jamie Prater - Entergy - 5	
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Dmitriy Bazylyuk - NiSource - Northern II	ndiana Public Service Co 3
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Jodirah Green - ACES Power Marketing - 1,3,4,5,6 - MRO,WECC,Texas RE,SERC,RF, Group Name ACES Standard Collaborations	
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	

Dislikes 0	
Response	
Dania Colon - Orlando Utilities Commiss	sion - 5
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Anton Vu - Los Angeles Department of V	Vater and Power - 6
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Eli Rivera - CenterPoint Energy Houston	Electric, LLC - NA - Not Applicable - Texas RE
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Mark Garza - FirstEnergy - FirstEnergy Corporation - 4, Group Name FE Voter	
Answer	Yes

Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
David Reinecke - Seminole Electric Coop	perative, Inc 1,3,4,5,6	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Andrea Jessup - Bonneville Power Admi	nistration - 1,3,5,6 - WECC	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Anthony Jablonski - ReliabilityFirst - 10		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		

Response		
LaTroy Brumfield - American Transmission Company, LLC - 1		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Tim Womack - Puget Sound Energy, Inc.	3	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Kelsi Rigby - APS - Arizona Public Servi	ce Co 5	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Tho Tran - Tho Tran On Behalf of: Lee M	laurer, Oncor Electric Delivery, 1; - Tho Tran	
Answer	Yes	
<b>Document Name</b>		

Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Kevin Conway - Public Utility District No.	. 1 of Pend Oreille County - 1	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Kinte Whitehead - Exelon - 3		
Answer		
Document Name		
Comment		
Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Becky Webb - Exelon - 6		
Answer		
Document Name		
Comment		
Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.		
Likes 0		

Dislikes 0		
Response		
Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5		
Answer		
Document Name		
Comment		
Exelon has aligned with EEI's comment in r	response to this question.	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Daniel Gacek - Exelon - 1		
Answer		
Document Name		
Comment		
Exelon is aligning with EEI's comments for this question.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		

3. Based on the addition of PACS to CIP-005 R2.4 and R2.5 and the lower risk they pose to the BES, the SDT has modified the associated VSL's. A violation of failing to have a method for determining OR disabling for PACS is listed as a Moderate VSL, and a violation of failing to have a method for determining AND disabling is listed as a High VSL. Do you agree with the modified VSLs? If you do not agree, please explain and provide your recommendation.			
Marty Hostler - Northern California Powe	er Agency - 5		
Answer	No		
Document Name			
Comment			
NO. They should be low, or better yet not a	a violation at all.		
Likes 1	Jones Barry On Behalf of: Rosemary Jones, Western Area Power Administration, 1, 6;		
Dislikes 0			
Response			
Dennis Sismaet - Northern California Po	wer Agency - 6		
Answer	No		
Document Name			
Comment			
They should be low, or better yet not a viola	They should be low, or better yet not a violation at all.		
Likes 1	Jones Barry On Behalf of: Rosemary Jones, Western Area Power Administration, 1, 6;		
Dislikes 0			
Response			
Scott Tomashefsky - Northern California	Power Agency - 4		
Answer	No		
Document Name			
Comment			
They should be low, or better yet not a violation at all.			
Likes 0			
Dislikes 0			

Response		
Masuncha Bussey - Duke Energy - 1,3,5,	6 - SERC, Group Name Duke Energy	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
Since PACS poses a lower risk to the BES,	Duke Energy suggests that the VSLs should be lowered and should be no higher than Low or Moderate.	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Dana Klem - MRO - 1,2,3,4,5,6 - MRO		
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
We agree with the modified VSLs, but helieve there are underlying problems with CIP 005 7 P2.4 and P2.5 as currently proposed		

We agree with the modified VSLs, but believe there are underlying problems with CIP-005-7 R2.4 and R2.5 as currently proposed.

1.) The requirements assume vendor remote access sessions and impose additional monitoring requirements upon all Responsible Entities regardless of whether or not a Responsible Entity permits vendor remote access sessions. There is no need for this ongoing requirement if an entity decides not to permit vendor remote access sessions and has ensured that such sessions are either blocked or not able to be established.

We recommend R2.4 be changed to add the following, or equivalent language, before the parenthesis:

"... where permitted and not otherwise blocked or unable to be established..."

R2.5 can then be changed to add "according to R2.4 above" before the parenthesis.

2.) Per the Background Information provided at the beginning of this comment form, we propose the following change to the Applicable Systems for R2.4 and R2.5 as a means of meeting the NERC supply chain report recommendations to include (i) EACMS that provide electronic access control (excluding monitoring and logging) (p. 7), and (ii) PACS that provide physical access control, excluding alerting and logging (p. 12) while retaining current definitions:

Expand EACMS to "EACMS that provide electronic access control (excluding monitoring and logging)," or equivalent language.

Expand PACS to "PACS that provide physical access control (excluding alerting and logging)"

Likes 1	Jones Barry On Behalf of: Rosemary Jones, Western Area Power Administration, 1, 6;
Dislikes 0	

## Response

Andrea Barclay - Georgia System Operations Corporation - 4		
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
While GSOC and GTC agree that the VSLs disagree with the addition of PACS to these	s and VRFs associated with the addition of PACS should be lower, as discussed above, GSOC and GTC e requirements.	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Andrea Jessup - Bonneville Power Admi	inistration - 1,3,5,6 - WECC	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
	rified to explain that failing to have one of the two methods required (determining OR disabling) is a moderate and methods (lacking BOTH a means to determine and lacking a means to disable) is a high VSL.	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Jenifer Holmes - Alliant Energy Corporate	tion Services, Inc 4 - MRO,RF	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
Alliant Energy agrees with the modified VSLs, but agrees with the NSRF that the language should be clarified for the scenario where a Responsible Entity does not permit vendor remote access sessions for some or all vendors.		
Alliant Energy also supports the NSRF's comments to update the applicability section to include only EACMS that provide electronic access control (excluding monitoring and logging) and PACS that provide physical access control (excluding alerting and logging).		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		

Response		
Ayman Samaan - Edison International - S	Southern California Edison Company - 1	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
Please see comments submitted by Edison	Electric Institute	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
John Galloway - John Galloway On Beha	alf of: Michael Puscas, ISO New England, Inc., 2; - John Galloway	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
ISO-NE disagrees with adding EACMS and PACS to CIP-005. CIP-005 was intended for access to High and PCA systems. In fact,		
EACMs are derived from the CIP-005 requi	rements.	
The CIP standards and requirements are structured to address security concerns based on the criticality and risk to the		
BES. EACMS and PACS do not incur the same security concerns and do not have the same criticality or risk to the BES;		
therefore, EACMS and especially PACS should not be treated the same as High or Medium Impact systems that have a		
direct correlation to the reliability of the BES. Additionally, the co-mingled definition of "access control and monitoring"		
inherently elevates systems with monitoring only capability to a high-water mark, adding the need to incorporate		
burdensome and costly controls to extremely low risk systems for little benefit.		
In support of the lower impact and risk, both VSLs should be listed as minimal to moderate.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		

Jodirah Green - ACES Power Marketing - 1,3,4,5,6 - MRO,WECC,Texas RE,SERC,RF, Group Name ACES Standard Collaborations

Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
and requirements already afforded to Vende	to PACS have to the operation of the BES, we feel the VSLs should be the lowest possible. The protections or remote access to PACS: access control, PRAs, training, etc., already reduce the risks PACS pose to the ctice, and do not have a high enough risk level to warrant a Medium or High VSL.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Dmitriy Bazylyuk - NiSource - Northern I	ndiana Public Service Co 3
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
Agree with Duke Energy's comment.	
'Since PACS poses a lower risk to the BES	, Duke Energy suggests that the VSLs should be lowered and should be no higher than Low or Moderate."
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Monika Montez - California ISO - 2 - WEC	C C
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
the program to PACS until after the upcomi the processes and controls to mature, to ob	CS are as important to protect as the BCS in line with the FERC Order, we recommend to wait on extending ng CIP-005-6, CIP-010-3 and CIP-013-1 standards have been in effect for at least a two years to allow for tain any key learnings from implementing these protections and from audit experiences including findings ditors. At that time the CAISO also proposes NERC issue a CIP-013-1 survey amongst the industry to collect industry's supply chain security standard.
Likes 0	

Dislikes 0		
Response		
Joshua Andersen - Salt River Project - 1,	3,5,6 - WECC	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
If PACS was added, which I disagree with, the modified VSLs can help at the time of enforcement, but don't help during implementation. VSLs are not evaluated when determining how to implement CIP requirements and VSLs do not influence the level of effort applied to protect the BES.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Andy Fuhrman - Andy Fuhrman On Beha	alf of: Theresa Allard, Minnkota Power Cooperative Inc., 1; - Andy Fuhrman	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
We agree with the modified VSLs, but believe	ve there are underlying problems with CIP-005-7 R2.4 and R2.5 as currently proposed.	
1.) The requirements assume vendor remote access sessions and impose additional monitoring requirements upon all Responsible Entities regardless of whether or not a Responsible Entity permits vendor remote access sessions. There is no need for this ongoing requirement if an entity decides not to permit vendor remote access sessions and has ensured that such sessions are either blocked or not able to be established.		
We recommend R2.4 be changed to add the	e following, or equivalent language, before the parenthesis:	
" where permitted and not otherwise blocked or unable to be established"		
R2.5 can then be changed to add "according to R2.4 above" before the parenthesis.		
2.) Per the Background Information provided at the beginning of this comment form, we propose the following change to the Applicable Systems for R2.4 and R2.5 as a means of meeting the NERC supply chain report recommendations to include (i) EACMS that provide electronic access control (excluding monitoring and logging) (p. 7), and (ii) PACS that provide physical access control, excluding alerting and logging (p. 12) while retaining current definitions:		
Expand EACMS to "EACMS that provide electronic access control (excluding monitoring and logging)," or equivalent language.		
Expand PACS to "PACS that provide physical access control (excluding alerting and logging)"		
Likes 0		

Dislikes 0		
Response		
Greg Davis - Georgia Transmission Corp	oration - 1	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
While GSOC and GTC agree that the VSLs and VRFs associated with the addition of PACS should be lower, as discussed above, GSOC and GTC disagree with the addition of PACS to these requirements.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Darnez Gresham - Berkshire Hathaway E	nergy - MidAmerican Energy Co 3	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
MidAmerican agrees with MRO NSRF comm	ments.	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Teresa Cantwell - Lower Colorado River	Authority - 5, Group Name LCRA Compliance	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
Based on response under question #2 above.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		

Kenya Streeter - Edison International - Southern California Edison Company - 6		
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
Please see comments submitted by Edison	Electric Institute.	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Terry Harbour - Berkshire Hathaway Energy - MidAmerican Energy Co 1,3		
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
MidAmerican agrees with MRO NSRF com	ments.	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Leonard Kula - Independent Electricity S	System Operator - 2	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
No Comments.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		

Michael Johnson - Michael Johnson On Behalf of: James Mearns, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, 1, 3, 5; Marco Rios, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, 1, 3, 5; Sandra Ellis, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, 1, 3, 5; - Michael Johnson, Group Name PG&E All Segments

Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
PG&E agrees with the indicated VSL assign	nments for PACS.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Nicolas Turcotte - Hydro-Qu?bec TransE	nergie - 1
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
No comments.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
David Jendras - Ameren - Ameren Servic	ces - 3
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Ameren agrees with and supports EEI comments.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Amy Casuscelli - Xcel Energy, Inc 1,3,5	5,6 - MRO,WECC
Answer	Yes
Document Name	

Comment		
Xcel Energy supports EEI comments and does not oppose the changes to VSLs.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Bobbi Welch - Midcontinent ISO, Inc 2,	, <b>Group Name</b> ISO/RTO Council Standards Review Committee 2019-03 Supply Chain Risks	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
NYISO doesn't understand the applicability for controls for remote access regarding PACS devices as implied within CIP-005 remote access requirements.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Douglas Webb - Douglas Webb On Behalf of: Allen Klassen, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; Derek Brown, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; James McBee, Great Plains Energy - Kansas City Power and Light Co., ; James McBee, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; Jennifer Flandermeyer, Great Plains Energy - Kansas City Power and Light Co., ; Marcus Moor, Great Plains Energy - Kansas City Power and Light Co., ; Marcus Moor, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; - Douglas Webb		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Westar Energy, an Evergy company, supports Edison Electric Institutes responses to Question 3.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Meaghan Connell - Public Utility District	No. 1 of Chelan County - 5, Group Name PUD No. 1 of Chelan County	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		

no access to BCS or ESP. CHPD believes BES. CHPD instead recommends a best p	to the BES than other classifications (BCA, EACMS, and PCA). PACS have no 15-minute BES impact and that PACS should be excluded from Project 2019-03 for CIP-010 and CIP-013 due to their lower risk to the ractice approach and adequate cyber security controls be applied to PACS for the same justification as to a Security Supply Chain Risks Staff Report and Recommended Actions (May 17, 2019, p. 21-22)
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Mark Gray - Edison Electric Institute - NA	A - Not Applicable - NA - Not Applicable
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
EEI supports the modifications made to the	VSLs.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Pamela Hunter - Southern Company - So	outhern Company Services, Inc 1,3,5,6 - SERC, Group Name Southern Company
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Southern supports the modifications to the However, see our comments in questions 1	VSL's.  and 2 with regard to the addition of EACMS and PACS assets to the scope of these new requirements.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Ronald Donahey - TECO - Tampa Electric	c Co 3
Answer	Yes

Comment

Document Name		
Comment		
Tampa Elecric supports the modifications made to the VSLs.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Kevin Conway - Public Utility District No	. 1 of Pend Oreille County - 1	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Tho Tran - Tho Tran On Behalf of: Lee M	aurer, Oncor Electric Delivery, 1; - Tho Tran	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Kelsi Rigby - APS - Arizona Public Service Co 5		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		

Dislikes 0		
Response		
Tim Womack - Puget Sound Energy, Inc.	- 3	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
LaTroy Brumfield - American Transmissi	ion Company, LLC - 1	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
sean erickson - Western Area Power Adı	ministration - 1	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Bruce Reimer - Manitoba Hydro - 1		
Answer	Yes	

Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Anthony Jablonski - ReliabilityFirst - 10		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Constantin Chitescu - Ontario Power Ge	neration Inc 5	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
David Reinecke - Seminole Electric Cooperative, Inc 1,3,4,5,6		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		

Response		
Mark Garza - FirstEnergy - FirstEnergy	Corporation - 4, Group Name FE Voter	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Eli Rivera - CenterPoint Energy Houston	n Electric, LLC - NA - Not Applicable - Texas RE	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Anton Vu - Los Angeles Department of Water and Power - 6		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Dania Colon - Orlando Utilities Commis		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		

Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Barry Jones - Barry Jones On Behalf of:	Rosemary Jones, Western Area Power Administration, 1, 6; - Barry Jones	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Jamie Prater - Entergy - 5		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Richard Jackson - U.S. Bureau of Reclamation - 1		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		

Roger Fradenburgh - Roger Fradenburgh On Behalf of: Nicholas Lauriat, Network and Security Technologies, 1; - Roger Fradenburgh	
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Carl Pineault - Hydro-Qu?bec Production - 5	
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Glen Farmer - Avista - Avista Corporatio	
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Library	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Devin Shines - PPL - Louisville Gas and Electric Co 1,3,5,6 - SERC,RF, Group Name Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company	
Answer	Yes
Document Name	

Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Ruida Shu - Northeast Power Coordination	ng Council - 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10 - NPCC, Group Name RSC	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Mark Ciufo - Mark Ciufo On Behalf of: Pa	yam Farahbakhsh, Hydro One Networks, Inc., 1, 3; - Mark Ciufo	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Quintin Lee - Eversource Energy - 1, Group Name Eversource Group		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		

Jeff Icke - Colorado Springs Utilities - 5		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Rachel Coyne - Texas Reliability Entity, I	inc 10	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Maryanne Darling-Reich - Black Hills Corporation - 1,3,5,6 - MRO,WECC		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Jesus Sammy Alcaraz - Imperial Irrigatio	n District - 1	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		

Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Marc Donaldson - Tacoma Public Utilitie	s (Tacoma, WA) - 3
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Daniel Gacek - Exelon - 1	
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
Exelon is aligning with EEI's comments for t	his question.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5	
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
Exelon has aligned with EEI's comment in response to this question.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	

Response	
Becky Webb - Exelon - 6	
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
Exelon will align with EEI's comments in res	sponse to this question.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Kinte Whitehead - Exelon - 3	
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	

4. The SDT is proposing a 12 month implementation plan. Do you agree with the proposed timeframe? If you think an alternate timeframe is needed, please propose an alternate implementation plan and time period, and provide a detailed explanation of actions planned to meet the implementation deadline.		
Terry Harbour - Berkshire Hathaway Energy - MidAmerican Energy Co 1,3		
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
MidAmerican agrees with MRO NSRF com	ments.	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Kenya Streeter - Edison International - Southern California Edison Company - 6		
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
Please see comments submitted by Edison	Electric Institute	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Maryanne Darling-Reich - Black Hills Co	rporation - 1,3,5,6 - MRO,WECC	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
We would prefer an 18 month implementati	on to better accommodate a budget cycle	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		

Ronald Donahey - TECO - Tampa Electric Co 3		
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
and PACS represents a significant expansion vendors each of which has different contract negotiate modified contracts with the many conducting negotiations with new vendors. jurisdictions. Therefore, the additional time	on that the SDT expand the proposed time for implementation plan to 18 months. The addition of EACMS on in scope for both hardware and software covered under existing contracts. Entities have a large volume of cts in place. Thus, for each of the vendors, entities will need to modify existing policies and processes and existing vendors to cover new equipment and systems. In addition, the new requirements will require In all cases, such efforts are time consuming, especially for entities that have many vendors in multiple to implement the standard is necessary.	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Quintin Lee - Eversource Energy - 1, Group Name Eversource Group		
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
Eversource suggests an 18-month implementation plan due to current experience with adding vendors to the initial Supply Chain project.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Mark Ciufo - Mark Ciufo On Behalf of: Payam Farahbakhsh, Hydro One Networks, Inc., 1, 3; - Mark Ciufo		
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
We recommend a longer implementation period than the proposed 12 months.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		

Response	
Ruida Shu - Northeast Power Coordinati	ing Council - 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10 - NPCC, Group Name RSC
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
NPCC recommends an 18 or 24 month Imp	plementation Plan due to entity budget cycles and significant increases in scope for the entity.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Pamela Hunter - Southern Company - So	buthern Company Services, Inc 1,3,5,6 - SERC, Group Name Southern Company
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
cycles for possible technological upgrades EACMS and PACS represents a significant volume of vendors each of which has differ processes and negotiate modified contracts will require conducting negotiations with ne	In this case, 18 months and suggests for the SDT to consider budget needed before implementation. In this case, 18 months would be a fair alternate time frame. The addition of the expansion in scope for both hardware and software covered under existing contracts. Entities have a large rent contracts in place. Thus, for each of the vendors, entities will need to modify existing policies and so with the many existing vendors to cover new equipment and systems. In addition, the new requirements are vendors. In all cases, such efforts are time consuming, especially for entities that have many vendors in conal time to implement the standard is necessary.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Darnez Gresham - Berkshire Hathaway B	Energy - MidAmerican Energy Co 3
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	

MidAmerican agrees with MRO NSRF comments.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Mark Gray - Edison Electric Institute - NA	A - Not Applicable - NA - Not Applicable	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
significant expansion in scope for both hard has different contracts in place. Thus, for e contracts with the many existing vendors to	proposed time for implementation plan to 18 months. The addition of EACMS and PACS represents a dware and software covered under existing contracts. Entities have a large volume of vendors each of which each of the vendors, entities will need to modify existing policies and processes and negotiate modified cover new equipment and systems. In addition, the new requirements will require conducting negotiations are time consuming, especially for entities that have many vendors in multiple jurisdictions. Therefore, the sinecessary.	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Douglas Webb - Douglas Webb On Behalf of: Allen Klassen, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; Derek Brown, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; James McBee, Great Plains Energy - Kansas City Power and Light Co., ; James McBee, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; Jennifer Flandermeyer, Great Plains Energy - Kansas City Power and Light Co., ; Marcus Moor, Great Plains Energy - Kansas City Power and Light Co., ; Marcus Moor, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; - Douglas Webb		
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
Westar Energy, an Evergy company, suppo	orts Edison Electric Institutes responses to Question 4	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Bobbi Welch - Midcontinent ISO, Inc 2,	Group Name ISO/RTO Council Standards Review Committee 2019-03 Supply Chain Risks	

Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
as time will be needed to justify costs and o scope. Depending upon how an entity imple 013 could result in significant impacts to an they will need to develop and implement a c time.	onth Implementation Plan to allow sufficient lead time for an entity to incorporate changes into their programs obtain budgets as well as developing approaches to accommodate the expansion of assets included in emented their initial Supply Chain Standards program, the proposed changes to CIP-005, CIP-010 and CIP-entity's program and may not be as simple as merely adding a few additional systems. For these entities, different process for EACMS and PACS systems. Therefore, the IRC SRC requests the SDT allow additional so joins the IRC SRC in the comments provided in response to Question 4.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Amy Casuscelli - Xcel Energy, Inc 1,3,5	5,6 - MRO,WECC
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
Xcel Energy supports EEI comments on this	s question and believes that an 18 month implementation period would be more appropriate.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Greg Davis - Georgia Transmission Corp	poration - 1
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
GSOC and GTC do not agree that the addit	tion of EACMS to the Supply Chain Standards is only administrative in nature.

The current applicability consists only of High and Medium Impact BES Cyber Systems and associated Protected Cyber Assets. The nature and makeup of systems that perform the function of electronic access control are materially different than those that perform functions of BES Cyber Systems. For instance, consider a substation environment. One can reasonably envision a program that consists entirely of protective relays, remote terminal units, data concentrator, carrier radios, etc. Note that the nature of all of these systems are embedded. Introduction of electronic access

control systems introduces entirely new classes of infrastructure, including software that may not even be considered in an entity's existing program. Therefore, we strongly disagree with the assertion that the changes are administrative.	
finalization for each year occurring in advan year in advance of the anticipated implemer	s within most electric utility organizations occur at least annually with budget and/or project planning and ce of the implementing year. Often, major system replacements and upgrades are planned more than a nting year. Further, responsible entities with contract/procurement management systems that are facilitating al/programming needs to modify these corporate procurement systems to include EACMS for compliance
For these reasons, GSOC and GTC recomm	nend a 24 month implementation plan.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
David Jendras - Ameren - Ameren Servic	es - 3
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
Ameren agrees with and supports EEI comr	ments.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Andy Fuhrman - Andy Fuhrman On Beha	If of: Theresa Allard, Minnkota Power Cooperative Inc., 1; - Andy Fuhrman
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
MPC does not agree that the addition of EACMS to the Supply Chain Standards is only administrative in nature. Budgeting and planning efforts within most electric utility organizations occur at least annually with budget and/or project planning and finalization for each year occurring in advance of the implementing year. Often, major system replacements and upgrades are planned more than a year in advance of the anticipated implementing year. Further, responsible entities with contract/procurement management systems that are facilitating their CIP-013 compliance may have technical/programming needs to modify these corporate procurement systems to include EACMS for compliance reporting purposes. For these reasons, MPC recommends an 18 month implementation plan.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	

Response		
Roger Fradenburgh - Roger Fradenburg	n On Behalf of: Nicholas Lauriat, Network and Security Technologies, 1; - Roger Fradenburgh	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
Because EACMS and PACS may be located outside of any Electronic Security Perimeter (Intermediate Systems MUST be outside any ESP), N&ST believes entities *could* find it necessary to define and implement controls for CIP-005 R2.4 and R2.5 for EACMS and PACS that are entirely different than the ones they have implemented for BES Cyber Systems and PCAs. Therefore, N&ST believes the implementation plan duration should be 18 months, not 12 months.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Richard Jackson - U.S. Bureau of Reclar	nation - 1	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
Reclamation recommends a 24 month implementation plan after the applicable governmental entity's order approving the standard to allow entities flexibility to determine the appropriate implementation.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Joshua Andersen - Salt River Project - 1	3,5,6 - WECC	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		

The proposed implementation timeline may not allow enough time for industry to properly gauge the effects of the preceding version of standards Subject to Enforcement. Based on the outcomes of the yet to become effective versions of the Standards, additional budget and time could be needed to implement the proposed updates. SRP would like to recommend an implementation timeline of 15 to 18 calendar months, starting in the next calendar quarter of the approval of CIP-005-7, CIP-010-4, and CIP-013-2.

Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Monika Montez - California ISO - 2 - WEC	C
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
as time will be needed to justify costs and o scope. Depending upon how an entity imple 013 could result in significant impacts to an	nth Implementation Plan to allow sufficient lead time for an entity to incorporate changes into their programs btain budgets as well as developing approaches to accommodate the expansion of assets included in emented their initial Supply Chain Standards program, the proposed changes to CIP-005, CIP-010 and CIP-entity's program and may not be as simple as merely adding a few additional systems. For these entities, different process for EACMS and PACS systems, so the IRC SRC requests the SDT allow additional time.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Nicolas Turcotte - Hydro-Qu?bec TransE	nergie - 1
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
Considering the scope of changes introduce	ed by SDT, we recommend an 18 or 24 month implementation plan.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Jamie Prater - Entergy - 5	
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	

Entergy proposes an 18 month implementation plan as was approved via Project 2016-03 for these standards. While the requirement language does not change, the inclusion of systems that were not originally included in the Project 2016-03 scope should allow for the same timeline of implementation

as entities must again evaluate compliance processes for BCA and PCA assets.	strategies for new sets of hardware and/or software that may not be compatible with the entity's expected
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Dmitriy Bazylyuk - NiSource - Northern I	ndiana Public Service Co 3
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
Agree with Duke Energy's comment.  "Duke Energy recommends a 24-month impobjectives, which could involve a longer tim	blementation plan as technical upgrades are likely necessary to meet the Reliability Standards' security e-horizon, capital budgets and planning cycles."
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Barry Jones - Barry Jones On Behalf of:	Rosemary Jones, Western Area Power Administration, 1, 6; - Barry Jones
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
18 months minimum	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
John Galloway - John Galloway On Beha	alf of: Michael Puscas, ISO New England, Inc., 2; - John Galloway
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	

Although adding the words EACMs and PA	CS to the requirements seems fairly innocuous. It can in fact be a significant
impact to an Entity's CIP compliance progra	am and approach. Entities may need to evaluate, procure and implement
new technologies and processes to incorpo	rate these systems.
Recommend a 24 month implementation.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Ayman Samaan - Edison International - S	Southern California Edison Company - 1
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
Please see comments submitted by Edison	Electric Institute
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Jenifer Holmes - Alliant Energy Corporati	tion Services, Inc 4 - MRO,RF
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
The addition of EACMS and PACS represe Entities have a large volume of vendors each	comments recommending that the SDT expand the proposed time for implementation plan to 18 months. nts a significant expansion in scope for both hardware and software covered under existing contracts. ch of which has different contracts in place. Thus, for each of the vendors, entities will need to modify attemodified contracts with the many existing vendors to cover new equipment and systems. In addition, the egotiations with new vendors.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	

Eli Rivera - CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric, LLC - NA - Not Applicable - Texas RE		
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
PACS vendors are the same for high and mexpansion of existing Supply Chain program substation) impact environments are very designed.	ussions, it appears that the basis for a 12-month implementation centers on an assumption that EACMS and redium impact BES Cyber Systems. This supposition would make it appear that it is a straightforward in section to EACMS and PACS. This is not true in all cases. Notably, the high (control center) and medium (ex. different.	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Mark Garza - FirstEnergy - FirstEnergy C	orporation - 4, Group Name FE Voter	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
FE recommends that the SDT expand the proposed time for implementation plan to 18 months. The addition of EACMS and PACS will result in a significant expansion in scope for both hardware and software covered under existing contracts. Entities will need to modify existing policies and processes and negotiate modified contracts with existing vendors to cover new equipment and systems. In addition, these new requirements will require conducting negotiations with new vendors. In all cases, such efforts are time consuming, especially for entities that have many vendors in multiple jurisdictions. Therefore, we feel additional time will be required to implement the standard.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Leonard Kula - Independent Electricity System Operator - 2		
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
NPCC recommends an 18 or 24 month Implementation Plan due to entity budget cycles and significant increases in scope for the entity.		
Likes 0		

Dislikes 0	
Response	
Andrea Jessup - Bonneville Power Admi	inistration - 1,3,5,6 - WECC
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
The addition of system-to-system access w months. Also, Projects 2016-02 and 2019-0	rill take defining and further investigation; BPA believes this is a larger change than we can accomplish in 12 definitions and implementation dates must be reconciled.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Constantin Chitescu - Ontario Power Ge	neration Inc 5
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
OPG supports RSC comments.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Andrea Barclay - Georgia System Opera	tions Corporation - 4
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	

GSOC and GTC do not agree that the addition of EACMS to the Supply Chain Standards is only administrative in nature.

The current applicability consists only of High and Medium Impact BES Cyber Systems and associated Protected Cyber Assets. The nature and makeup of systems that perform the function of electronic access control are materially different than those that perform functions of BES Cyber Systems. For instance, consider a substation environment. One can reasonably envision a program that consists entirely of protective relays, remote terminal units, data concentrator, carrier radios, etc. Note that the nature of all of these systems are embedded. Introduction of electronic access

control systems introduces entirely new classes of infrastructure, including software that may not even be considered in an entity's existing orogram. Therefore, we strongly disagree with the assertion that the changes are administrative.		
finalization for each year occurring in advan year in advance of the anticipated implemen	s within most electric utility organizations occur at least annually with budget and/or project planning and ace of the implementing year. Often, major system replacements and upgrades are planned more than a nting year. Further, responsible entities with contract/procurement management systems that are facilitating cal/programming needs to modify these corporate procurement systems to include EACMS for compliance	
For these reasons, GSOC and GTC recomm	mend a 24 month implementation plan.	
Likes 1	Jones Barry On Behalf of: Rosemary Jones, Western Area Power Administration, 1, 6;	
Dislikes 0		
Response		
David Klass MDO 400450 MDO		
Dana Klem - MRO - 1,2,3,4,5,6 - MRO	N.	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
entities will need to prove compliance then	th implementation plan. The SDT is already changing yet to be effective Standards whereby applicable add additional compliance attributes (PACS and EACMS). There may be new entities who will need to start a satisfy these new attributes. Recommend an 18-month implementation plan.	
Likes 1	Jones Barry On Behalf of: Rosemary Jones, Western Area Power Administration, 1, 6;	
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Masuncha Bussey - Duke Energy - 1,3,5,	6 - SERC, Group Name Duke Energy	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
Duke Energy recommends a 24-month implementation plan as technical upgrades are likely necessary to meet the Reliability Standards' security objectives, which could involve a longer time-horizon, capital budgets and planning cycles.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		

Scott Tomasnersky - Northern California	Power Agency - 4	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
Should be 48 months or longer.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Dennis Sismaet - Northern California Po	wer Agency - 6	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
Should be 48-months or longer.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
sean erickson - Western Area Power Administration - 1		
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
We propose an 18 month implementation plan in order to address change management: understand the impact to existing programs, processes and documentation, revise existing documentation, develop and implement changes and test changes for integrity.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Marty Hostler - Northern California Power Agency - 5		
Answer	No	

Document Name	
Comment	
NO. Should be 48-months, or longer.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
LaTroy Brumfield - American Transmiss	ion Company, LLC - 1
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
ATC reccommends the SDT modify the cur	rent implementation plan to allow entities 18 months to fully implement the proposed changes.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Tho Tran - Tho Tran On Behalf of: Lee M	aurer, Oncor Electric Delivery, 1; - Tho Tran
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
18 month is more reasonable since 12 mon	th will be hard for entities that have many vendors to meet the requirement.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Kevin Conway - Public Utility District No	. 1 of Pend Oreille County - 1
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	

	ouces or time to allocate with only a one year implementation. Typically our budgets are very tight and are ger implementaiton time assures we have resouces that can be allocated through the annual budget process.	
Likes 1	Jones Barry On Behalf of: Rosemary Jones, Western Area Power Administration, 1, 6;	
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Wayne Guttormson - SaskPower - 1		
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
Support the MRO comments.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Jennifer Wright - Sempra - San Diego Gas and Electric - 5		
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
SDG&E supports EEI's recommendation the	at the SDT expand the proposed time for the implementation plan to 18 months.	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
	Behalf of: James Mearns, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, 1, 3, 5; Marco Rios, Pacific Gas and Pacific Gas and Electric Company, 1, 3, 5; - Michael Johnson, Group Name PG&E All Segments	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		

be able to follow the same plans and processignificant changes to the plans or processes	implementation plan. PG&E believes the Cyber Assets being brought into scope for this modification should asses being developed for the BES Cyber Systems (BCS) under CIP-013-1. PG&E does not anticipate as would need to be done exempt for an indicating that EACMS and PACS must be covered, and believes accurement and implementation of the Part 1.2 controls for EACMS and PACS should be able to be done
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Marc Donaldson - Tacoma Public Utilitie	s (Tacoma, WA) - 3
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Jesus Sammy Alcaraz - Imperial Irrigatio	n District - 1
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Teresa Cantwell - Lower Colorado River	Authority - 5, Group Name LCRA Compliance
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	

Meaghan Connell - Public Utility District	No. 1 of Chelan County - 5, Group Name PUD No. 1 of Chelan County
Response	
Dislikes 0	
Likes 0	
17	
Comment	
Document Name	
Answer	Yes
Company	Electric Co 1,3,5,6 - SERC,RF, Group Name Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities
Response	
Dislikes 0	
Likes 0	
Comment	
Document Name	
Answer	Yes
Jeff Icke - Colorado Springs Utilities - 5	
Response	
Dislikes 0	
Likes 0	
Comment	
Document Name	
Answer	Yes
Rachel Coyne - Texas Reliability Entity,	Inc 10
Response	
Dislikes 0	

Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Glen Farmer - Avista - Avista Corporation	n - 5
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Carl Pineault - Hydro-Qu?bec Production	n - 5
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Jodirah Green - ACES Power Marketing	- 1,3,4,5,6 - MRO,WECC,Texas RE,SERC,RF, Group Name ACES Standard Collaborations
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	

Dislikes 0	
Response	
Dania Colon - Orlando Utilities Commiss	sion - 5
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Anton Vu - Los Angeles Department of V	Vater and Power - 6
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
David Reinecke - Seminole Electric Coop	
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Anthony Jablonski - ReliabilityFirst - 10	
Answer	Yes

Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Bruce Reimer - Manitoba Hydro - 1		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Tim Womack - Puget Sound Energy, Inc.	3	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Kelsi Rigby - APS - Arizona Public Service Co 5		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		

Answer  Document Name  Comment  Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.  Likes 0 Dislikes 0 Response  Becky Webb - Exelon - 6 Answer Document Name  Comment  Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.  Likes 0 Dislikes 0 Response  Comment  Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.  Likes 0 Dislikes 0 Response  Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5 Answer Document Name	Response	
Answer  Document Name  Comment  Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.  Likes 0 Dislikes 0 Response  Becky Webb - Exelon - 6 Answer Document Name  Comment  Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.  Likes 0 Dislikes 0 Response  Comment  Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.  Likes 0 Dislikes 0 Response  Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5 Answer Document Name		
Comment  Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.  Likes 0 Dislikes 0 Response  Becky Webb - Exelon - 6 Answer Cocument Name  Comment  Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.  Comment  Commen	Kinte Whitehead - Exelon - 3	
Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.  Likes 0 Dislikes 0 Response  Becky Webb - Exelon - 6 Answer Cocument Name Comment  Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.  Likes 0 Dislikes 0 Response  Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5 Answer Cocument Name	Answer	
Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.  Likes 0 Dislikes 0 Response  Becky Webb - Exelon - 6 Answer Document Name Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.  Likes 0 Dislikes 0 Response  Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5 Answer Document Name	Document Name	
Likes 0 Dislikes 0 Response  Backy Webb - Exelon - 6 Answer Document Name Comment Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question. Likes 0 Dislikes 0 Response  Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5 Answer Document Name	Comment	
Dislikes 0  Response  Becky Webb - Exelon - 6  Answer Document Name  Comment  Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.  Likes 0 Dislikes 0 Response  Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5  Answer Document Name	Exelon will align with EEI's comments in res	sponse to this question.
Response  Becky Webb - Exelon - 6  Answer  Document Name  Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.  Likes 0  Dislikes 0  Response  Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5  Answer  Document Name	Likes 0	
Becky Webb - Exelon - 6  Answer  Document Name  Comment  Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.  Likes 0  Dislikes 0  Response  Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5  Answer  Document Name	Dislikes 0	
Answer Document Name Comment Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.  Likes 0 Dislikes 0 Response Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5 Answer Document Name	Response	
Answer Document Name Comment Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.  Likes 0 Dislikes 0 Response Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5 Answer Document Name		
Comment  Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.  Likes 0  Dislikes 0  Response  Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5  Answer  Document Name	Becky Webb - Exelon - 6	
Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.  Likes 0 Dislikes 0 Response  Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5 Answer Document Name	Answer	
Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this question.  Likes 0 Dislikes 0 Response  Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5 Answer Document Name	Document Name	
Likes 0 Dislikes 0 Response Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5 Answer Document Name	Comment	
Dislikes 0  Response  Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5  Answer  Document Name	Exelon will align with EEI's comments in res	sponse to this question.
Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5 Answer Document Name	Likes 0	
Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5 Answer Document Name	Dislikes 0	
Answer Document Name	Response	
Answer Document Name		
Document Name	Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5	
	Answer	
Comment	Document Name	
	Comment	
Exelon has aligned with EEI's comment in response to this question.		
Likes 0	Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	Dislikes 0	
Resnanse	Response	
100polluo		

Daniel Gacek - Exelon - 1		
Answer		
Document Name		
Comment	Comment	
Exelon is aligning with EEI's comments for this question.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		

5. The SDT proposes that the modifications in CIP-005-7, CIP-010-4 and CIP-013-2 meet the FERC directives in a cost effective manner. Do you agree? If you do not agree, or if you agree but have suggestions for improvement to enable more cost effective approaches, please provide your recommendation and, if appropriate, technical or procedural justification.		
sean erickson - Western Area Power Adr	ninistration - 1	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
requirement to have multi-departmental per-	chain and CIP-010 R1.6 and CIP-013 R1.2.5 - integrity of software in the supply chain, as well as the sonnel, updates to existing documentation, new documentation, changes to systems and contract changes sands of dollars in personnel, systems and process work.	
Likes 1	Jones Barry On Behalf of: Rosemary Jones, Western Area Power Administration, 1, 6;	
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Dennis Sismaet - Northern California Pov	ver Agency - 6	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
NERC needs to include the real costs of all	new regulations they are imposing not the low ball figures they have provided in the past.	
The costs impacts on entities due to the constant changing of Standards and having entities change documents we just changed needs to be included. Lost productivity time cost of getting modified documents and budgets approved and implemented (once again due to NERC program changes) by our governing boards cost of lost opportunities!		
Also they need to include costs for specific new FTEs (SMEs, persons to insure project controls in place, persons to quality check new controls). Plus they need to include cost of changing/Updating existing plans and policies, cost to send out new RFPs to Vendors, cost for additional/updated Vendor reviews per another set a CIP standards changes.		
NERC is proposing these new changes when the Supply Chain Standard has not even taken effect yet nor have prior approved CIP-005 and 10 July 1, 2020 effectives versions.		

	unnecessary and costly to entities; let only confusing to use, our governing boards, and have little, if any, real
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Bruce Reimer - Manitoba Hydro - 1	
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
A scope change of applicable CIP system a	always cause additional compliance cost. We don't know whether the current change is cost-effective or not.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Dana Klem - MRO - 1,2,3,4,5,6 - MRO	
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
One member entity estimated the following	costs and provides a recommendation:

Depending on the entity, the costs associated with the proposed changes may range between an annualized cost of \$80K (80 to 100 hours per person) and \$500K per entity. This does not include capital expenditures for technologies which manage vendor access, which may exceed \$5M per entity.

This is based on the need to:

- a. Develop, update and implement procedures and training for multiple departments and their personnel.
- b. Perform updates to existing categorization processes to ensure the identification and controls exist to meet and exceed the requirements in the revisions.
- c. Identify existing or implement new technologies to manage supplier or vendor remote access solutions. This includes efforts in integration and changes to systems, contracts, processes and internal compliance program metrics.

Recommend utilizing existing CIP program processes to meet the requirements. For example, CIP-013 R1.5 requires software integrity in the supply chain. CIP-010 R1.6 requires software integrity. CIP-007 R2 also requires integrity in software security patches. Aligning those standards into a single meaningful standard could improve cost effectiveness.

Likes 1	Jones Barry On Behalf of: Rosemary Jones, Western Area Power Administration, 1, 6;	
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Andrea Barclay - Georgia System Operat	ions Corporation - 4	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
reliability standards would not be cost-effect	rrent flexibility in implementation that the CIP reliability standards provide, the inclusion of PACS in the CIP ive as it will provide no direct benefits to the reliability of the BES. Further, as these systems are not not cost-effective to unnecessarily include them.	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Andrea Jessup - Bonneville Power Admi	nistration - 1,3,5,6 - WECC	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
BPA supports WAPA's comment as follows:  "The costs associated with ensuring supply chain and CIP-010 R1.6 and CIP-013 R1.2.5 - integrity of software in the supply chain, as well as the requirement to have multi-departmental personnel, updates to existing documentation, new documentation, changes to systems and contract changes will cost industry and ratepayers many thousands of dollars in personnel, systems and process work."		
Likes 1	Jones Barry On Behalf of: Rosemary Jones, Western Area Power Administration, 1, 6;	
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Michael Johnson - Michael Johnson On Behalf of: James Mearns, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, 1, 3, 5; Marco Rios, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, 1, 3, 5; Sandra Ellis, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, 1, 3, 5; - Michael Johnson, Group Name PG&E All Segments		
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		

	cost effective at this time. This is based on the current effort to implement CIP-013-1 has not been completed is is not known. PG&E would have preferred to answer this question as "Unknown", but the option was not
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Jenifer Holmes - Alliant Energy Corporate	tion Services, Inc 4 - MRO,RF
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
Alliant Energy agrees with the NSRF's com	ments.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Ayman Samaan - Edison International - S	Southern California Edison Company - 1
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
Please see comments submitted by Edison	Electric Institute
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Barry Jones - Barry Jones On Behalf of:	Rosemary Jones, Western Area Power Administration, 1, 6; - Barry Jones
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	

NERC should perform an impact analysis a	s part of the SAR process. Every change impacts existing documentation and process stacks.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Dmitriy Bazylyuk - NiSource - Northern I	ndiana Public Service Co 3
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
In order to properly evaluate and fund requifunding and process changes that would be	ired changes a longer implementation period of 24 months is required. This is necessary to obtain possible e necessary.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Monika Montez - California ISO - 2 - WEC	CC CC
Answer	No
Document Name	
Comment	
Although the CAISO acknowledges that EACMS and PACS are as important to protect as the BCS in line with the FERC Order, we recommend to wait on wait with extending the program to EACMS and PACS until after the upcoming CIP-005-6, CIP-010-3 and CIP-013-1 standards have been in effect for at least a two years to allow for the processes and controls to mature, to obtain any key learnings from implementing these protections and from audit experiences including findings and areas of concerns identified by the auditors to ensure they are implemented in the most cost-effective manner. At that time the CAISO also proposes NERC issue a CIP-013-1 survey amongst the industry to collect recommendations for improvement of the industry's supply chain security standard.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Joshua Andersen - Salt River Project - 1	,3,5,6 - WECC
Answer	No
Document Name	

Comment		
The FERC order states this is only an "increased paperwork burden" which I disagree with. Where does this include the actual ongoing monitoring of activity and maintaining an adequate level of training personnel across multiple parts of the power systems that know how to respond?		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Richard Jackson - U.S. Bureau of Reclar	mation - 1	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
Prior to proposing additional modifications, Reclamation recommends each SDT take additional time to effectively define the scope of each Standard Authorization Request to minimize the costs associated with the planning and adjustments required to achieve compliance with frequently changing requirements. This will provide entities economic relief by allowing technical compliance with current standards.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Greg Davis - Georgia Transmission Corp	ooration - 1	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
While GSOC and GTC acknowledge the current flexibility in implementation that the CIP reliability standards provide, the inclusion of PACS in the CIP reliability standards would not be cost-effective as it will provide no direct benefits to the reliability of the BES. Further, as these systems are not included in the FERC directive, it is certainly not cost-effective to unnecessarily include them.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Darnez Gresham - Berkshire Hathaway Energy - MidAmerican Energy Co 3		
Answer	No	

Document Name		
Comment		
MidAmerican agrees with MRO NSRF comments.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Kenya Streeter - Edison International - S	outhern California Edison Company - 6	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
Please see comments submitted by Edison	Electric Institute	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Terry Harbour - Berkshire Hathaway Ene	ergy - MidAmerican Energy Co 1,3	
Answer	No	
Document Name		
Comment		
MidAmerican agrees with MRO NSRF comments.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Nicolas Turcotte - Hydro-Qu?bec TransE	Energie - 1	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		

No comments		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Pamela Hunter - Southern Company - So	outhern Company Services, Inc 1,3,5,6 - SERC, Group Name Southern Company	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
business another way by adding EACMS at to track, store, and recall the data addressing	can be executed in a cost-effective manner. There will be an undue cost and burden initially to conduct and PACS to CIP-005 R2.4 and R2.5. Other costs will include providing new technology if not already presenting the assessments provided by CIP vendors. One suggestion would be to allow the additional time budget cycles for any possible technology upgrades.	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Maryanne Darling-Reich - Black Hills Co	rporation - 1,3,5,6 - MRO,WECC	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Re-use of existing terms is easier and more cost effective than introducing new terms and/or requirements.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Kevin Conway - Public Utility District No	. 1 of Pend Oreille County - 1	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		

Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Kelsi Rigby - APS - Arizona Public Servic	ce Co 5	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
LaTroy Brumfield - American Transmissi	on Company, LLC - 1	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Anthony Jablonski - ReliabilityFirst - 10		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		

Constantin Chitescu - Ontario Power Generation Inc 5		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
David Reinecke - Seminole Electric Coop	perative, Inc 1,3,4,5,6	
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Mark Garza - FirstEnergy - FirstEnergy C		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Anton Vu - Los Angeles Department of Water and Power - 6		
Answer	Yes	
Document Name		
Comment		

Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
John Galloway - John Galloway On Beha	ılf of: Michael Puscas, ISO New England, Inc., 2; - John Galloway
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Dania Colon - Orlando Utilities Commiss	ion - 5
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Jodirah Green - ACES Power Marketing	1,3,4,5,6 - MRO,WECC,Texas RE,SERC,RF, Group Name ACES Standard Collaborations
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Jamie Prater - Entergy - 5	

Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Roger Fradenburgh - Roger Fradenburgh	n On Behalf of: Nicholas Lauriat, Network and Security Technologies, 1; - Roger Fradenburgh
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Andy Fuhrman - Andy Fuhrman On Beha	alf of: Theresa Allard, Minnkota Power Cooperative Inc., 1; - Andy Fuhrman
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Carl Pineault - Hydro-Qu?bec Production	n - 5
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	

Dislikes 0	
Response	
Glen Farmer - Avista - Avista Corporation	on - 5
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Meaghan Connell - Public Utility District	t No. 1 of Chelan County - 5, Group Name PUD No. 1 of Chelan County
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Devin Shines - PPL - Louisville Gas and Company	Electric Co 1,3,5,6 - SERC,RF, Group Name Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Ruida Shu - Northeast Power Coordinat	ing Council - 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10 - NPCC, Group Name RSC

Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Jeff Icke - Colorado Springs Utilities - 5	
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Teresa Cantwell - Lower Colorado River	Authority - 5, Group Name LCRA Compliance
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Jesus Sammy Alcaraz - Imperial Irrigation District - 1	
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	

Dislikes 0	
Response	
Marc Donaldson - Tacoma Public Utilitie	s (Tacoma, WA) - 3
Answer	Yes
Document Name	
Comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Tho Tran - Tho Tran On Behalf of: Lee M	aurer, Oncor Electric Delivery, 1; - Tho Tran
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
N/A	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Marty Hostler - Northern California Powe	r Agency - 5
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
The costs impacts on entities due to the cor	of all new regulations they are imposing not the low ball figures they have provided in the past.  Instant changing of Standards and having entities change documents we just changed needs to be ing modified documents and budgets approved and implemented (once again due to NERC program post opportunities!

Also they need to include costs for specific new FTEs (SMEs, persons to insure project controls in place, persons to quality check new controls). Plus they need to include cost of changing/Updating existing plans and policies, cost to send out new RFPs to Vendors, cost for additional/updated Vendor reviews per another set a CIP standards changes. NERC is proposing these new changes when the Supply Chain Standard has not even taken effect yet nor have prior approved CIP-005 and 10 July 1, 2020 effectives versions. And now they are proposing changes to these standards, again. They are working on more proposed changes, see project 2016-02. In my view all these multiple changes and proposals are unnecessary and costly to entities; let only confusing to use, our governing boards, and have little, if any, real reliability value. Likes 1 Jones Barry On Behalf of: Rosemary Jones, Western Area Power Administration, 1, 6; Dislikes 0 Response Scott Tomashefsky - Northern California Power Agency - 4 Answer **Document Name** Comment NERC needs to include the real costs of all new regulations they are imposing not the low ball figures they have provided in the past. The costs impacts on entities due to the constant changing of Standards and having entities change documents we just changed needs to be included. Lost productivity time cost of getting modified documents and budgets approved and implemented (once again due to NERC program changes) by our governing boards cost of lost opportunities! Also they need to include costs for specific new FTEs (SMEs, persons to insure project controls in place, persons to quality check new controls). Plus they need to include cost of changing/Updating existing plans and policies, cost to send out new RFPs to Vendors, cost for additional/updated Vendor reviews per another set a CIP standards changes. NERC is proposing these new changes when the Supply Chain Standard has not even taken effect yet nor have prior approved CIP-005 and 10 July 1, 2020 effectives versions. And now they are proposing changes to these standards, again. They are working on more proposed changes, see project 2016-02. In my view all these multiple changes and proposals are unnecessary and costly to entities; let only confusing to use, our governing boards, and have little, if any, real reliability value. Likes 0 Dislikes 0 Response

Leonard Kula - Independent Electricity System Operator - 2

Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
No Comments.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Daniel Gacek - Exelon - 1	
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
Exelon is aligning with EEI's comments for t	this question.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
David Jendras - Ameren - Ameren Servic	es - 3
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
Ameren agrees with and supports EEI comm	ments.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5	
Answer	
Document Name	

Comment	
Exelon has aligned with EEI's comment in r	esponse to this question.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Becky Webb - Exelon - 6	
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
Exelon will align with EEI's comments in res	sponse to this question.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Amy Casuscelli - Xcel Energy, Inc 1,3,5	5,6 - MRO,WECC
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
Xcel Energy takes no position on the cost e	ffectiveness of the proposed changes.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Great Plains Energy - Kansas City Power Energy - Kansas City Power and Light C	If of: Allen Klassen, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; Derek Brown, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; James McBee, r and Light Co.,; James McBee, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; Jennifer Flandermeyer, Great Plains o.,; John Carlson, Great Plains Energy - Kansas City Power and Light Co.,; Marcus Moor, Great Light Co.,; Marcus Moor, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; - Douglas Webb
Answer	
Document Name	

Comment	
Westar Energy, an Evergy company, support	rts Edison Electric Institutes responses to Question 5.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Kinte Whitehead - Exelon - 3	
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
Exelon will align with EEI's comments in res	sponse to this question.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Quintin Lee - Eversource Energy - 1, Gro	up Name Eversource Group
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
No comment	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Rachel Coyne - Texas Reliability Entity, In	nc 10
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	

Texas RE does not have comments on this question.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Ronald Donahey - TECO - Tampa Electric	c Co 3	
Answer		
Document Name		
Comment		
Tampa Electric takes no position as to the cost effectiveness of the proposed changes		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		

6. Provide any additional comments for t	the standard drafting team to consider, if desired.
Terry Harbour - Berkshire Hathaway Ene	rgy - MidAmerican Energy Co 1,3
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
MidAmerican agrees with MRO NSRF com	ments.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Kenya Streeter - Edison International - S	outhern California Edison Company - 6
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
Please see comments submitted by Edison	Electric Institute
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Maryanne Darling-Reich - Black Hills Co	rporation - 1,3,5,6 - MRO,WECC
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
The proposed changes to include EACMS a	and PAC to the CIP-010-4 requirements seem reasonable, but will add to workload.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	

Teresa Cantwell - Lower Colorado River	Authority - 5, Group Name LCRA Compliance
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
None.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Ronald Donahey - TECO - Tampa Electric	c Co 3
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
affect the reliable operation of high and med develop more targeted modification that only In addition to the concerns stated above, Et 2.5. While on the surface the change might dilemma. The language can be read to oblig disabling a user account for EACMS (e.g., Vinstall a firewall for the firewall). Unfortunate again install another firewall creating an ensimply removing PACS and EACMS from the EEI also urges the SDT to develop Implementation.	cations that include only those EACMS whose compromise by way of the cybersecurity supply chain can dium impact BES Cyber Systems.") With this in mind, we encourage the SDT to reevaluate its approach and y address the known risks associated with EACMS that perform the function of controlling electronic access. El also disagrees with the change made to proposed Reliability Standard CIP-005-7, Requirement 2, Subpart appear to address the order, the change can be interpreted in such a way that would create an untenable gate entities to not just terminate vendor access through methods such as disabling rules within a firewall or Windows domain controller) but also to require entities to block all vendor access to the EACMS itself (i.e., ely, this solution is unworkable because the new firewall would become a new EACMS obligating the entity to adless loop of new obligations (i.e., you've entered the "hall of mirrors"). To resolve this issue, we recommend the applicability section of Requirement R2, Subpart 2.5.  The changes offered raise dimplement solutions that achieve effective compliance. Such guidance will help entities to better by the SDT.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Rachel Coyne - Texas Reliability Entity, I	nc 10
Answer	

Document Name	
Comment	
utilizing Interactive Remote Access (IRA) to	S and EACMS were not added as applicable systems for Parts 2.1-2.3. In the scenario where a vendor is a BCA or PCA, Parts 2.1-2.5 would be applicable. However, if the vendor is utilizing IRA to a PACS or ble. This would mean no Intermediate System, no encryption, or multi-factor authentication is required. should be added.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Ruida Shu - Northeast Power Coordinatii	ng Council - 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10 - NPCC, Group Name RSC
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
	nat was carried over from the previous version. The existing text reads "but has performed a vulnerability ever, it should read "but has performed a vulnerability assessment more than 18 months, but less than 21
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Pamela Hunter - Southern Company - So	uthern Company Services, Inc 1,3,5,6 - SERC, Group Name Southern Company
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
Southern's comments were detailed in Ques	stions 1-5.
Likes 0	

Response	
Darnez Gresham - Berkshire Hathaway E	nergy - MidAmerican Energy Co 3
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
MidAmerican agrees with MRO NSRF com	ments.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Mark Gray - Edison Electric Institute - NA	A - Not Applicable - NA - Not Applicable
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
represent a known risk to the BES. (see Ortypes of EACMS and their associated levels only those EACMS whose compromise by the second se	all EACMS while the Commission provided the SDT with enough latitude to include only those EACMS that der 850, P51 where the Commission states "[We] leave it to the standard drafting team to assess the various of risks. We are confident that the standard drafting team will be able to develop modifications that include way of the cybersecurity supply chain can affect the reliable operation of high and medium impact BES Cybers the SDT to reevaluate its approach and develop more targeted modification that only address the known the function of controlling electronic access.
2.5. While on the surface the change might dilemma. The language can be read to oblidisabling a user account for EACMS (e.g., vinstall a firewall for the firewall). Unfortunate to again install another firewall creating and	El also disagrees with the change made to proposed Reliability Standard CIP-005-7, Requirement 2, Subpart appear to address the order, the change can be interpreted in such a way that would create an untenable igate entities to not just terminate vendor access through methods such as disabling rules within a firewall or Nindows domain controller) but also to require entities to block all vendor access to the EACMS itself (i.e., ely, this solution is unworkable because the new firewall would become a new EACMS obligating the entity endless loop of new obligations (i.e., you've entered the "hall of mirrors"). To resolve this issue, we ACMS from the applicability section of Requirement R2, Subpart 2.5.
	entation Guidance for Industry review and comment on the proposed changes. The changes offered raise d implement solutions that achieve effective compliance. Such guidance will help entities to better by the SDT.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	

Kinte Whitehead - Exelon - 3		
Answer		
Document Name		
Comment		
Exelon will align with EEI's comments in res	sponse to this question.	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Douglas Webb - Douglas Webb On Behalf of: Allen Klassen, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; Derek Brown, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; James McBee, Great Plains Energy - Kansas City Power and Light Co., ; James McBee, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; Jennifer Flandermeyer, Great Plains Energy - Kansas City Power and Light Co., ; John Carlson, Great Plains Energy - Kansas City Power and Light Co., ; Marcus Moor, Westar Energy, 1, 6, 5, 3; - Douglas Webb		
Answer		
Document Name		
Comment		
Westar Energy, an Evergy company, suppo	orts Edison Electric Institutes responses to Question 6.	
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Bobbi Welch - Midcontinent ISO, Inc 2,	Group Name ISO/RTO Council Standards Review Committee 2019-03 Supply Chain Risks	
Answer		
Document Name		
Comment		

- 1. The IRC SRC recommends the SDT for Project 2019-03: Cyber Security Supply Chain Risks reach out to the SDT for Project 2019-02: BCSI Access Management to explore whether the vendor-related requirements currently proposed under Project 2019-02; i.e. CIP-011-3, requirement R1, part 1.4 "to identify, assess, and mitigate risks in cases where vendors store Responsible Entity's BES Cyber System Information," would be a better fit with the existing requirements under CIP-013 and, if so, discuss what would be needed to incorporate those changes into CIP-013-2. Additional support for exploring this recommendation is provided below in the form of a divergence in language between the two SDTs.
- 2. The IRC SRC requests the SDT collaborate with the SDT for Project 2019-02 to clarify and align the intent of CIP-013-2 requirement R1 with the proposed language for CIP-011-3, requirement R1, part 1.4. Currently, the language of CIP-013-2, R1, part 1.1 only requires an entity to "identify and assess cyber security risks," there is no mention of mitigation (see excerpt below):

"One or more process(es) used in planning for the procurement of BES Cyber Systems and their associated EACMS and PACS to identify and assess cyber security risk(s) to the Bulk Electric System from vendor products or services resulting from: (i) procuring and installing vendor equipment and software; and (ii) transitions from one vendor(s) to another vendor(s)."

Conversely, the parallel SDT team working on Project 2019-02: BCSI Access Management has *proposed* language for CIP-011-3, requirement R1, part 1.4 that will require an entity to "identify, assess and *mitigate* risks in cases where vendors store Responsible Entity's BES Cyber System Information."

The IRC SRC requests the SDT collaborate with the SDT for Project 2019-02 to clarify and align the intent of this proposal with respect to mitigation:

- a. Modify the language under proposed under CIP-011-3, requirement R1, part 1.4 to align with CIP-013-2, requirement R1, part 1.1 OR
- b. Migrate all proposed vendor-related requirements under Project 2019-02: BCSI Access Management (i.e. CIP-011-3, requirement R1, part 1.4) to Project 2019-03: Cyber Security Supply Chain Risks so that they can be addressed collectively under CIP-013-2.

The IRC SRC believes the SDT has the latitude under the SAR to undertake this consolidation per the Project Scope:

"This team will work to coordinate with other ongoing CIP development projects to ensure alignment with any changes to definition or standards and requirements."

Note: CAISO (segment 2, WECC region) also joins the IRC SRC in the comments provided in response to Question 6.

Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Amy Casuscelli - Xcel Energy, Inc 1,3,	5,6 - MRO,WECC
Answer	
Document Name	

## Comment

Xcel Energy supports EEI comments on this question. In addition, upon evaluation of the addition of EACMS to CIP-005-6 R2.4 and R2.5, Xcel Energy has recognized that the requirement may limit additional controls to address the risks the requirement part is intended to address. This situation may create additional administrative burden without the consummate benefits that could be gained through policy or procedural controls.

In CIP-005-6 R2.4 the Requirement states that a Responsible Entity (RE) shall "have one or more methods for determining active vendor remote access sessions (including Interactive Remote Access and system-to-system remote access)". In CIP-005-6 R2.5 the requirement states that a RE shall "have one or more method(s) to disable active vendor remote access (including Interactive Remote Access and system-to-system remote access)." Both requirements assume that RE have systems that have the capability of Vendor Remote Access (VRA) and that the RE allows for VRA if capability exists.

Many entities may have systems that are not capable of VRA or do not allow for VRA in their programs. Yet the requirement as written would still force a RE to implement methods to determine VRA sessions and implement methods to disable VRA sessions.

Xcel Energy believes that this issue would be eliminated by adding limited language to the Requirements that reduces the scope to only those REs that allow for VRA.

Xcel Energy proposes adding the following or similar language to achieve this goal:

CIP-005-6 R2 4:		
CIP-005-6 R2.4:  "Where the Responsible Entity permits vendor remote access, have one or more methods for determining active vendor remote access sessions (including Interactive Remote Access and system-to-system remote access)."		
CIP-005-6 R2.5:  "Where the Responsible Entity permits vend Interactive Remote Access and system-to-s	dor remote access, have one or more method(s) to disable active vendor remote access (including	
Xcel Energy believes these changes can be	e made within the scope of the current Standard Authorization Request (SAR). In the purpose section of the	
SAR the Standard Drafting Team (SDT) is directed to address directives issued by FERC in Order 850 and consider NERC Staff recommendations from the NERC Staff Report. In the Cyber Security Supply Chain Risks Staff Report where they state in the Recommended Actions to Address the Risks section of CH2, P9-10 that recommended actions should "include recommendations to address EACMS risks in the process(es) used to procure BES Cyber Systems that would address identified risks specific to CIP-013-1 Requirement R1 Parts R1.2.1 through R1.2.6, as applicable, and identify existing or planned vendor mitigation strategies or procedures that address each identified risk as follows:"		
• "Specific to CIP-013-1 Requirement R1 Parts R1.2.3 and R1.2.6, include recommendations relative to coordinated controls between the entity and applicable vendors associated with CIP-005-6 (Parts 2.4 and 2.5) for managing active vendor remote access sessions to and/or through EACMS cyber asset types".		
In the process of addressing risk of VRA the SDT should recognize that a VRA risk is being addressed through policy or procedural controls, which current Requirement language does not allow for. If EACMS were included in the scope of the original Supply Chain project this ambiguity in requirement language could have been addressed at that time.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Becky Webb - Exelon - 6		
Answer		
Document Name		
Comment		
Exelon will align with EEI's comments in response to this guestion		

Likes 0

Dislikes 0	
Response	
Cynthia Lee - Exelon - 5	
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
Exelon has aligned with EEI's comment in r	esponse to this question.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
David Jendras - Ameren - Ameren Servic	ses - 3
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
Ameren agrees with and supports EEI com	ments.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Richard Jackson - U.S. Bureau of Reclan	nation - 1
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
in CIP-010-4 Part 1.6, CIP-013-2 R1, R1.1,	buld include "BES Cyber Systems, and their associated EACMS and PACS" as Applicable Systems (such as R1.2, R1.2.5). If associated PCAs are not included, the rest of the cyber assets within an Electronic Security, PCA patches may be inadvertently loaded with Trojan Horses, malicious sniffers, etc., which may affect the g BES Cyber Systems.
LIVE2 A	

Dislikes 0	
Response	
Monika Montez - California ISO - 2 - WEC	С
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
Management to explore whether the vendor 1.4 "to identify, assess, and mitigate risks in the existing requirements under CIP-013 an exploring this recommendation is provided by During discussion with a member of the SD of CIP-013-2, R1, part 1.1 only requires an explore or more process(es) used in planning to cyber security risk(s) to the Bulk Electric Systemate; and (ii) transitions from one vendor That said, the parallel SDT team working on 1.4 that will require an entity to "identify, asses	Project 2019-02: BCSI Access Management has <i>proposed</i> language for CIP-011-3, requirement R1, part
,	
, ,	gation for <i>all</i> assets under CIP-013, requirement R1, part 1.1, the IRC SRC requests the SDT to:
<ul> <li>Modify the language under CIP-013</li> </ul>	-2, requirement R1, part 1.1 to mirror the language proposed under CIP-011-3, requirement R1, part 1.4 <b>OR</b>
Migrate all proposed vendor-related requirer Supply Chain Risks so that they can be add	ments under Project 2019-02; i.e. CIP-011-3, requirement R1, part 1.4, to Project 2019-03: Cyber Security ressed collectively under CIP-013-2.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Nicolas Turcotte - Hydro-Qu?bec TransE	nergie - 1
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	

To prevent possible confusion we suggest t 013).	hat all modifications proposed for CIP-005 and CIP-010 should be documented in one CIP standard (CIP-
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Barry Jones - Barry Jones On Behalf of:	Rosemary Jones, Western Area Power Administration, 1, 6; - Barry Jones
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
required, and citations for the basis. Recomrecommendations.  2. Consider revising CIP-002 to identify all of	ritten and inaccurate at best. The intent of the SAR is to communicate the ask, the specifics around what is mend revising the SAT to include the specific FERC Order and NERC technical paper requirements and different Cyber System and Cyber Asset types and their ability to be accessed locally and remotely (physical
and electronic). Distinguish between EACM audit requirements and are agreeable to inc	S and PACS which provide preventive and detective controls and identify internal controls which meet the dustry
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Jodirah Green - ACES Power Marketing -	· 1,3,4,5,6 - MRO,WECC,Texas RE,SERC,RF, Group Name ACES Standard Collaborations
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
We would like to thank the SDT for allowing	us to comment on the proposed changes.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Daniel Gacek - Exelon - 1	
Answer	

Document Name	
Comment	
Exelon is aligning with EEI's comments for t	his question.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Jenifer Holmes - Alliant Energy Corporat	ion Services, Inc 4 - MRO,RF
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
Alliant Energy agrees with NSRF and EEI's	comments.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
	Behalf of: James Mearns, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, 1, 3, 5; Marco Rios, Pacific Gas and Pacific Gas and Electric Company, 1, 3, 5; - Michael Johnson, Group Name PG&E All Segments
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
PG&E agrees with the EEI input on Question based on how it could be interpreted. This is	on 6 regarding the modification to CIP-005-7, Requirement R2, Part 2.5 creating an untenable dilemma is based on the EEI comment of:
	ties to not just terminate vendor access through methods such as disabling rules within a firewall or disabling domain controller) but also to require entities to block all vendor access to the EACMS itself (i.e., install a
	required to block all access to the EACMS by installing a separate firewall, the newly installed firewall would be another firewall installed creating an endless loop of new obligations.

While the EEI recommendation indicates to in the modification not meeting FERC's dire	remove EACMS from the Applicability Section of Requirement R2, Part 2.5, PG&E believes this would resultative in Order 850.
	age be modified to indicate the endless loop condition is not the intended purpose of the modification, or it is not the intended purpose of the Requirement. The preferred solution is Requirement language since n guidance.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Mark Garza - FirstEnergy - FirstEnergy C	corporation - 4, Group Name FE Voter
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
FirstEnergy urges the SDT to develop Imple	ementation Guidance for Industry review and comment on the proposed changes.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Eli Rivera - CenterPoint Energy Houston	Electric, LLC - NA - Not Applicable - Texas RE
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
CEHE supports the additional comments as	s submitted by the Edison Electric Institute.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Leonard Kula - Independent Electricity S	ystem Operator - 2
Answer	
Document Name	

Comment	
During our discussion with the SDT SME the mitigation will be required in CIP-013-2 R1.	ne SME indicated that mitigation would be required for CIP-013-2 R1 and TFIST request written clarification
	hat was carried over from the previous version. The existing text reads "but has performed a vulnerability vever, it should read "but has performed a vulnerability assessment more than 18 months, but less than 21
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Constantin Chitescu - Ontario Power Ge	neration Inc 5
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
OPG supports RSC comments.	
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Anthony Jablonski - ReliabilityFirst - 10	
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
	Protected Cyber System (PCS) per CIP [Definitions: Project 2016-02 Modifications to CIP Standards] not the PCA [or PCS] is equal to the highest rated BCS in the same ESP?
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Dana Klem - MRO - 1,2,3,4,5,6 - MRO	
Answer	

Document Name		
Comment		
Comments:		
1.) Recommend the SDT for Project 2019-03: Cyber Security Supply Chain Risks reach out to the SDT for Project 2019-02: BCSI Access Management to explore whether the vendor-related requirements currently proposed under Project 2019-02, i.e. CIP-011-3, requirement R1, part 1.4, "to identify, assess, and mitigate risks in cases where vendors store Responsible Entity's BES Cyber System Information," would be a better fit with the existing requirements under CIP-013 and, if so, discuss what would be needed to incorporate those changes into CIP-013-2. Additional support for exploring this recommendation is provided below, showing the divergence in language between the two SDTs.		
.) A SDT member indicated in conversation that mitigation would be required for CIP-013-2 requirement R1. The current language of CIP-013-2, R1, art 1.1, only requires an entity to "identify and assess cyber security risks;" there is no mention of mitigation.		
Conversely, the parallel SDT team working on Project 2019-02: BCSI Access Management has proposed language for CIP-011-3, requirement R1, part .4, that will require an entity to		
mplement one or more documented information protection program(s) including "Processes to identify, assess, and mitigate risks in cases where vendors store Responsible Entity's BES Cyber System Information."		
We request the SDT, in order to avoid duplic	cation of requirements across multiple standards, to collaborate with the SDT for Project 2019-02 to either:	
- Migrate all vendor-related requirements cu	rrently proposed under CIP-011-3, R1, Part 1.4 to CIP-013-2,	
OR		
• Drop any plans to introduce mitigation in CIP-011-3, R1, Part 1.4 and defer to the language in the existing, similar requirement under CIP-013-1, R1, Part 1.1.		
Ve believe the SDT has the latitude under the SAR to undertake this consolidation per the Project Scope:		
'This project will address the directives issued by FERC in Order No. 850. This project will also consider NERC staff recommendation from the Supply Chain Report. This team will work to coordinate with other ongoing CIP development projects to ensure alignment with any changes to definition or standards and requirements."		
Likes 1	Jones Barry On Behalf of: Rosemary Jones, Western Area Power Administration, 1, 6;	
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Masuncha Bussey - Duke Energy - 1,3,5,6 - SERC, Group Name Duke Energy		
Answer		
Document Name		
Comment		
Duke Energy suggests the following:		

reside within an ESP, the focus of this stand before such traffic even gets to ESP firewall	o go beyond ESP boundary to monitor vendor remote access. Since all EACMS and PACS system don't dard will shift beyond ESP boundary, where will be required to monitor and possibly terminate such access I. Duke Energy believes only EACMS or PACS devices that reside within an ESP should be the focus of this rotection at the ESP level doesn't get derailed.
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Bruce Reimer - Manitoba Hydro - 1	
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
We suggest moving revised CIP-011-2 R1.4 risk management.	4 to CIP-013 R1.1 to address BCSI cloud services provider's risks since it really belongs to the supply chain
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Scott Tomashefsky - Northern California	Power Agency - 4
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
FERC/NERC should be vetting Vendors and stamping it for appropriate use.	d creating a list for us. Similar to Underwriter Labs (UL) reviewing, vetting, and testing equipment, then
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Dennis Sismaet - Northern California Pov	wer Agency - 6
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	

I feel FERC/NERC should be vetting Vendo stamping it for appropriate use.	ors and creating a list for us. Similar to Underwriter Labs (UL) reviewing, vetting, and testing equipment, then
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
sean erickson - Western Area Power Adr	ninistration - 1
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
Consider revising CIP-002 to identify a	y written please revise to include the FERC Order and NERC technical paper requirements all different Cyber System and Cyber Asset types and their ability to be accessed locally and remotely en EACMS and PACS which provide preventive and detective controls and identify internal controls which able to industry
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Marty Hostler - Northern California Powe	r Agency - 5
Answer	
Document Name	
Comment	
I feel FERC/NERC should be vetting Vendo stamping it for appropriate use.	ors and creating a list for us. Similar to Underwriter Labs (UL) reviewing, vetting, and testing equipment, then
Likes 0	
Dislikes 0	
Response	
Tho Tran - Tho Tran On Behalf of: Lee Ma	aurer, Oncor Electric Delivery, 1; - Tho Tran
Answer	
Document Name	

Comment		
N/A		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Kevin Conway - Public Utility District No.	. 1 of Pend Oreille County - 1	
Answer		
Document Name		
Comment		
None		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		
Wayne Guttormson - SaskPower - 1		
Answer		
Document Name		
Comment		
Support the MRO comments.		
Likes 0		
Dislikes 0		
Response		