# LEVEL:2MS

# ALL SEQUENCES LESSON PLANS BY DJAMEL DJAMEL

Level : MS2			School : Born	madia Relizan	ne <b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djame			nel
<b>Sequence:</b> 1 ME ,MY FRIENDS ANDMY FAMILY.			<b>Lesson</b> : I list	en and do		ramework: PDP		
Learn	ing Objective (	s): by the end of this	lesson my lear	ner will be abl	e to desc	cribe his/her physic	cal appeara	nce.
Targeted competencies: interact – interpret – produce. Target structure: -simple present of to			Oral/written/ <u>b</u>		<b>Materials:</b> Flashcar			
DC -II	ave got Cross Cu	rricular Competencie	S			Core values		
<ul> <li>Intel: Learner can interpret verbal message get information.</li> <li>Meth: He can use listening strategies in interpreting messages.         <ul> <li>He can work in pairs or in groups.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Com: He can use a role play to communicate appropriately.</li> <li>Per and soc: He can socialize through oral exchanges</li> </ul>		in os. unicate	> Respectin	g the dif	ferences			
Time	Framework	P	rocedure		Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
	Time Framework Procedure  The Learning situation to install the resources							
		There is an Alger	ian TVshavet	9				

10m n	Pre listen	the teacher pins on the board the following pictures to elicit (or present) the following adjectives: big/small/long/short/thin/fat/tall	L/L	To introduce the topical lexis	Wboard + Flash cards	
20m n	While listen	The teacher invites his learners to listen to the 1 <sup>st</sup> script and do Task 1page 11  The teacher uses gestures when reading the script about the different parts of the body.	T/L	To listen and		
		This is my head ,this is my hair. These are my eyes, this is my hand ,these are my fingers, I have two lips, this is my mouth, I have a small nose and big ears hhhhhhhhhhh.	T/L	complete		
		The teacher invites his learners to listen again and check their answers (here the learner works with his partner)  -here the teacher invites his learners to drill		Check and /reinforce the Is understanding		
		chorally and individually				

				ind correct t his partner	he mistakes :			
		PAUL	str we got big	Paul has go raight hair aring glass t small eyo mouth h ears	· He´s es· He´s es and a			V/A/
		Mistakes	•••••	••••••	•••••	L		
		••••••	••••••		••••••			
		••••••	••••••		•••••••			
		•••						
10m	After listen	<u>Task 3</u> : a) I d	classify the	following w	ords:			
n				rown-black-f				
		_		ight-wavy-fi his partner	-			
		height	build	hairstyle	eyes	L		
				••••			To Produce a short text in	
		b)I use the			yself :		which they	
			isl (heigh	'm t) and (build	)(hov girl)		describe their physical	
10m n		_	_	and			appearance	
		The learner						
		mistakes)						
		The teacher their copybo		learner to v	vrite on			

Level: MS2	School: Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
Sequence: 1 ME , MY FRIENDS ANDMY	<b>Lesson</b> : I listen and speak	Framework: PPU
FAMILY.		

**Learning Objective (s):** by the end of this lesson my learner will be able to describe his/her relatives' physical appearance and name clothes.

Targeted competencies: interact –	Domain (s): Oral/written/both	Materials: Flashcards / W. Board/
<u>interpret</u> – <u>produce.</u>		
Target structure: -simple present		
Asking about physical appearance		
Asking about clothes		

**Core values** 

**Cross Curricular Competencies** 

> Intel: Learner can interpret verbal and non verbal	Respecting the differences
messages to get information.	Valuing the family
Meth: He can use listening strategies in	
interpreting messages.	
He can work in pairs or in groups.	
Com: He can use a role play to communicate	
appropriately.	
Per and soc: socializing	

Time	Framework	Procedure		Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
10m n	Warm up	The teacher greets his learners learners respond. The teacher shows his learners the and makes a quick review about of the family by asking some questions what is this? where is the father other members of the family? the	is picture members stion:	T/L L/L	Activate the LS prior knowledge	Flash card+ wboard	V A
		try to remember and answer. The teacher invites them to do Tapage33: I match each definition was corresponding word. The teacher makes a quick review physical appearance. The teacher describes the father to one of his learner; what does the	vith the v about then asks		To introduce the other members Of the family		

		look like?The learner answers. The teacher pins a picture of a girl on the		refresh the LS vocabulary	
	Presentation	board and asks his learners what does she look like? the learners answer.		about Physical appearance	A/V/
15m n			T/L	Interpret the picture to say what does karima look like?	
		The teacher sets a series of questions about her eyes,hair;build, Is she fat?does she wear jeans?is she tall? What does she look like? -with the help of the teacher the learners		Elicit the target Lexis	
		answer. Then he and writes: This is Karima, she is my niece, she wears a dress and a nice pair of shoes, she looks elegant, she loves fashion and she practises Judo. The teacher explains the new lexis Elegant = charming Teacher pins on the board pictures of clothes and invites his learners to drill individually	T/L	Check the Ls Understanding	
	Practice	and chorally  Task 1: I work with my partner to complete the table.  Boys wear  Girls wear		Familiarize them with the new lexis	
10m n	Use	Task 2: Task 9 page 13: I work with my partner and ask him to describe one of his relative.  Task 3:	L/L	Asking about ph appear  Produce a short	
15m n 10m		<ul><li>a)I draw my family tree including grandpa grand ,uncle,aunt,</li><li>b) I choose one of my relatives and writes about what does he look like and what does he wear?</li></ul>		text in which the learner describes his relatives	
		The teacher invites his learner to write on their copybooks.			

Level: MS2	School: Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
<b>Sequence:</b> 1 ME ,MY FRIENDS ANDMY FAMILY.	Lesson focus: language use	Framework: PDP

**Learning Objective (s):** by the end of this lesson my learner will be able to express his/her likes and dislikes, to ask and answer about the reason and to describe his free time activities.

Targeted competencies: interact –	<b>Domain (s)</b> : Oral/written/ <u>both</u>	Materials: Flashcards / W. Board/
<u>interpret</u> – <u>produce.</u>		
Target structure: -simple present		
/wh/because/when-which-what-why-		
herause		

# Cross Curricular Competencies Intel:. The PPs can use critical thinking to deduce the rules Meth: he can assess his work and his classmates He can work in pairs or in groups. Com: He can use a use to communicate appropriately. Per and soc: socializing

Time	Framework	Procedure	Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
15m n	Warm up Pre listening	The teacher greets his learners /the learners respond. The teacher shows the learners sports flash cards and elicits from them their names. The teacher asks them to name other sports activities, Then fill in the table  Sport I like  Sport I don't like	T/L	Brainstorm To elicit ideas  Stimulate the Ls interest about Their likes/dislikes	Flash cards + wbord	V A
		Teacher asks them: Which sport do you like? the LS answer Then the Ls ask each other in close pairs. T invites them to fill in this table:  Sport I do	T/L L/L	Prepare them for the listening presentation  Ask about free time activities		V/A/

	T		T	T	T	
		Ls answer	L/L			
		Then the learners ask each other in close or				
		open pairs.				
	While	The teacher invites his learners to listen to the				
	listening	first part of the conversation between Sami and		Interpret an oral		
		Rachid and do Task 1: Task 11 page 14.	T/1.C	message		
			T/LS			
		then listen again and do Task 2: I Listen and				
		complete :				
		Sami likes				
		Rachid likes:		Assess/help each		
20m		Then the LS exchange their answers with their		other		
n		partners.				
		Task 3: I listen again and choose the correct				
		word.(orally)		Ask		
		1-Sami's weekend was(fine –awful).		about/expressing		
		2-Why was Sami's weekend awful?		a reason		
		Because there was no water in the pool-there				
		was no pool .				
		The teacher highlights the use of why and				
		because.				
		EXPRESSING CAUSE / REASON				
		To ask for cause or reason, I use the interrogative pronoun "why": eg: Why do you like motorcycling?	T/LS			
			., 20			
		To express cause or reason and answer the why-question, I use the connector (linking word) "because":		Form the		
		eg: I like motorcycling because it's an exciting sport.		question and the		
				answer		
		TASK4 : I order the words				
		1- do/like/you/?/Tennis/Why	T/LS			
		2- like/it/I /Because/./				
		Task 5: (communicative-based activity)	LS/LS	Produce a		
4-	Post listening	Tasks17/18 page17		dialogue about		
15m				Likes/dislikes/		
N				Free time activities		
				activities		
		The teacher invites his learners to write on their				
		copy books.				
		,				
10m						
n						

Level :	Level : MS2 School : Borr		madia Relizane		<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel			
Seque FAMIL		FRIENDS ANDMY	Lesson focus	is: 4 /language use Framework: PPU				
Learni		s): by the end of this es .	lesson my leai	rner will be ak	ole to ask	and answer about (	daily activi	ties
<u>interp</u>	ted competend ret – produce. t structure: -si /on/at		, ,	Oral/written/ lashcards / W		pronounce : the pother inal s	ronunciati	on of
/Wilat		rricular Competencie	es			Core values		
<ul> <li>Intel. The learner can use his critical thinking deduce the rules</li> <li>Meth: He can take notes and exchange information with his peers</li> <li>Com: He can use a role play to communicate appropriately.</li> <li>Per and soc: He can socialize through oral /written exchanges</li> </ul>		e unicate	➤ Valuing t ➤ Respecti		ther			
Time	Framework	Pr	ocedure		Focus	Aims	Materia	Vakt
10m n	Warm up	respond. The teacher makes a	Teacher greets his learners /the learners respond. The teacher makes a quick review about the daily routine which they saw last year by Showing them some flashcards		T/L	To reinforce and consolidate  Interpret the flash cards	Flash cards+ Wboar d	V A
		The teacher asks his following daily routi with his partner) I go to school-I have my clothes(I get dre watch Tv-I have lund T. suggests a short to	ine(the learne e dinner-I get u essed)- I have k ch-I go to bed.	r works up –I put on oreakfast-I		Use the Is Prior knowledge		

15m	Presentatio n	and asks the pupils to complete them.  Every day my friend Hakimat 6:40 ,hehis face andbreakfast at 7:00 , hedressed at 7:25, heto school atbut at weekends he relaxes,,	T/L	To elicit the target language from the learners
n		T Clares, min, min, min, min, min, min, min, min		
"		The teacher sorts out the verbs and asks them to read correctly :gets-washes-hasgoes- The teacher highlights the rule how to pronounce the s endings in plural nouns and present simple(he,she,it):	Т	To highlight rules
		S is pronounced /s/ after the following sounds/f/, /k/, /p/, /t/, /θ/ S is pronounced /Z/ after (a, e, i, o, u) or consonant sounds: /b/,/d/,/g/,/l/,/m/,/n/,/r/,/v/. S is pronounced /IZ/ after plurals and verbs		
		that end in  /t ʃ / , /s/ , /d / , /z/ , /ʃ / :( -ches, -ces,-ges, -ses, -shes, -sses, -xes, -zes)		
15m	Practice	Task 1: Lask my partner and complete the schedule (the teacher guides and helps) what do you do everyday? What do you do at weekends?	L/L	Interacting /ask and answer about daily
n		morning afternoo evenings s ns weekday		routine and free time activities
		weekend s		
		Task2: I pronounce T invites his learners to classify the following words: hidjabs-watches-revises-puts -goes-	1./1	To Check and
		relaxes-slippers-trainers  /s/ /z/ /IZ/	L/L	reinforce
	use	Task 3: 24page34  I use the information in the schedule and		
10m n		write three or four sentences about my partner"s Weekdays activities and two or three about his weekends activities as an example:	L/L	The learner can Produce a report about his
				partner daily and weekends

		<del> </del>	
	REPORT: My Partner's Daily Activities	activities	
	On weekdays, my classmate (give partner's name) goes		
	to school every morning and afternoon. She/He has lunch at		
	home. After school, he/she		
	***************************************		
	***************************************		
	***************************************		
	At weekends, she/he		
	At weekends, she/he		
10m			
n			
	The tree-less in the chief common to contract		
	The teacher invites his learners to write on		
	their copybooks		

Level	: MS2		<b>School</b> : Born	School : Bormadia Relizane		<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel djamel		
Seque FAMIL		FRIENDS ANDMY	Lesson focus	s: 5 /language	e use <b>F</b>	Framework: PPU		
<b>Learn</b> i	ing Objective (	s): by the end of this	lesson my leai	rner will be ak	ole to talk	about activities he,	/she can/c	an't
Targe interp Targe (affirm	ted competend ret – produce. et structure: -tl native/negative rogative,Whq)	he model can		Oral/written/ lashcards / W		<b>pronounce :</b> the procan and can't	ronunciati	on of
/	0 , 1,	rricular Competencie	S			Core values		
> M in: > Co > Pe	formation with m: He can inte	erview his partner can socialise through		<ul><li>Respecti</li><li>Respecti</li></ul>	•	nces who are physically	impaired.	
Time	Framework	Pr	ocedure		Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
5mn	Warm up	Teacher greets his learners / the learners The teacher asks his learner about what do they do at weekends? The learners may answer like this: I practise football /I do judo/I play the guitar The teacher pins on the board a picture of		T/L	Interacting to remind them and to prepare them for the new lesson	Flash card+ W board	V A	
		A kimono and asks	them :what is	s this ?	T/L			

5mn	presentation	they do at weekends? The learners may answer like this: I practise football /I do judo/I play the guitar The teacher pins on the board a picture of A kimono and asks them: what is this?	T/L	remind them and to prepare them for the new lesson	Flash card+ W board	V A
				Interpret The picture		
28m		do we use it in boxing?				
n		The learners may answer: karate				
		and judo.				
		The teacher writes on the board the				
		following question: (the teacher should be very careful about the pronunciation of can)  /kən/ Can( ) you use judo?		interact through asking/ answering the questions to elicit the		
		The teacher chooses some learners to		target structure		
		answer and helps them in forming the				
		answer :Yes ,I can /kæn//No, I can't		Use correct		
		The teacher invites his learners to put a tick		pronunciation		

		or a cross about what t	they can do/can"t do	).		
		Ca	an Can't	T/L		
		Play the guitar				
		sing				
		swim				
		run				
		Ride a horse				
		The learners start askir	_			
		Example: can you sing				
		The teacher writes on				V/A/
		following questions : w What can't you do?	mat <mark>can</mark> you do !			
		The learners use the ta	ble above to answe	r		
		T helps the learners to				
		but I can't ka:nt/ play	the guitar.			
		<u> </u>	and Barrani			
		The teacher isolates a			Highlight	
		Expressing ability and i	nability page24.	Т	The rule	
		I pronounce: The teach	per states the rule			
		briefly.	ier states the rule			
5mn		Task 1: I order the wor			To check how well the learners have	
		1-you /Can/Chinese/sp			grasped the	
5mn		2- My/ father/drive/ca Task two:	n/ the car.	L/L	meaning and the	
	practice	I put can or can't (the t	eacher uses gesture	S	use of the new structure.	
		to explain the difficult	•	3		
		dumb)				
		I'm blind,Isee.				
		My sister is deaf, she				
		My friend is dumb,he.	•		(producing) To check how	
7mn	use	I 'm tall ,Iwrit		L/L	well the learners	
		Task three :(communi activity)(orally):task 4p		-/	are able to use	
			h my partner ,I look	at	and pronounce	
		the pictures on page 2	• •		the new	
		attention to the pronu			structure correctly	
10m		can't.				
n						
		The teacher invites his	learners to write on			
		their copybook.				

Level: MS2	School : Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
Sequence: 1 ME , MY FRIENDS ANDMY	Lesson focus: 6 /language	Framework: PDP
FAMILY.	learning	

**Learning Objective (s):** by the end of this lesson my learner will be able to describe his/her house and the basic furniture in each room.

Targeted competencies: interact –

<u>interpret</u> – <u>produce.</u>

Target structure: -present simple

**Domain (s)**: Oral/written/both **Materials:** Flashcards / W.

Board/

**I pronounce :** the silent h

**Cross Curricular Competencies** 

**Intel**. He can understand and interpret verbal and non-verbal messages

➤ **Meth:** He can work in pairs or in groups

> Com: He can describe

> Per and soc: He can socialise through oral

/written exchanges

Valuing the place /the city where we live in.

Time	Framework	Procedure	Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
	Warm up	The teacher greets his learners /the learners respond.	T/L	Interact		
	Pre listen	The teacher draws (or pins on )a house and asks some questions: what is this ?is it big or small ? is it beautiful or horrible ?		To pave the way		V A
5mn					Flash cards + W board	
15m n	While listen	The teacher invites his learners to listen to the following script and do Task 1(task 19 page 17)  I listen to my elder brother Samir read the definitions from the Oxford dictionary.  Definition 1: A bedroom is a room for sleeping in.  Definition 2: A living room is a room where people sit together, watch television, etc.  Definition 3: A dining room is a room that is used mainly for eating meals in.  Definition 4: A kitchen is a room in which meals are cooked or prepared.  Definition 5: A bathroom is a room in which there is a bathtub, a washbasin and a toilet.	T/L	Listen and gets specific information		

		Task 2(task 22 page 18) I work with my partner and check each other answers here the teacher invites his learners to drill chorally and individually	T/L	Help the L to memorize The new lexis  Pronounce in	
		I pronounce The teacher writes some words on the board and reads them ,then asks the LS which letter is silent in the second word.	T/L	a correct way	
		house- why –shop-watch – bathroom -washbasin kitchen-home  the rule : we don't pronounce the h when it			
15m n		comes after w like: why-when-what-where but in who ,whose we pronounce the h.  Task 6. I listen and tick the words in which the letter "h" is not pronounced.			
		□ he □ hers □ why □ hour □ horrible □ honour □ house □ her □ hijab □ hamburger □ heir □ hair □ honest □ white □ whip		To Produce a	
15m n	After listen	Task 3: I describe my house: It is in(the city) Itis(big,small,spacious,lovely,apartment, House with	L/L	short Text in which the learner describes His/her house	
10m n		The teacher invites his learners to write on their copybooks			

Level: MS2	<b>School</b> : Born	madia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
<b>Sequence:</b> 1 ME ,MY FRIENDS ANDMY FAMILY.			Framework: PDP
<b>Learning Objective (s):</b> by the end of this	lesson my leai	ner will be able to lo	cate rooms and places inside a house
Targeted competencies: interact – interpret – produce. Target structure: -simple present / Markers(next to-between-on the right/left of/ possessive pronouns	Domain (s):	Oral/written/ <u>both</u>	Materials: Flashcards / W. Board/
Cross Curricular Competencie	S		Core values
<ul> <li>Intel. He can understand and interpret venon-verbal messages</li> <li>➤ Meth: He can work in pairs or in group</li> <li>➤ Com: He can describe</li> <li>Per and soc: He can socialise through oral exchanges</li> </ul>	ıps	➤ Valuing the place	e and the city where we live

Time	Framework	Procedure	Focus	Aims /rationals	Material	Vakt
		The teacher greets his learners/the learners respond. The teacher interacts with his learners and n				
5mn	Warm up	a quick review about describing their house The basic furniture in each room.	s and	To recall vocabulary		V
10m n	Pre listen		在	about houses/furniture	Flashcar ds+ a plan + w board	А
İ		Cottage Terraced house				
		The teacher pins on the board a real plan of house to explain the new vocabulary that maimpede the understanding like: cottage-stor flat- stairs-downstairs-upstairs-the first flour ground floor.)  To explain the prepositions: next to – on the of –on the right of –between	eys- -the	To Pave the way and present the key words needed in the conversation		
		A B Where is the room A? It is next to B.  A B C B is between A and C D E E is on the left of D D E D E				

				To Listen for specific	
15m n	while listen	D is on the right E.  The teacher invites his learners to listen to Liz and her friend Razane and do Task 1: Task 23		information/ Interpreting	
		page 19 Task 2: Task 25 p19: The learner listen again and complete the first floor plan of Liz's house , then the learner works with his partner to correct each other.	T/LS	To involve PPs in peer- correction	
20m	After listen	The teacher invites his learners to listen to the script and complete the missing words in the following dialogue Prep 2(PIASP)  Razane: Which one isbedroom, Liz?			
		Liz: It's the one with two balconies. The one next to is Mike's.  The learners answer with:  Your mine The teacher makes a short revision of he	T/LS		
	ll.	possessive adjective and get them familiarized with the possessive pronouns It is my room, it is mine			
	Isolate	a noun mine			
	Analysis	a possessive pronoun			
	Highlighting the rule	We use possessive pronouns (mine-yours-his- hers-ours-theirs) in place of a noun			
	practice	Task3: I complete with a possessive pronoun It is the bedroom of karima, it is It is your car, it is	LS/LS		
		It kamel"s pen ,it is	·	To Help PPs to	
		Whose car is it? It is (my –mine) Where is (hers-her )room ?		be more autonomous In reinvesting	
		Task 5: I draw the plan of my house and locate My bedroom.  My bedroom is ( small- spacious) it is(downstairs Upstairs) it is (next to ,between,on the right of ,on the left of )	LS/LS	their prior knowledge	
10m n		The teacher invites his learners to their copybook			

Level	: MS2		School : Bor	madia Relizai		<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendo djamel djamel	ubaba djar	mel
Seque FAMIL		FRIENDS ANDMY	Lesson : I rea	: I read and do Framework: PDP				
	i <b>ng Objective (</b> ibing people.	s): by the end of this	lesson my leai	rner will be at	ole to inte	erpret a written me	ssage abou	ıt
Target interp	ted competend ret – produce. et structure: -si		<b>Domain (s)</b> : Oral/written/both <b>Materials:</b> Flashcards / W. Board/			I pronounce: the silent d in handsome/the weak form of can/the ending s		
	Cross Cui	rricular Competencie	S			Core values		
non-ve Me his	erbal messages eth: He can w s strategies for om:he can use l e can describe nd soc: He can	ork in pairs or in grou	ips/develop with people/	<ul><li>Valuing t</li><li>Valuing</li><li>Encourage</li></ul>	talents	t		
Time	Framework	Pi	rocedure		Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
	Warm up Pre read	The teacher greet learners respond. The teacher writes of following words the learners about the rhandsome, dark hai	on the board t in interacts wi neaning of th	he th his em :	T/L	Interact/ To pave the way	Magic	V A
10m n		journalist- I live wit championship ,the reacher asks som magic cube: who lik faces are there: 6 o	h my aunts- magic cube, a ne questions a es this game,	blog bout the	T/L	to prepare them	cube + Course book + W board	
30m n	while read	The teacher invites topic of the text is a The teacher invites text page :37 and do in the bibliographica Task 2: I read and coinformation .( the leacher and correct Task three: I read and Task four: I read and Task four	the learners to bout what? his learners to TASK one: I real notes. complete the mearner works we each other) answer by the	read the read and fill hissing with his		to involve everybody in paving the way  skim to get general information		

details

10m n		Task six: I find in the text words are closestin meaning to:like=Beautiful =like=Words opposite in meaning to:small≠			
10m n	Post read	The learner works with his partner to summerize the main important ideas The teacher invites his learners to write on their copybooks.	To relate		

Level: MS2	School : Borr	nadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel	
<b>Sequence:</b> 1 <i>ME ,MY FRIENDS ANDMY</i> <b>Lesson</b> : I lea <i>FAMILY.</i>		rn to integrate	Framework: writing process	
<b>Learning Objective (s):</b> by the end of this I	esson my lear	ner will be able to wr	ite about his profile	
Targeted competencies: interact – interpret – produce.  Target structure: -simple present /like and dislike/have/my		Oral/ <u>written</u> /both	<b>Materials:</b> the course book / W. Board	
Cross Curricular Competencie	S	Core values		
<ul> <li>Intel: Learner can show autonomy and writing</li> <li>Meth: he can exchange ideas with his phe can mobilize his resources to write profile</li> <li>com: he can use ICT to communicate with the can use ICT to communicate with t</li></ul>	partner e about his	<ul><li>Being positive</li><li>Being respectful people</li></ul>	toward himself/his family and	
writing  Meth: he can exchange ideas with his phe can mobilize his resources to write	partner e about his th others.	Being respectful	toward himself/his family and	

Time	Framework	Procedure	Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
10mn	Pre-writing process	Teacher greets his learners/the learners respond. The teacher asks his learners about what they do at the weekend: The teacher and the learners interact about sports activities/leisure activities/championship/ and what does the word competition mean./and if they participated in a competition before?	T/L	/interacting  Ls can use his prior knowledge	The board + The course book	V A K T
			1/ L	prior knowledge	DOOK	
		Setting up the Situation				
5mn		You are entering a national competition organised by the Algerian Ministry of National Education for middle school students about the "Best Personal Profile" written in English. Competitors are required to upload their profiles to the website of the Algerian Ministry of National Education before December 20 <sup>th</sup> .  The first three winners will be offered a fourweek English language course in London next		Interacting		

					1	1	,
		<u>Planning</u>					
			ites about his pe	ersonal			
		profile))	·				
			llow the lay out	(page4o)			
			n ask and excha				
		his partner.					
		Thelps his lear	rners to remem	nber what they			
15mn		learnt in this se		iber what they	- 4		
	ltat		ners to complet	e the following	T/L		
	In -writing	table:	iers to complet	e the following			
	process	knowledge	Skills	Attitudes			
		Lexis	JKIII3	Attitudes			
		related to	Describing	Page 39			
		physical	physical	. 450 55			
		description	appearance				
		Lexis related	Expressing				
		to clothing	likes and				
			dislikes				
			related to				
		Lexis related	clothing,haird				
		free time	ress,				
		activities					
			 Dana 11 1				
		 	Describing				
		Lexis related	daily activities				
		to description	Pooding and				
		of my house	Reading and interpreting				
			A plan of a				
		Lexis related	house				
		to likes and	1.0430				
		dislikes	Describing				
			and locating				
			places and				
		The present	rooms				
		simple tense					
		The	Expressing				
		connector	ability				
		because	inability,				
		Location					
		markers					
		(adverbs of					
		place)	1				
						To correct the	
10mn		<b>Drafting</b>				mistakes(spelling	
			of their teacher,	the learners		, grammar,)	
		start drafting .	or their teather,	the leathers		, 5. 4	
10mn							
		Editing  Toochor holps l	ais laarnars ±= 1	find out and			
		-	nis learners to f		L/L		
			aphical errors ar	iu mistakės in			
		grammar, style	, and spelling.				

publishing The large street the Control of the Large street.				
presents his work in front of his classmates to be assessed T selects a work to be written on the board				
and corrected.				
T invites his learners to write on their				
copybooks				
	The learner writes the final draft and presents his work in front of his classmates to be assessed  T selects a work to be written on the board and corrected.	The learner writes the final draft and presents his work in front of his classmates to be assessed  T selects a work to be written on the board and corrected.  T invites his learners to write on their	The learner writes the final draft and presents his work in front of his classmates to be assessed  T selects a work to be written on the board and corrected.  T invites his learners to write on their	The learner writes the final draft and presents his work in front of his classmates to be assessed  T selects a work to be written on the board and corrected.  T invites his learners to write on their

<u>Level</u> :	: MS2		School : borm	School : bormadia Relizane Teacher:Mr Bendol djamel djamel		Teacher:Mr Bendouk diamel diamel	oaba djame	l
Seque FAMIL		1Y FRIENDS ANDMY	<u>Lesson</u> : I think and write			Framework: PDP		
	ng Objective (s bes his/her ho	s): By the end of this l use.	esson , my lea	ırner will be al	ole to wr	ite an email in whic	h he/she	
Targeted competencies: interact – interpret – produce.  Target structure: simple present /markers of location .			Domain (s): (	Oral/ <u>written</u> /		<u>Materials:</u> W. board <i>l</i>	The course	book
	Cross Cu	rricular Competencies	5			Core values		
<ul> <li>Intel: Learner shows creativity in writing</li> <li>Meth: He can mobilize his resources a written message</li> <li>Com:He can use ICTs to communicate others</li> <li>Per and soc: He can socialize through messages</li> </ul>			to produce	_	ud of to b nduct te	nd house where we leelong to a family people.	ive	
Time	Framework	P	rocedure		Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
	Pre writing	Teacher writes some learners to answer. What kind of house cottage, terraced how where is it situated)?	greets his learners/they respond eacher writes some questions and asks his earners to answer . What kind of house do you live in(villa ,flat, ottage,terraced house) ? Where is it situated (desert city, countryside		T/L	To pave the way		V A
		Does your house cor	•	•			Wboard	

	Pre writing	T greets his learners/they respond Teacher writes some questions and asks his learners to answer.  What kind of house do you live in(villa ,flat, cottage,terraced house)?  Where is it situated (desert city, countryside)?  How big is it(the number of storeys)?  Does your house contain garage ,swimming pool?  Where is each room located?  Where do you sleep?do you have a bedroom?  Do you share it with your brother/sisters?  Which room in the house is your favourite and why?  The teacher sets up the situation		Wboard +course book	VA	
40m n	While writing	The teacher introduces the situation and asks them to work individually.  My English friend is asking me about the place where I live . so I'm going to tell her with a detailed description of my house and my room.I'm also attaching the plan of my house  You start like this :3 page 41	To guide him		A/V/	

	T	1		 T	1
		The teacher co	llects the sheets to be		К
		Cuitania	In diseases		
		Criteria 1 Polovenes	<u>Indicators</u>		
		1-Relevance	Write an email		
			Describe his house and the		
			room where he sleeps		
		2-Correct use of	1-the learners uses :the present		
		linguistic resources	simple /markers of location		
5mn			2-the learner uses personal /		
			possessive pronoun I/my The use of the connector because/		
			Uses suitable ajectives		
		3-Coherence	1-the learner writes simple and		
			meaningful sentences about the		
			topic;2- the good use of :		
			Punctuation, capitalisation and indentation.		
	Post writing		3-s/he respects the logical order of	The learner uses	
			ideas	what he learnt to	
		4-Cross-curricular	1-the learner uses ICT in		
		competences:	communicating with his/her friends	produce a	
			2-s/he produces a written message	meaningful	
		5 V 1		message about	
		<u>5-Values</u>	1-the learner shows a good conduct 2-shows attitude of respect	describing his	
			2-snows attitude of respect	house	
		6-Excellence	1-The learner shows creativity in his		
			/her writing		
			2- Good hand writing		
					1
					1

## SEQUENCE :TWO

# ME AND MY SHOPPING











Level : MS2	School: Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
Sequence: 2 Me and my shopping	Lesson: 1 I listen and do Lesson focus: language learning	Framework: PDP
<b>Learning Objective (s):</b> by the end of this	lesson my learner will be able to na	me different kind of food
Targeted competencies: interact – interpret – produce. Target structure: -how much /how	<b>Domain (s)</b> : Oral/written/ <u>both</u>	Materials: Flashcards / W. Board/
many/any /some/there is / there are		

### **Cross Curricular Competencies**

- ➤ Intel: Learner can interpret verbal messages to get information.
- > Meth:
- He can work with his partners./
- He can assess his work and his peers.
- He can use strategies for listening and interpreting oral discourse.
- He can develop effective study methods, mobilise his resources efficiently and manage his time rationally.

Com: He can use a role play to communicate appropriately.

Per and soc: He can socialize through oral exchange

- > Eat healthy food
- /valuing food

	•		ı		<u> </u>	1
Time	Framework	Procedure	Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
	Warm up	It is Akram's birthday. His mother wants to make a big birthday cake .She asks Akram to buy the ingredients she needs. Help Akram to write his shopping list and show him the way to the supermarket  The learners greet the teacher/ the teacher responds warmly .the teacher makes		To refresh and check	Flash cards of fruits /vegeta	V A
	Pre listen	a quick review about traditional dishes in Alg  Algerian dishes  couscous			bles/me at/fish + W board + free script	
		The mum of Sarah and Mehdi will do couscous for dinner ,listen and find which does she need to make her couscous.  The teacher presents (using flash cards or a data projector) some vegetables (Potatoes ,tomatoes ,carrots ,aubergines ,garlic, onions, courgettes, beans, Peas, chickpeas ,		Introduce the new topical lexis		A/V

Drilling chorally and individually.		
The teacher invites his learners to listen to script 1 and check their answers    Mum : we are having couscous for dinner, we have in the fridge some courgettes, turnips, chickpeas, carrots, but we haven't any lamb, chicken or pototoes, so go and buy some.    Mehdi; how much do you want, mum?   Mum:2 kilos potatoes, 3slices of lamb neck and don't forget to buy some oranges and some peaches.   Mehdi: ok , Mum.   Mehdi: ok , Mum.	To improve the Ls taking note skill  Interpret an oral message to get information  L reinvests his prior knowledge/to produce a dialogue	A/V/

Level: MS2	School : Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
Sequence: 2 Me and my shopping	Lessons:2- I listen and do Language focus: language learning/use	Framework: PDP

**Learning Objective (s):** by the end of this lesson my learner will be able to ask and answer about quantities.

Targeted competencies: interact –	Domain (s): Oral/written/both	Materials: Flashcards / W. Board/
<u>interpret</u> – <u>produce.</u>		
Target structure: -how much /how		
many/any /some/there is / there are		

### **Cross Curricular Competencies**

- ➤ Intel: Learner can interpret verbal messages to get information.
- > Meth:
- He can work with his partners./
- He can assess his work and his peers.
- He can use strategies for listening and interpreting oral discourse.
- He can develop effective study methods, mobilize his resources efficiently and manage his time rationally.

**Com**: He can use a role play to communicate appropriately.

Per and soc: He can socialize through oral exchange

- ➤ Eat healthy food
- valuing food

Time	Framework		Procedure		Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
Time	Framework  Warm up  Pre listen	The learners grateacher warmly reacher warmly reacher sticks interact with his leader with his leader and to make a case other pics and invarience and put a ingredient.	eet their teachers espond  The a pic of a piece earners : do you have a mong the following the following the his learners tick near the integral of the second near the integral of the second near the seco	of cake.and like cakes?  owing we r sticks to listen	Focus  T/L	Aims  Introduce lexis that may impede the learner's understanding/To pave the way	Flash cards+ Wboard + Free script	Vakt
		Flour	sugar	butter				

	Sucre Blanc Cristallise  Fruits  a carton milk			
While listen	The learners exchange their answers to correct each other.  The teacher sets up the situation.  The mother of Sarah and Mehdi has a guest today ,she wants to make some cakes and a traditional dish for dinner.  Ls Listen to script one and check their answers above.  Script 1  Mum: I 'd like to make a cake, are there any eggs in the fridge?  Sarah: yes, there are 2 eggs.how many eggs We need?  Mum: we need 5 eggs.is there any flour?  Sarah: yes , there is some.  Mum: is there any milk?  Sarah: No , there isn' any.  Mum: so ,go to the supermarket and buy a bag of milk, some chocolate, 2 apples and 2 bananas for decoration, some sugar ,3 eggs.	T/L	Peer correction  To prepare PPs' for the listening phase.	A/V
	and 2 kilos of flour Sarah: how much sugar, mum? Mum: 1 packet  Task 2: I listen again and choose the right answer.  1) Are there any eggs in the fridge? a) Yes, there are some b) no, there isn't any.  2) How many eggs she needs: a) She needs: a) 4 eggs b)5 eggs. 3) Is there any milk in the fridge?	T/L	Interpreting/ Listen to answer questions To ask about quantities	
	a) Yes ,there is some b) No, there isn't any.  4) How much sugar does the mum need? a) She needs :a) 1 packet . b) 2 packets  Task 3: I listen again and complete the following table with countable/uncountable nouns (the teacher		Listen to fill in the table	

	explains what does the verb count mean?  Countable noun Uncountable noun			
	Task4Tasks 2/3 page:61(on their books) The teacher highlights in brief the use of: How much-how many-a lot of – some any	L/L	To reinvest what he learnt to	A/V/ K
Post listen	(my grammar tools)  Task 4:.  I Complete the dialogue with these words and act it out with my partner:  Much / some / any / many / are / of / is / lot of /some.  You: Howmilkthere in the fridge?  Your partner: There isn't		produce a dialogue	
	You: And howapples and orangesthere? Your partner: There are a few apples and aoranges. You: Ok, we have to getmilk andapples.			

Level: MS2	School : Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
Sequence: 2 Me and my shopping	Lessons:3 I pronounce	Framework: PPU

**Learning Objective (s):** by the end of this lesson my learner will be able to act out a dialogue to order a meal at the restaurant with correct pronunciation of l and r.

Targeted competencies: interact –	Domain (s): Oral/written/both	Materials: Flashcards / W. Board/
<u>interpret</u> – <u>produce.</u>		
Target structure: -how much /how		
many/any /some/there is / there are		

### **Cross Curricular Competencies**

- **Intel:**. The leaner can interpret and identify sounds. He can interpret verbal and non-verbal messages
- > Meth:
- He can work with his partners./
- He can assess his work and his peers.
- He can develop effective study methods, mobilise his resources efficiently and manage his time rationally.

Com: He can use a role play to communicate appropriately.

Per and soc: He can socialize through oral exchange

- > Eat healthy food
- Don't waste food

Time	Framework	Procedure		Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
	Stage one Presentation 1	A quick revision about about how to pronounce Consonants and vowels.  The teacher writes the following dialogue the board then read it /invites his learner focus on r and I:  waiter: Are you ready to order now?  customer: Yes, I'm. I would like some roal vegetables and mushroom burgers and so salad please?  waiter: Would you like anything to drink your meal?  customer: a bottle of water and some approach to the salad please.	r to isted ome with	T/L	To identify the targeted sounds.	W board+ course book + free dialogue	V A
		After the Meal  waiter: Would you like to see the dessert menu.  customer: No thanks, can I have the bill please.  Task one: The teacher invites his learners to listen a sort out the words in which the r is pronounced and not pronounced  r is pronounced r is not pronounced	and	T/L	To set the rules of the silent r	S	
		the teacher highlights the rule:					

Stage 2	I don't pronounce the r (the r is silent):  a- when it come after a vowel  b- at the end of the word I pronounce the r  a) when it comes in the beginning of the word like: a ruler, rice, right, a room.  b) when it comes after a consonant like:  bread, grouper, c) when it comes after a vowel and followed by a vowel like:  tangerines, oranges,a jar of jam  Task 2: task 5 page:54	T/L	To identify The target sounds (the darl/ clear I)	
			10 set the rules	
	the teacher reads the dialogue again and invites his learners to focus on the L how is pronounced in the following words:  help like apple please			
			To reinforce and	
	/ <del>†</del> / / <del>1</del> / / <del>†</del> / / <del>1</del> /		consolidate the	
	the teacher highlights the rules of the dark /		pronunciation	
Practice	clear L:  1) L is pronounced a clear I /I/when it comes before a vowel in initial /mid position like:  leg, black –lip- last.	L/L		
	2)It is pronounced darl I/†/ when it comes in :			
1150	a)the final position Like; small, will, a bill b)When it comes before a consonant in a mid			
use	position like: milk ,salt, cauliflower			
	Task 1: I pronounce the following ⊗orall act) lip - pill/ lick- kill/ let – tell /lime- mile/ late- tale/ Task 2: Task 1 page 54('written) Task 3: the learners act out the dialogue in front of their class mates / their classmates correct them.			

Level: MS2	School: Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
Sequence: 2 ME and my shopping	Lessons: I listen and do	Framework: PDP

**Learning Objective (s):** by the end of this lesson my learner will be able ask questions about size, colour, price and use lexis related to shopping.

Targeted competencies: interact –	<b>Domain (s)</b> : Oral/written/ <u>both</u>	Materials: Flashcards / W. Board/
<u>interpret</u> – <u>produce.</u>		
Target structure: -how much /what		
size-what colour		

### **Cross Curricular Competencies**

- ➤ Intel: Learner can interpret verbal messages to get information.
- > Meth:
- He can work with his partners./
- He can assess his work and his peers.
- He can use strategies for listening and interpreting oral discourse.
- He can develop exective study methods, mobilize his resources efficiently and manage his time rationally.

Com: He can use a role play to communicate appropriately.Per and soc: socializing

- Raising the learner awareness about the impact of other cultures/
- Raising his awareness about valuing money

	1		T	T	ı	1
Time	Framework	Procedure	Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
	Warm up	The learners greet their teacher/ the teacher responds .the teacher makes a quick revision about colours and clothes(they saw them in 1ms)	T/L	To refresh the vocabulary about clothes and colours		V A
	Pre listen	The teacher sticks some pictures on the board and starts a series of questions:  A shop assistant a shop window	T/L	Interpreting Pictures  To explains words which may impede his		

A dress Colour: green Size: 10 Price: 4000 dinars The teacher sets a series of questions What colour is this dress? How much does it cost? It costs  Does if fit you? Is it smaller or bigger? Is it short or long What size is it? It is the sale's period in London, Sandra is out for shopping with her mum and dad in one of the oldest department store on oxford street. The teacher invites his learners to listen to scripts. Shopping in London (Part 1) and do: Task 13 page 48: I listen and fill in the gap Task 12: I listen again and check my answers then I correct it with my friends. The teacher hishlights the rules 4,7 page57: To ask about the size of 'cothers' or 'shoes'. We use the following (What size are you'y') What size do you take?) It is do the best of 'dischers' or 'shoes'. We use the following page that what colour do you wastry that colour do you prefer you have you were the following page that what colour do you wastry that a colour do you prefer you have you were the following page that what colour do you wastry that a colour do you prefer you have you were the soll of you go you prefer? What's your favourite colour? It is date be rights blue falls be lowen? High brown. Task 17: Page 49, I, play the role of the shopper and partner that of a shop assistant.	 			 
	Colour: green Size: 10 Price: 4000 dinars The teacher sets a series of questions What colour is this dress? How much does it cost? It costs Does it fit you? Is it smaller or bigger? Is it short or long What size is it? It is the sale's period in London ,Sandra is out for shopping with her mum and dad in one of the oldest department store on oxford street. The teacher invites his learners to listen to script: Shopping in London (Part 1) and do: Task 13 page 48: I listen and fill in the gap Task 14: I listen again and check my answers then I correct it with my friends. The teacher highlights the rules 4,7 page57: To ask about the size of "clothes" or "shoes". We use the following questions: (What size are you?/ What size do you take?) To ask about the colour of "clothes" or "shoes". We use the following questions: (What size in shoes/ I'm a size in clothes./ I need extra-small (XS), small (S), medium (M), large (L), extra-large (XL) size in clothes.) To ask about the colour of "clothes" or "shoes". We use the following questions: (What size are you?/ What colour?) lit is dark blue / light blue /dark brown / light brown. Task 17: Page 49, I play the role of the shopper and partner that of a shop assistant.	T/L	To elicit informationand Pave the way  To listen and complete  To set the rule: how to ask/answer about size,colour price To reinvest/to produce a	

Level: MS2	School : Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
Sequence: 2 Me and my shopping	Lessons:language learning/use	Framework: PPU

**Learning Objective (s):** by the end of this lesson my learner will be able to devise a street map to show amenities/ask and answer about amenities/showing direction to these amenities

Targeted competencies: interact –	<b>Domain (s)</b> : Oral/written/ <u>both</u>	Materials: Flashcards / W. Board/
<u>interpret</u> – <u>produce.</u>		
Target structure: -prepositions; next to		
in a front of/far /near		

### **Cross Curricular Competencies**

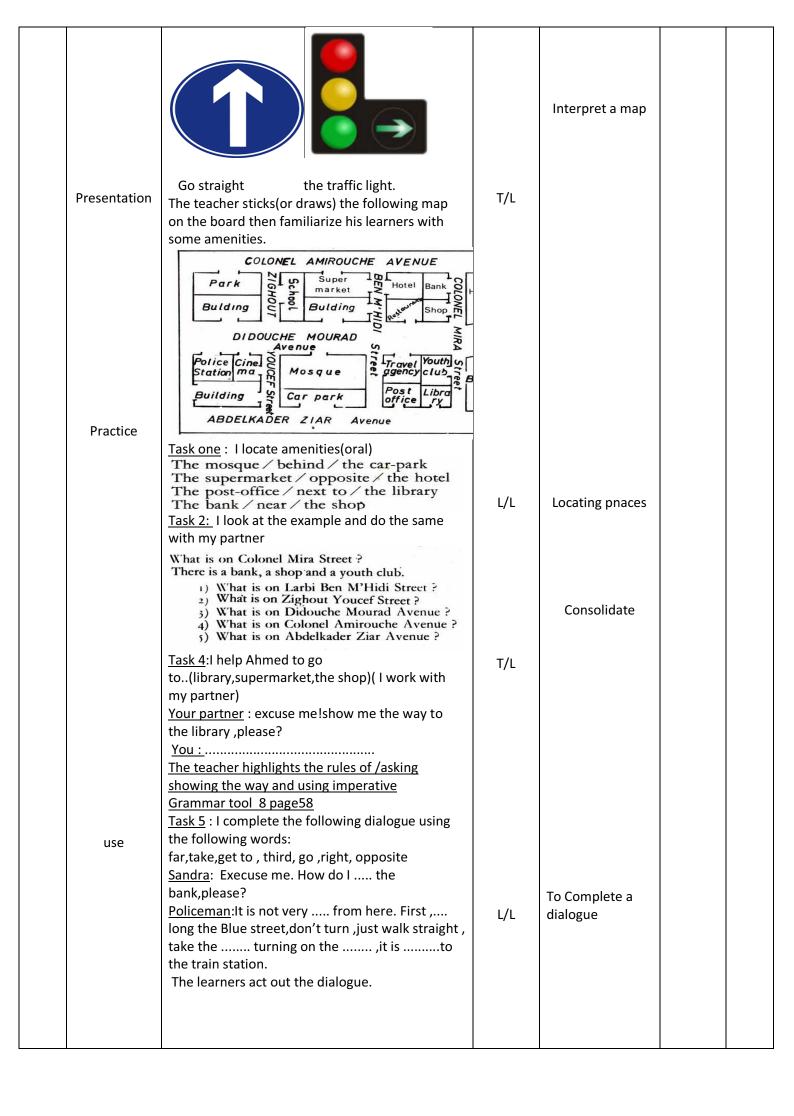
- ➤ Intel: Learner can interpret a map to get information.
- Meth:
- He can work with his partners./
- He can assess his work and his peers.
- He can use strategies for listening and interpreting

Com: He can use a role play to communicate appropriately.

Per and soc: socializing through oral and written messages

- Raising the learner awareness about the importance of some amenities in his neighbourhood.
- ➤ Helping visitors

						1	,
Time	ime Framework Procedure			Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
	Warm up	The learners greet the teacher/th responds warmly. The teacher makes a quick review of (next to, on the left of, on the right of, far, near,) and ordinal numbe. The teacher sticks on the boards. The following signs and tries to elicimeaning Of these road signs.	prepositions of, opposite rs.	T/L	To refresh their vocabulary and pave the way	Flash cards+ A map wboard	V A
		Turn left don't turn le	ft	T/L	To involve all the learners in paving the way		
		© Can Stock Photo - csp16490010					
		Turn right don't turn	right.				



Level: MS2	School : Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
Sequence: 2 my and my shopping	Lessons: I PRACTISE Language focus: language use	Framework: PPU

**Learning Objective (s):** by the end of this lesson my learner will be able ask questions about size, colour, price and use lexis related to shopping. To fill in his partner's personal information file

Targeted competencies: interact –	<b>Domain (s)</b> : Oral/written/ <u>both</u>	Materials: Flashcards / W. Board/
<u>interpret</u> – <u>produce.</u>		
Target structure: -how much does it		
weigh/shape/ size-what colour?		

# **Cross Curricular Competencies**

- ➤ Intel: Learner can use his critical thinking to deduce rules
- ➤ Meth:
- He can work with his partners./
- He can assess his work and his peers.

Com: He can communicate appropriately.

Per and soc: socializing

## **Core values**

> valuing money and being selective in shopping

	T .			I		1	
Time	Framework	Procedure		Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
	Lead in	The teacher pins on the board this invites his learners to focus on the in (label) and answer the questions :	•	T/L	Attract the learner attention/ To pave the way to interpret the information written on the label	Pictures + Course book	V A
	presentation	Item: a table Colour: dark brown Size:50 cm 2 (square) Shape: square Weight:10 kg Price:2000 dinars What is it? What colour is it? What size is it? What shape is it? How much does it weigh? How much is it?			to elicit the target structure		
	presentation	The teacher presents other shapes:					

1		ı	T	
	Cube  oval  TRIANGLE  RECTANGLE  SQUARE	T/L	To Introduce shapes	
Practice	Drilling chorally and individually(Ls repeat )  Task 3: task 15 page 66 I match Task 4: task 16 page 66 I look at the example and do the same		To reinforce the Ls understanding	
	The teacher highlights the rules of asking  About weight and shape: To ask about someone's weight. We use the following questions: (How much do you weigh?/ How many kilos do you weigh?) To answer about the weight. We say: (I weigh kilos./ I'm kilos.) To ask about the weight of something. We use the following questions: (How heavy is it?/ How much does it weigh?) eg: How much does it weight? / It's very heavy. It weighs about 20 kilos. To ask about shapes. We use the following questions: (What shape is?) To answer about shapes. We can say: (It is oval, circular, rectangular, square, triangular etc.)		to ask about weight/shapes	
Use	<ul> <li>Task 11 page 64</li> <li>1. How much do you weigh? Or: What is your weight? Or: How many kilos do you weigh?</li> <li>2. How tall are you?</li> <li>3. What size do you take? Or: What size are you?</li> <li>4. What is your shoe size?</li> <li>5. What is your favourite colour?</li> <li>I work with my partner and check each other answer</li> <li>Task 13 page 65</li> <li>My Partner's Personal Information First Name:</li></ul>	L/L	To encourage the learner to work with his partner/ encourage the peer correction	

Age:	Fill in his partner
Weight:	Personal
Height:	information file
Size (clothes):	
Size (shoes):	
Favourite colour:	

Level: MS2	School: Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
<b>Sequence:</b> 2 ME ,MY FRIENDS ANDMY FAMILY.	<b>Lesson</b> : I read and do	Framework: PDP

**Learning Objective (s):** by the end of this lesson my learner will be able interpret a written message about clothes and shopping

Targeted competencies: interact –	<b>Domain (s)</b> : Oral/ <u>written</u> /both	Materials: the course book / W.
<u>interpret</u> – produce <u>.</u>		Board
Target structure: -simple present /		

# Intel: Learner can interpret a written message to get information Meth: he can exchange ideas with his partner

**Cross Curricular Competencies** 

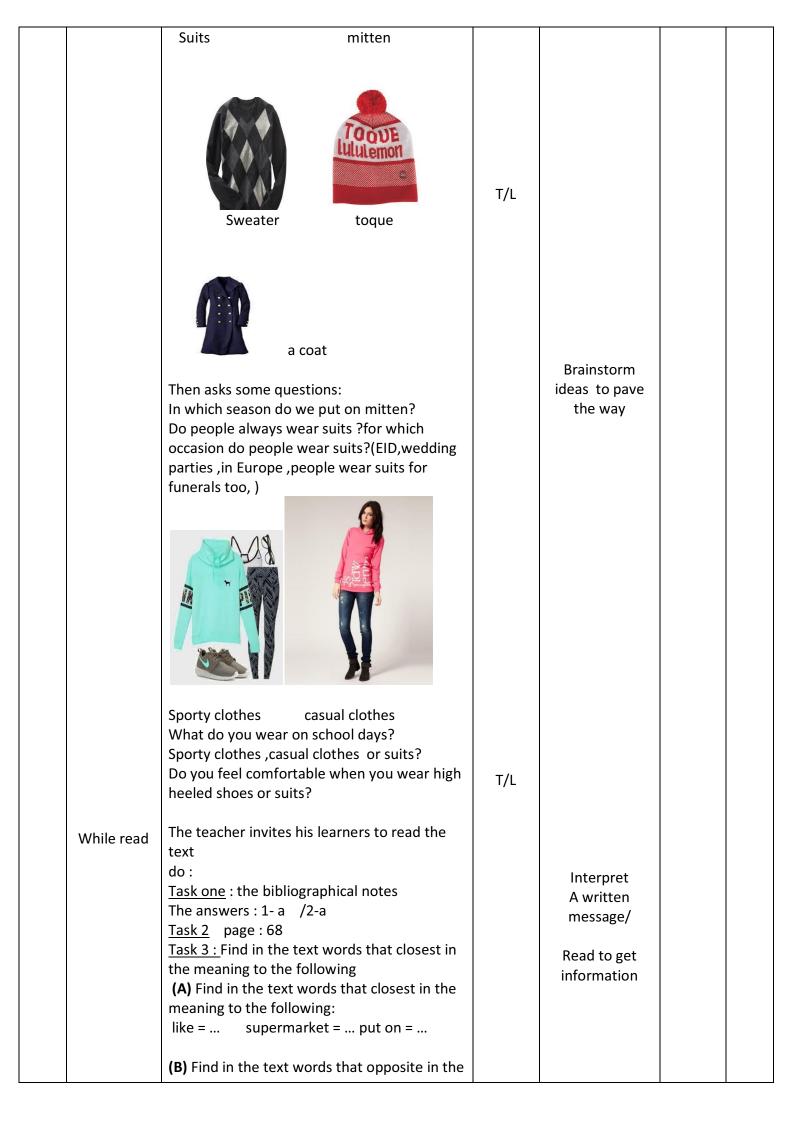
- he can mobilize his resources to write about his profile com:he can work In pairs or in groups.
- Per and soc: he can socialize through written messages

➤ Being SELECTIVE

**Core values** 

Valuing money

Warm up The teacher makes a quick review about clothes , using what he and the pps are wearing . TO REINFORCE	cssages						
clothes , using what he and the pps are wearing .  What is this ? what colour is it? The teacher Can use pictures to talk about other clothes. For example : (the teacher uses pictures and gestures)  Pre read  TO REINFORCE THE PREVIOUS LEXIS AND FAMILIARIZE the pps withTHE NEW VOCABULARY RELATED TO CLOTHES	Framework	Procedure		Focus	Aims	Materia I	Vakt
SUITS ***	Warm up	The teacher makes a quick review clothes, using what he and the powering.  What is this? what colour is it? The Can use pictures to talk about other For example: (the teacher uses progestures)	ne teacher ner clothes. Dictures and	T/L	TO REINFORCE THE PREVIOUS LEXIS AND FAMILIARIZE the pps withTHE NEW VOCABULARY RELATED TO	Materia 	Vakt V A
		Framework  Warm up	Framework  The teacher makes a quick review clothes, using what he and the procedure wearing.  What is this? what colour is it? The Can use pictures to talk about other For example: (the teacher uses procedures)  Pre read  a tie  a scarf	Framework  Warm up  The teacher makes a quick review about clothes , using what he and the pps are wearing .  What is this ? what colour is it? The teacher Can use pictures to talk about other clothes.  For example : (the teacher uses pictures and gestures)  Pre read  a tie  a scarf  tank top	Framework Procedure Focus  Warm up The teacher makes a quick review about clothes , using what he and the pps are wearing . What is this ? what colour is it? The teacher Can use pictures to talk about other clothes. For example : (the teacher uses pictures and gestures)  Pre read  Pre read  T/L	Framework  Procedure  Focus  Aims  The teacher makes a quick review about clothes, using what he and the pps are wearing.  What is this? what colour is it? The teacher Can use pictures to talk about other clothes.  For example: (the teacher uses pictures and gestures)  Familiarize the pps withTHE NEW VOCABULARY RELATED TO CLOTHES  T/L  TO REINFORCE THE PREVIOUS  LEXIS AND  FAMILIARIZE the pps withTHE NEW VOCABULARY  RELATED TO CLOTHES	Framework  Procedure  Focus  Aims  Materia  I  The teacher makes a quick review about clothes, using what he and the pps are wearing. What is this? what colour is it? The teacher Can use pictures to talk about other clothes. For example: (the teacher uses pictures and gestures)  TO REINFORCE THE PREVIOUS LEXIS AND FAMILIARIZE the pps withTHE NEW VOCABULARY RELATED TO CLOTHES  T/L



Level: MS2 School: Born		madia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel djamel	
Sequence: 2 Me and my shopping	Lesson: I lear	rn to integrate	Framework: writing process	
<b>Learning Objective (s):</b> by the end of this le	esson my lear	ner will be able to wr	ite about shops where he lives	
Targeted competencies: interact –	Domain (s):	Oral/ <u>written</u> /both	Materials: the course book / W.	
interpret – <u>produce.</u>			Board	
Target structure: -simple present				
Cross Curricular Competencies	i	Core values		
<ul> <li>Intel: Learner can show autonomy and owriting</li> <li>Meth: he can exchange ideas with his phe can mobilize his resources to write com: he can use ICT to communicate with</li> <li>Per and soc: he can socialize through we messages</li> </ul>	artner about city h others.	<ul><li>➢ Being positive</li><li>➢ Being proud of t</li></ul>	he place where he lives	

Time	Framework	Procedure	_	Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
10mn	Pre-writing process	Teacher greets his learners/the respond. The teacher and the learners into how do they choose their clothes shopping alone?wher do they go where?	eract about i? do they go	T/L	To brainstorm ideas	The board +	V A
		Setting up the Situation	G	T/L	Ls can use his	The course book	
		Sandra your English friend wants to shopping in Algeria. Write her an er her information about shopping mal	nail to give	., -	prior knowledge		
		supermarkets, street markets and tra shops in the place where you live. T about how Algerian teenagers dress	ell her also				
		usually eat. Then, ask her questions shopping in England and what Engl wear and eat. Attach to you email a	ish teenagers street map				
5mn		showing the shopping amenities in y neighbourhood and the location of y					
		Planning					

Г		<b>-</b>					1
		The learner wr		- ( 70)			
			llow the lay out	• .			
			n ask and excha	nge ideas with			
		his partner.					
		-	rners to remen	nber what they			
		learnt in this se	•				
			ners to complet	e the following			
		table:	1	,			
15mn		knowledge	Skills	Attitudes			
		Lexis			T/L		
	In -writing	related to	Describing	Page 69			
	process	food	shopping				
			items				
		Lexis related	 Evarossing				
		to clothing	Expressing				
			quantity				
		Lexis related					
		size/shape/w	Asking				
		eight/colour/	information				
		price	About shapes				
			Size				
			price				
		Lexis related					
		amenities	devising				
		direction	neighbourho				
			od stree map				
		l	F				
10mn		Lexis related	Expressing				
		preposititions	ability ,inability				
10			,illability				
10mn		The present					
		simple tense					
		imperative					
10mn		numbers					
******		ordinal					
		/cardinal)					
		<b>Drafting</b>					
		With the help of	of their teacher,	, the learners			
		start drafting.					
		<b>Editing</b>					
			his learners to	find out and			
10mn			aphical errors a				
		grammar, style					
		publishing	. •				
		-	ites the final dr	aft and			
		presents his w	ork in front of h	nis classmates		To correct the	
		to be assessed				mistakes(spelling	
			rk to be written	on the board		, grammar,)	
		and corrected.				, 8. 4	
					L/L		
							- 1

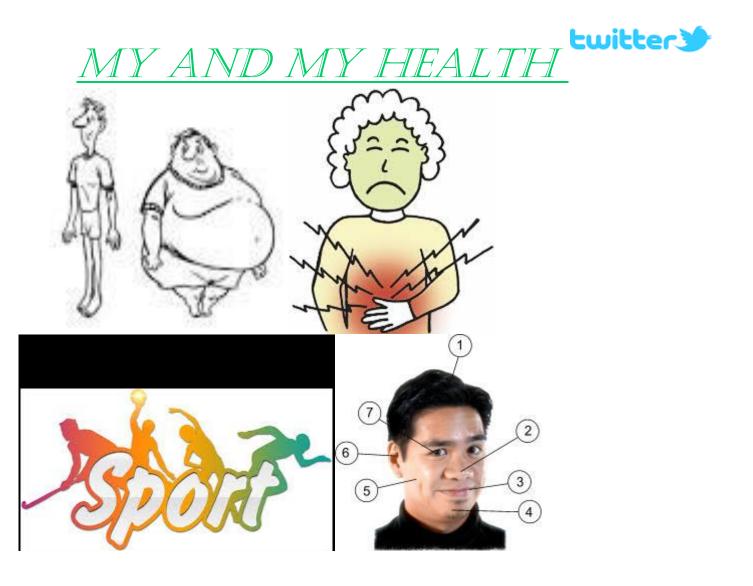
<u>Level</u> : MS2	School : borm	<u>adia Relizane</u>	<u>Teacher</u> :Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel			
Sequence: 2 Me and my family	Lesson: I thin	k and write	Framework: PDP			
<u>Learning Objective</u> (s): By the end of this lesson, my learner will be able to write a report about shopping in other Town or country						
Targeted competencies: interact – interpret – produce. Target structure: simple present /markers of location/.		Oral/ <u>written</u> /	Materials: W. board/The course book			
Cross Curricular Competencies	5	Core values				
<ul> <li>Intel: Learner shows creativity in writing</li> <li>Meth: He can mobilize his resources to produce a written message</li> <li>Com:He can use ICTs to communicate with others</li> <li>Per and soc: He can socialize through written messages</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Valuing travelling</li> <li>A good conduct</li> <li>Being polite</li> <li>Openness to other</li> </ul>	r people.			

Time	Framework	Procedure	Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
15m n	Pre writing	T greets his learners/they respond Teacher writes some questions and asks his learners to answer. Did you visits any other countries? Towns? Do you have families there?	T/L	Interacting to pave the way		V A
40m n	While writing	The teacher sets up the situation The teacher introduces the situation and asks them to work individually.  I am spending my summer holiday in another too in Algeria (or a foreign country). When I return to school, my English teacher asks me to write a report about my shopping there (the local shops markets, malls, traditional craft shops, bazaars, souks, street markets and the local products that attract my attention). The teacher asks me to describe these products and draw a street map to explain to my classmates the location of all these shopping places	t to		Wboard +course book	
	Post writing	The learner needs to answer the key questions on page71/check the listening tasks  The teacher collects the sheets to be corrected		To guide him		A/V/

Criteria   Indicators     1-Relevance   Write an email     Write a report about shopping     there/shops /malls     2-Correct use of   Ilinguistic resources     linguistic resources   1-the learners uses: the present     simple /markers of location     2- prepositions/locating     places/amenities     Uses suitable aDjectives     .     3-Coherence   1-the learner writes simple and     meaningful sentences about the     topic; 2- the good use of :     Punctuation, capitalisation and     indentation.     3-s/he respects the logical order of     ideas     4-Cross-curricular     conventions     1-the learner uses ICT in     1-t	K
Write a report about shopping there/shops /malls  2-Correct use of linguistic resources  1-the learners uses :the present simple /markers of location 2- prepositions/locating places/amenities Uses suitable aDjectives  3-Coherence  1-the learner writes simple and meaningful sentences about the topic;2- the good use of: Punctuation, capitalisation and indentation. 3-s/he respects the logical order of ideas  4-Cross-curricular  1-the learner uses what he learnet uses what he learnet to produce a meaningful report  1-the learner uses what he learning to produce a meaningful report  1-the learner uses logication  3-sOherence  1-the learner uses logical order of ideas	
there/shops /malls  2-Correct use of linguistic resources  1-the learners uses :the present simple /markers of location  2- prepositions/locating places/amenities  Uses suitable aDjectives   3-Coherence  1-the learner writes simple and meaningful sentences about the topic; 2- the good use of : Punctuation, capitalisation and indentation.  3-s/he respects the logical order of ideas  4-Cross-curricular  1-the learner uses ICT in	
2-Correct use of linguistic resources  1-the learners uses :the present simple /markers of location 2- prepositions/locating places/amenities Uses suitable aDjectives .  3-Coherence  1-the learner writes simple and meaningful sentences about the topic;2- the good use of: Punctuation, capitalisation and indentation. 3-s/he respects the logical order of ideas  4-Cross-curricular 1-the learner uses ICT in	
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3-Coherence  1-the learner writes simple and meaningful sentences about the topic;2- the good use of: Punctuation, capitalisation and indentation. 3-s/he respects the logical order of ideas  4-Cross-curricular 1-the learner uses ICT in	
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meaningful sentences about the topic;2- the good use of: Punctuation, capitalisation and indentation. 3-s/he respects the logical order of ideas  4-Cross-curricular 1-the learner uses ICT in	
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topic;2- the good use of :  Punctuation, capitalisation and indentation.  3-s/he respects the logical order of ideas  4-Cross-curricular  1-the learner uses ICT in	
Punctuation, capitalisation and indentation.  3-s/he respects the logical order of ideas  4-Cross-curricular  1-the learner uses ICT in	
indentation.  3-s/he respects the logical order of ideas  4-Cross-curricular  1-the learner uses ICT in	
3-s/he respects the logical order of ideas  4-Cross-curricular 1-the learner uses ICT in	
ideas  4-Cross-curricular 1-the learner uses ICT in	
4-Cross-curricular 1-the learner uses ICT in	
communicating with his/her friends	
2-s/he produces a written message	
5-Values 1-the learner shows a good conduct	
2-shows attitude of respect	
6-Excellence 1-The learner shows creativity in his	
/her writing	
2- Good hand writing	

LEVEL:2MS

# SEQUENCE: THREE



Teacher: bendoubaba djamel

Teacher: Mr bendoubaba

<u>djamel (djameldjamel)</u>

Level: MS2	School : Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
Sequence: 3 ME AND MY HEALTH	Lessons:1- I listen and do Language focus: language learning/use	Framework: PDP

Learning Objective (s): by the end of this lesson my learner will be able to name his/her body parts

**Domain (s)**: Oral/written/both **Targeted competencies**: interact – Materials: Flashcards / W. Board/ <u>interpret</u> – <u>produce.</u> Target structure: -how many /how do/simple present

### **Cross Curricular Competencies**

- ➤ Intel: Learner can interpret verbal messages to get information.
- ➤ Meth:
- He can work with his partners./
- He can assess his work and his peers.
- He can use strategies for listening and interpreting oral discourse.
- He can develop effective study methods, mobilise his resources efficiently

**Com**: He can use a role play to communicate appropriately.

**Per and soc**: He can socialize through oral exchange

#### **Core values**

-Raising teenagers' awareness of the importance of scientific knowledge to the intellectual fulfillment of both the individual citizen and his community

-Valuing health

resources efficiently						
Time Framework	Procedure		Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
Warm up 5m Pre listen	In a forum of discussion, you read M message asking for help. She suffers obesity. She weighs 98 kilos. She fe and sick. Write a reply to Mona and lose weight.  The teacher sticks on the board the picture and checks how many parts name(some parts were taught in the sequence). By asking: how do we call	Mona's from els tired help her efollowing can they be 1st	T/L	Interact To make a quick review about eyes, hair , nose	The board  Flash cards	VA

10m	While listen	The teacher invites his pps to listen to <b>Body Parts (Part 1) script</b> , take notes on their notebooks about the important words and don't care about their spelling:  Note: during listening to the 1 <sup>st</sup> script the teacher pins the part and repeats the name so that the pps can make a link between them.	Improve the Lstaking notes skill	The book	
		Task 1:p77: my mum is an English teacher .She is helping me at home to learn the English names my body parts . I listen to her and fill in the blanks.  Task 2: I listen again and check my answers Task 3: I listen to part2 and fill in the remaining in task 1.	To listen and fill in fill in the blanks		
10m	Post listen	A role play (a game) The teacher sets an example and asks his learner to follow and do the samein pairs Teacher :how do we call this part? Learner: we call it a hand Teacher: how many hands do we have? Learner: we have 2	The learner reinvests what he learnt	The board	V/A/
10m		The teacher invites his learners to write on their copybooks.			k

djamel djamel
2- I listen and do Framework: PDP e focus: language 'use
ıag

**Learning Objective (s):** by the end of this lesson my learner will be able to talk about health problems related to his/her body parts.

Targeted competencies: interact –	<b>Domain (s)</b> : Oral/written/ <u>both</u>	Materials: Flashcards / W. Board/
<u>interpret</u> – <u>produce.</u>		
Target structure: -how do you feel/ I		
have		

#### **Cross Curricular Competencies**

- ➤ Intel: Learner can interpret verbal messages to get information.
- > Meth:
- He can work with his partners./

resources efficiently

- He can assess his work and his peers.
- He can use strategies for listening and interpreting oral discourse.
- He can develop effective study methods, mobilise his

**Com**: He can use a role play to communicate appropriately.

**Per and soc**: He can socialize through oral exchange

#### **Core values**

Raising teenagers' awareness of the importance of scientific knowledge to the intellectual fulfillment of both the individual citizen and his community

- ➤ Valuing health
- ➤ Being healthy

Time	Framework	Procedure		Focus	Aims		Material	Vakt	
		A short review about naming body parts.  Example :How do we call this part ? it is		Interact/reinforc e the previous lexis					
15m	Pre listen	T eacher introduces new vocabulary pictures and motions to represent i T writes the word on the board and motion/picture. T invites his studen repeat each word 2-3 times( sick, to an	illnesses. I shows a hts to tired ache, sore , flu phone	T/L	familiarize  PPs with  new  Vocabular  y  Related to  health  problem		Flash cards W board	V A	
20m	W listen	Ahlem: what's the matter?  Nora: Today I feel very sick. I think I h I have a headache and a sore throat. I earache and I'm coughing.  Ahlem: How do you feel? Nora: I feel can't go to work. I have an appointme doctor today at 2:00.  Nora: I hope you feel better tomorro	have an terrible. I ent with the	T/L	Interpret of Jaural mess			A/V	

	T		1	T	1	,
		<ol> <li>Nora has a stomach ache.</li> <li>She feels well .</li> <li>She has an appointment with the doctor next week.</li> <li>Task 2: I Listen again to check my answers then I work with my partner and correct them.</li> <li>Task 3: I listen again and much</li> </ol>	L/L	To listen and correct the mistakes  To reinforce peer correction		
		How do you feel? I <u>have</u> a cold What is the matter? I <u>feel</u> terrible.				
		<ol> <li>T invites his learners to replace the word "a cold" by another sickness.         <ul> <li>I have</li> </ul> </li> <li>T writes on the board "I feel" and inserts a word. Students listen and repeat.</li></ol>	T/L	To listen and match questions with their right answers  To substitute words		
15m n	Post listen	<ul> <li>3. T invites his learn to ask each other in close pairs.</li> <li>Task 4:</li> <li>A)Charades- Put sicknesses in a bag/hat and have students pick out a sickness to act out. Let students guess the sickness</li> <li>b) role play: The learners act out the dialogue in close or open pairs</li> </ul>	L/L	LS reinvest what they learnt		A/V/ K
10m n		T invites his learners to copy on their copybooks				

Level: MS2	School : Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
Sequence: 3 ME AND MY HEALTH	Lessons:3- I listen and do Language focus: language learning/use	Framework: PDP

**Learning Objective (s):** by the end of this lesson my learner will be able to talk about common health problems and their medical treatment.

Targeted competencies: interact –	<b>Domain (s)</b> : Oral/written/ <u>both</u>	Materials: Flashcards / W. Board/
<u>interpret</u> – <u>produce.</u>		prescription
Target structure: -simple present/		
simple past verbs		

#### **Cross Curricular Competencies**

- ➤ Intel: Learner can interpret verbal messages to get information.
- > Meth:
- He can work with his partners./
- He can assess his work and his peers.
- He can use strategies for listening and interpreting oral discourse.
- **Com**: He can use a role play to communicate appropriately.

Per and soc: He can socialize through oral exchange

#### **Core values**

Raising teenagers' awareness of the importance of scientific knowledge to the intellectual fulfillment of both the individual citizen and his community

Time	Framework	Procedure	Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
5m	Warm up Pre listen	Teacher greets his learners/the learners respond.  T pins the following pictures and invites his learners to interpret them. Examples;  Does number 1 feel good? Does he look fine? or pale? What about the 2 <sup>nd</sup> one? why does he have a stomachache?how does he feel?	T/L	Reinforce the previous lexis and pave the way	Flash cards	V A
				To introduce the key words		

25m	<u>W listening</u>	What about pic n 4: what does she look like? Is she slim? Is she overweight? why? What about pic 5? The key words: vomit, prescription, prescribe, medicines, overweight, Teacher sets the situation: Amy is a 14 year English girl has a stomachache, her mother took her to the doctor. Teacher invites his learners to listen to script part 1 and do: Task 9 page78: I listen to the dialogue and complete the bubbles. Task 2: I listen again, check them and work with my partner to correct them. Task 11 page 79: I listen to part 2 between Amy and the doctor then complete the dialogue bubbles. Task 3 page 89: I work with my parner to match sentences with its treatment.	Interpret oral and aural messages  Listen and complete  Encourage the peer assessment  Produce /To reinvest prior knowledge	W board  Course book	A/V
10m	Post listen	<u>Task 14 page79</u> : I listen to my partner questions using some words I learnt in task 9			
10		The teacher invites his learners to copy down on their copy books			

Level: MS2	School: Bormadia Relizane		<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel			
Sequence: 3 ME AND MY HEALTH	Lessons:4- La language use	anguage focus:	Framework: PPU			
<b>Learning Objective (s):</b> by the end of this lesson my learner will be able to give and ask for advice using should /express obligation and prohibition using must and mustn't. with a correct pronunciation						
Targeted competencies: interact – interpret – produce.  Target structure: -should / must all forms	<b>Domain (s)</b> : Oral/written/ <u>both</u>		Materials: Flashcards / W. Board/ Course book I pronounce: the strong form and the weak form of must and should			
Cross Curricular Competencie	S					
Cross Curricular Competencies  Intel: Learner can use his critical thinking skill  Meth: - He can work with his partners./		<ul> <li>Com: He can use a role play to communicate appropriately.</li> <li>Per and soc: He can socialize through oral exchange</li> <li>Core values</li> <li>Raising teenagers' awareness of the importance of scientific knowledge to the intellectual fulfillment of both the individual citizen and his community</li> </ul>				

Time	Framework	Procedure	Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
	Brainstorm	Amy is overweight . give her some advice to be in a good health .( the learner , thinks, exchanges ideas with his partner and shares, TPS) The teacher writes on the board all the learners ideas.	T/L	To brainstorm ideas about losing weight and how to be in a good health		A V
		The teacher explains the key words: healthy food, unhealthy food ,less fat, less sugar, less salt, more and less the teacher reads the dietician advice to Amy and invites his learner to listen and do task 1:		To pave the way	Wboard	
	Presentation	Dietician: Listen, Amy. Too much food or bad food, plus lack of exercise or sport practice are the usual causes of overweight and obesity, and many other health problems. You should eat less fat, less sugar and less salt and more fruit and vegetables because they're rich in vitamins and many other good things. You must do more exercise to keep fit and healthy. Try to walk more often and spend less time watching TV. You must go on a		To introduce the target structure Should / must		
		diet immediately if you want to lose weight. I'm putting you on a four-week diet plan with balanced daily menus.			Course book	

Follow it, Amy, and come back in a month for a check. Bye Bye. Task 1: I listen and complete with the missing word: -she .....eat less food ,less sugar and less salt. -she..... do more exercise - she ......go on a diet immediatetly ,....she want s to lose weight. Teacher highlights the rules (the forms and To highlight the the meaning) rules To give advice to someone: I use: should+ Examples, I pronounce you should eat less \be]\ sugar.(aff) To familiarize the you shouldn't sleep \bʊ(\ LS with the new too much (neg) structure and the right pronunciation To ask for advice | I use : should+subj+verb Example: what should I do if I have a headache? Example I pronounce what should I do if I \[\pd\ have a headache? Should I eat less \[\pd\ salt?(inter) Yes, I should /∫ʊd/ No, I shouldn't /ʃʊdnt/ We don't pronounce "[" To talk about something necessary for me (or other person)I use : must+verb Example: I must see a dentist Examples, I pronounce She must go on a /mʌst/ diet.(aff) She mustn't eat /mʌsnt/ bad, unhealthy /məs(t)/ food.(neg) Must Amy go on a /məs(t)/ diet, doctor?(inter)

/mʌst/

/mʌsnt/

Yes, she must.

No ,she mustnt

Practice	Task 2: I order the words to get full sentences  1- eat /shouldn't/ sleep/ too / much/ You.  2- stay / in / you /bed/should/ 3- watch/ tv/ she /mustnt /for a long time.  4- I/ practice/ must/sport/?  Tasks 1,2,3,4: page:84  Task: a) I work with my partner to complete b) I act out the dialogue with my partner  Mother:What's the matter?  Daughter:I feel hot, Mom.  M: Let me take your temperature. You have a fever .You should	To form a sentence  To pronounce must and should correctly  To reinvest what he learnt  To encourage the learner to work with his partner	V/A/ k/T
	You mustn't		

Level : MS2			<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel				
Sequence: 3 ME AND MY HEALTH	Lessons:5 l p	ronounce	Framework: PIASP				
Learning Objective (s): by the end of this lesson my learner will be able to pronounce ch and sh correctly							
Targeted competencies: interact –	Domain (s):	Oral/written/ <u>both</u>	Materials: / W. Board/				
<u>interpret</u> – <u>produce.</u>			Course book				
			Target sounds:				
			/tʃ/ /ʃ/				
Cross Curricular Competencie	S						
Intel: Learner can use his critical think	ing skill	Com: He can use a role play to communicate					
Meth:	ing skill	appropriately. <b>Per and soc</b> : He can socialize through oral exchange					
- He can work with his partners./		r er and soc. The co	an socialize through oral exchange				
•		Core values:					
		valuing healthy food	1				

Framework	Procedure	Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
	The teacher greets his learners / the learners respond. The teacher interacts with his learners about which food do they like? The teacher writes the following dialogue: Listen and identify the underlined sound.	T/L	Interact/	W board The course Book	V A
Present	Amy : I like eating chips ,chicken , cheese but I hate eating fish and mashed potatoes .  Her friend :That's why you always have stomach ache		Present the target sounds		
	The teacher isolates the words which contain the targeted sounds then invites his learners to read them:  Chips chicken fish stomach		To identify the sounds		V/a
					A/V
	The teacher highlights the rules: I pronounce sh /ʃ/ eg: short, mashed, finish* I pronounce: ch /tʃ/ eg: much, Rich, check, But I ch /k/ in chemist, and architect		To familiarize the Ls with the new sounds		
		The teacher greets his learners / the learners respond. The teacher interacts with his learners about which food do they like?  The teacher writes the following dialogue: Listen and identify the underlined sound.  Present  Amy: like eating chips, chicken, cheese but I hate eating fish and mashed potatoes. Her friend: That's why you always have stomach ache  The teacher isolates the words which contain the targeted sounds then invites his learners to read them:  Chips chicken fish stomach	The teacher greets his learners / the learners respond. The teacher interacts with his learners about which food do they like?  The teacher writes the following dialogue: Listen and identify the underlined sound.  Present  Amy: I like eating chips, chicken, cheese but I hate eating fish and mashed potatoes. Her friend: That's why you always have stomach ache  The teacher isolates the words which contain the targeted sounds then invites his learners to read them:  Chips chicken fish stomach	The teacher greets his learners / the learners respond. The teacher interacts with his learners about which food do they like?  The teacher writes the following dialogue: Listen and identify the underlined sound.  Present  Amy: I like eating chips, chicken, cheese but I hate eating fish and mashed potatoes. Her friend: That's why you always have stomach ache  The teacher isolates the words which contain the targeted sounds then invites his learners to read them:  Chips chicken fish stomach	The teacher greets his learners / the learners respond. The teacher interacts with his learners about which food do they like? The teacher writes the following dialogue: Listen and identify the underlined sound.  Present  Amy: I like eating chips ,chicken , cheese but I hate eating fish and mashed potatoes . Her friend: That's why you always have stomach ache  The teacher isolates the words which contain the targeted sounds then invites his learners to read them:  Chips chicken fish stomach

Practice	<u>Task 1</u> : the learner listen to the teacher and repeat the following minimal pairs	To shape the Ls articulation	
	initial: chair - share; cheap - sheep; cheat -	ui ticulation	
	sheet; cheese - she's; chew - shoe;		
	chews/choose - shoes; chip - ship; chop -		
	shop;	To consolidate	
	final: catch - cash/cache; match - mash;	To consolidate	
	watch - wash; which/witch - wish.		
	water - wash, which, witch - wish.		
	<b>Task 2</b> The teacher asks the learners to (Task 9 page 85).		
	Task 3: (Task 11 page 85).  Task 4: I work with my partner, we read the pronunciation tool, we compare our answers and we correct each other	To encourage working in pairs	
Use	A game: the teacher draws this table on the board and invites his learners to work in groups( or in rows) then complete the table with their own words ( the Is have to shut their copybooks and their books  /tʃ/ /ʃ/ /k/		

Level: MS2	School: Bormadia Relizane		<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel				
Sequence: 3 ME AND MY HEALTH	Lessons:6 l p	ronounce	Framework: PIASP				
Learning Objective (s): by the end of this lesson my learner will be able to pronounce ch and sh correctly							
Targeted competencies: interact –	Domain (s):	Oral/written/ <u>both</u>	Materials: / W. Board/				
<u>interpret – produce.</u>			Course book				
			Target sounds:				
			/tʃ/ /ʃ/				
Cross Curricular Competencie	es .						
> Intel: Learner can use his critical think	ing skill	Com: He can use appropriately.	e a role play to communicate				
<ul><li>Meth:</li><li>- He can work with his partners./</li></ul>		<b>Per and soc</b> : He ca	an socialize through oral exchange				
		Core values:					
		valuing healthy food	1				

Time	Framework	Procedure	Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
		The teacher greets his learners / the learners respond. The teacher interacts with his learners about which food do they like? The teacher writes the following dialogue: Listen and identify the underlined sound.	T/L	To brainstorm ideas	W board The course Book	V A
	Present	Amy : I like eating chips ,chicken , cheese but I hate eating fish and mashed potatoes .  Her friend :That's why you always have stomach ache		Present the target sounds		
		The teacher isolates the words which contain the targeted sounds then invites his learners to read them:  Chips chicken fish stomach		To identify the sounds		V/a
		The teacher highlights the rules: I pronounce sh /ʃ/ eg: short, mashed, finish* I pronounce: ch /tʃ/ eg: much, Rich, check, But I ch /k/ in chemist, and architect		To familiarize the Ls with the new sounds		

			1	1	
Pra	actice	<u>Task 1</u> : the learner listen to the teacher and			
		repeat the following minimal pairs			
				To shape the Ls	
		<u>initial</u> : chair - share; cheap - sheep; cheat -		articulation	
		sheet; cheese - she's; chew - shoe;			
		chews/choose - shoes; chip - ship; chop -			
		shop;			
				To consolidate	
		<u>final:</u> catch - cash/cache; match - mash;		To consonate	
		watch - wash; which/witch - wish.			
		<b>Task 2</b> The teacher asks the learners to (Task 9 page 85).			
		9 page 63).			
		Task 3 : (Task 11 page 85).			
		Task 4: I work with my partner, we read		To encourage	
		the pronunciation tool, we compare our		working in pairs	
		answers and we correct each other			
	_	A game : the teacher draws this table on the			
U	Ise	board and invites his learners to work in			
		groups( or in rows) then complete the table with their own words ( the Ls have to shut			
		their copybooks and their books			
		/tʃ/ /ʃ/ /k/			

Level : MS2	School : Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel			
Sequence: 3 ME AND MY HEALTH	<b>Lessons</b> :7- Language focus: language learning / use	Framework: PPU			
Learning Objective (s): by the end of this lesson my learner will be able to give advice and recommendation using imperative					

Materials: Flashcards / W. Board/ **Targeted competencies**: interact – Domain (s): Oral/written/both interpre<u>t</u> – <u>produce.</u> Course book **Target structure:** -imperative

## **Cross Curricular Competencies**

- ➤ Intel: Learner can use his critical thinking skill
- ➤ Meth:
- He can work with his partners./

**Com**: He can use a role play to communicate appropriately.

**Per and soc**: He can socialize through oral exchange

### **Core values**

Raising teenagers' awareness of the importance of scientific knowledge to the intellectual fulfillment of both the individual citizen and his community

Time	Framework		Proce	edure	-	Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
	Warm up	The teacher invites his learners to work in pairs or in groups and do task 14 page 93  Then classify:			T/L	To brainstorm ideas about healthy and	Course		
		fat				unhealthy food	book	V	
		pizza							Α
						T/L	interacting		
		The teacher asl			r ?	1/L			
		Which food cor		_					
	Presentation								
	rresemunion	The teacher inv			s to read the				
		short text <b>p:94</b> Do s	and tas	k 17 Donts			To elicit the		
		Eat chocolate	with		eat chocolate		target structure		
		moderation		every				The	
						T/I		board	
		The teacher hig	ghlights	the rule	of imperative :		To familiarize the Ls with the new		
		To make <b>recommendation</b> or give <b>advice</b> to				structure			
		someone, we can also use <b>the imperative</b> : "  Verb infinitive without to Eg: Eat balanced							
		food./ let mme examine you.							
						1			

Task 2: I give advice to my friend to lose weight using imperative		To express recommendation and advice	V/A
-To eat fruit and vegetables To eat between meals To eat bad, unhealthy food with lots of fat, sugar and salt To practise sport regularly - To be a "couch potato" (to spend a lot of time sitting and watching TV).  Task 3 a)I complete the conversation between Amy and the dietician with ::  Let's - come- move- step -have b) I give Amy some advice (orally)  Dietician:	T/L	To reinvest the prior knowledge he /to give advice and recommendation using imperative	

Level: MS2	School : Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
Sequence: 3 ME AND MY HEALTH	Lessons:8- Language focus: language learning / use	Framework: PPU

**Learning Objective (s):** by the end of this lesson my learner will be able to express obligation and lack of obligation.

Targeted competencies: interact –	<b>Domain (s)</b> : Oral/written/ <u>both</u>	Materials: / W. Board/
interpret – produce.		Course book
Target structure: -have to / don't have		
to / must / mustn't		

# **Cross Curricular Competencies**

- ➤ Intel: Learner can use his critical thinking skill
- > Meth:
- He can work with his partners./

> **Com**: He can use a role play to communicate appropriately.

**Per and soc**: He can socialize through oral exchange

# Core values Respecting rules

Time	Framework	Procedure		Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
	Warm up	The teacher greets his learners / the learners respond.  A short review about must and mustn't.  The teacher asks his learners to give examples and in which case they use must.		T/L	To reinforce and to pave the way at the same time	W board	V
	The presentation	The teacher invites his learners to cobetween the 4 sentences:  a)You must do more exercise to kee b)You have to take with you the docco c)You mustn't forget prescription want to buy medicine  d)If you don't like cheese, you don to eat it.	ep fit. tor n If you		Compare between sentences to elicit the rules		A
		-Discuss the differences between and 'must' in the positive form. Why we have to take the prescrip you? Because the chemist will ask So the sentence b has a sense of obligation _Discuss the differences between to' and 'mustn't'. Make sure to stridea that 'don't have to' expresses	tion with for it . an external don't have ess the		To elicit the rules To reinforce the Ls understanding		V/A

	that the person isn't required to do something but may do so if he/she would like while 'mustn't' expresses the idea of prohibition.  The teacher highlights the rules:  To talk about something that is necessary for me or another person to do (because it's a law, a duty or a fact) we use: "Have/ has to + Stem" eg: We have to get passport if we want to travel to other country. (a law).  she has to take care of her sick mother. (a duty).  I have to go now. Because I have an appointment with my dietitian . (a fact).	To familiarize the Ls with the new structure	
Practice	Task 1   Order the words  1- Don't / I / / have to / participate / in the party.  2- Do / see / I/ the doctor/have to /?  3- Doesn't / he/ have to / in bed/ stay/  Task 2: I choose the correct one I (must, have to) get my hair cut before the party.  2) She (has to, must) see her dentist ,her tooth hurts.  3-People (must, have to) eat to live.	To produce a correct sentence  To interpret the meaning	
Use	Task 3: I work with my partner to order the sentences of the dialogue then act it out  Mum: I'm afraid you have to, sweetheart.  Mum: Yes. You must take one spoonful right now and another one before you go to bed.  Liz: Do I have to take this cough syrup, mum? It tastes awful  Liz: Must I take it right now?	To produce a dialogue  To encourage the learner to work with his partner	

Level: MS2	School : Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
Sequence: 3 ME AND MY HEALTH	Lessons: 9- I practise	Framework: PPU

**Learning Objective (s):** by the end of this lesson my learner will be able to; a) talk about the indoor and outdoor sport b) give reasons

Targeted competencies: interact –	Domain (s): Oral/written/both	Materials: / W. Board/
interpret – produce.		Course book
Target structure: -have to / don't have		
to / must / mustn't/ why/ because		

## **Cross Curricular Competencies**

- ➤ Intel: Learner can use his critical thinking skill
- ➤ Meth:
- He can work with his partners./

➤ Com: He can communicate appropriately.

Per and soc: He can socialize through oral and written exchange exchanges

#### **Core values**

Valuing physical exercise and sports

Time	Framework	Procedure	Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
	Warm up And recapitulatio n  The presentation	The teacher greets his learners .the learners respond.  A short revision about the grammar tools the learners have seen in this sequence The teacher invites his learners to do <u>Task 26</u> page in groups. The solution:  1. have to go/mustn't 2. should/haven't to 3. should /mustn't 4. must /have to 5. have to /shouldn't  The teacher invites his learners to look at the pictures on page 96 and complete the definition using the name of the physical	T/L	Brainstorm To elicit the names of physical exercises	The w Board	V
	Practice	exercise.  Task 1: Task 22 page 96   classify each picture under its appropriate heading Treadmill (4)/ Stretching (2 – 6 – 7 – 8 – 12)/ Stationary bike (11)/ Weight training (1 – 5 – 9)/ Brisk walking (10) jogging (3)  TASK 2<(task 24 page97   write my answers to school health adviser questionnaire. Solution				

	A 1 B 3 C 4 D 2 E 5		
use	My Report: Keeping Fit and Healthy There are two good reasons why I have to exercise regularly. First, to be in a good health. Second, to avoid obesity In conclusion, I think that exercise regularly helps me to feel better  The learners work with their partners, they correct each other: punctuation, capitalization, Repetition The learners say their reports	logical s elop the 's critical	

Level : MS2	School: Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
Sequence: 3 ME AND MY HEALTH	Lessons:10- I read and do	Framework: PDP

**Learning Objective (s):** by the end of this lesson my learner will be able to interpret a written message about a balanced food and a diet

Targeted competencies: interact –	<b>Domain (s)</b> : Oral/written/ <u>both</u>	Materials: / W. Board/
interpret – produce.		Course book
Target structure: -must, should		

## **Cross Curricular Competencies**

- ➤ Intel: Learner can use his critical thinking skill They can understand and interpret verbal and nonverbal messages
- > Meth:
- .he can mobilize his resources to write about his profile
- **Com**: he can exchange ideas with his partner
- Per and soc: He can socialize through oral exchange

#### **Core values**

Valuing healthy food Valuing sports

Time Framework	Procedure		Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
Warm up  Pre read	The teacher greets his learners / t respond. Teacher interacts with his learners a do they like to eat in the three mealt The teacher explains the key words; food, wholemeal, stationary bike	about what imes?	T/L	Interacting To introduce the topic and the key lexical items	W board	V A
W read	The teacher invites his learners to re (p98) and task 1: I read and complet weekly diet plan.  Task 2: I read the email and find whee bold words refer to?  The solution:  "it" (paragraph 1) refers to "diet per solution:  "it" (paragraph 1) refers to "Dr Sandgate or "She" (1) refers to "Dr Sandgate or "You and I" (3)  "you" refers to "Nadia".  "I" refers to "Amy".  Task 3: I read Amy 's email and find words who definition below.  Solution:  Grilled — 2 veg 3-lemon or orange of skeep in touch	e Amy 's no and what olan". ".		To interpret Interpret A written message/ Read to get information		

	TASK 4 page 99; The solution: Amy's Typical Daily Menu Breakfast: tea, cereals, skim milk, lemon or orange juice. Lunch:	Read to get information	The course	
	Starter: Salad (tomatoes, lettuce, olive oil and lemon).  Main course & side dishes: grilled turkey escalope or grilled chicken leg and veg.  Dessert: one apple, or orange, or strawberry.  Dinner:  Starter: vegetable soup  Main course & side dishes: veg.  Dessert: one apple, or orange, or strawberry  Task 5:  The solution:  Weekdays: gym (stretching, riding the stationary bike).		book	
Post read	Weekends: jogging  Short discussion: Do you like Amy 's diet? If yes, I give two reasons If no, I give two reasons	To develop the Ls critical thinking		

Level: MS2	School : Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
Sequence: 3 ME AND MY HEALTH	Lessons: 11   learn to integrate	Framework: PDP/ writing process

**Learning Objective (s):** by the end of this lesson my learner will be able to write an email in which he writes the doctor dietary advice with a weekly diet pal

Targeted competencies: interact –	<b>Domain (s)</b> : Oral/written/ <u>both</u>	Materials: / W. Board/
<u>interpret</u> – <u>produce.</u>		Course book
Target structure: -must ,have to		

#### **Cross Curricular Competencies**

- Intel: Learner can show autonomy and creativity in writing
- Meth: he can exchange ideas with his partner

he can mobilize his resources to write a weekly diet plan

**com:** he can use ICT to communicate with others.

• Per and soc: he can socialize through written

# messages

#### **Core values**

Raising teenagers awareness in regard to health problems caused by overweight and obesity
Sharing valuable medical advice and recommendation
Between teenagers in regard to health

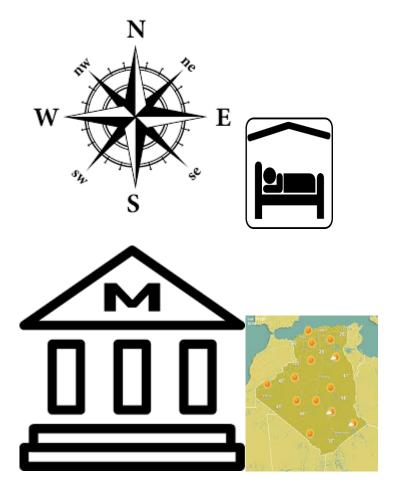
Time	Framework	Procedure	Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
	Pre-writing process	Teacher greets his learners/the learners respond. A short discussion about the diet of Amy to lose weight. What should Amy eat every day? Must she do sport?	T/L	/interacting	The board	V A K T
		Setting up the Situation	T/L	Ls can use his prior knowledge	The course book	
		Nacer,my Tunisian friend, is overweight wants to kow what kind of diet my dietitian recommends because he knows I have the same problem.I'm going to send him a detailed email in which I explain my doctor's dietary advice and recommendations about food and exercise. I'm also going to send him a weekly diet plan and a typical daily menu as attached documents		Interacting		

In -writing process	Planning  Thelps his learners to remember what they learnt in this sequence The learners fill the missing information in the KSA table page 100 _To write about the weekly diet tasks 1,4,5 in I READ AND DO will help me To write an email I need to read again Amy4s email The learner needs to follow the lay out (page 101) The learner follow the sample page 101  The teacher groups the learners Drafting With the help of their teacher, the learners start drafting. Editing Teacher helps his learners to find out and correct typographical errors and mistakes in grammar, style, and spelling. Publishing and roporting The learner writes the final draft and presents his work in front of his classmates to be assessed T selects a work to be written on the board and corrected.	T/L	To correct the mistakes(spelling , grammar,)	

## LEVEL :2MS

# SEQUENCE :FOUR ME AND

# MYTRAVELS





In the international" travel forum" of tripadvisor.com website, you read a message of a tourist from England. He wants to visit Algeria. Think of a nice place you visited and write some information about it. Turn these information into a travel brochure to be posted in the "travel forum".

By djamel djamel

Level : MS2	School : Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
Sequence: 4 Me and my travels	Lessons:1 language use	Framework: PPU

Learning Objective (s): At the end of this lesson, the student will be able to talk and write about his future plan using « will »

**Targeted competencies**: <u>interact</u> –

<u>interpret</u> – <u>produce.</u>

**Target structure:** - simple future 'affirmative- negative- interr')

Domain (s): Oral/written/both

<u>I pronounce:</u> the pronunciation of will

Materials: 'a brochure / a map / W. Board/ pictures of famous

places and sites.

#### **Cross Curricular Competencies**

- Intel: Learner can understand verbal and nonverbal messages
- ➤ Meth:
- He can work with his partner

> Com: He can interview his partner

**Per and soc**: He can socialize through oral exchange

#### **Core values**

To value the national heritage

Time	Framework	Procedure	Focus	Aims	Material	Vak t
		The teacher greets his learners / the learners respond.				
	Warm up	The teacher asks some questions to brainstorm about the topic  Next holidays:  Will you stay here?  Where will you travel to?  What are the most famous touristic places (sites) in Algeria (the teacher shows the learners a map of Algeria with the most famous touristic places).  What does a tourist need to visit a place?	T/L	To brainstorm ideas and pave the way to the lesson topic	A map A brochure	V
		a map and a brochure ( the teacher show a brochure)				
	The presentation	The teacher presents the following dialogue and invites his learners to consider the highlighted words.  Karima: Next week, my family and I are going to visit Bejaia. Will you come with us?  Ahlem: Yes, I will. My Father won't object.  I will bring with me a travel brochure and a detailed map of Bejaia.	T/L	To introduce the target structure in a		
		The teacher highlights the rules:  To talk about intentions that are decided at the time of speaking I use the future simple tense.  1)Will + stem I will ('II) bring with me a travel brochure and a detailed map of Bejaia.		context  To familiarize the learner with the target	W board	

Practice	Won't (will not)+ stem  My Father won't object  Will + sub+stem  Will you come with us?  - I can also use the time markers:     Tomorrow and next (month; week)  • The teacher devotes time to present and focus on the right pronunciation of /  wILL /wit/ ,'II /t/ and won't     /wəʊnt/	T/L	structure  To focus on the right pronunciation of will and won't	V/A
Use	Task 1: I work with my partner to reorder the words to get complete sentences:  1- 'II – You-your-enjoy- holidays 2- won't – Karima- stay – the city- in. 3- your father- visit-Will – some touristic sites?  Task 1 (a page 117) I listen and repeat Task 3: I listen and tick the right pronunciation (task 1 page 119) Task 4: I correct the underlined mistake Yesterday, my father will spends a week in Djurdjura.  -The teacher invites his learners to complete the following conversation with: next-go-will a)Where will your family go, summer? b)My family and I will to Tlemcen. a) you visit Elmansourah? b)Yes ,we willThe learners act out a dialogue where they talk about the place they will visit next summer.	T/L	To form a correct sentence  To check and consolidate the right pronunciation  To check the learner understanding  The learner talks about his future plan	

Level : MS2	<b>School :</b> Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
Sequence: 4 ME AND MY travels	Lessons:2 language use	Framework: PPU

Learning Objective (s): At the end of this lesson, the students will be able to ask and answer about a future plan using « going to »

**Targeted competencies**: <u>interact</u> –

interpret - produce.

**Target structure:** - going to 'affirmative- negative- inter')

**Domain (s)**: Oral/written/both

Materials: 'a brochure / a map / W. Board/ pictures of famous places and sites.

#### **Cross Curricular Competencies**

- ➤ Intel: Learner can understand verbal and non verbal messages
- ➤ Meth:
- He can work with his partner

Com: He can interview his partnerPer and soc: He can socialize through oral exchange

#### **Core values**

To value the national heritage and be proud of the touristic sites which Algeria contains.

Time	Framework	Procedure	Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
	Lead in	The teacher greets his learners / the learners respond  Review the dialogue between Karima and		To refresh/to		V A
		Ahlem by asking some questions: where will karima and her family go ,next summer? What we need before travelling?? (a brochure and a map)		pave the way		A
		The teacher pins some map icons and invites his learners to match them with the corresponding amenity (a restaurant –a camping site- a museum- a hotel- a monument or a touristic site- park )		To introduce a new topical lexis		
	presentation					
	presentation	Where are you going to spend the next holidays? In Oran . What are you going to do there, I'm going to visit some interesting places like the museum of Oran .		To introduce the target structure in a context		

T	The teacher highlights the surface		I
	The teacher highlights the rules :		
	To talk about the future activities that have		
	been planned before the time of speaking I	To set the rules	
	use:	To set the fales	
	Affirmative form	To familiarize the	
	am / is/are + going to + verb )	Learners with the	
	Example :I'm going to visit some famous	Target structure	
	places.	raiget structure	
	Negative form :		
Practice	am /is/ are/ + not +going to + verb		
Tractice	Example: I'm not going to the beach.		
	Interrogative form :		
	Are /is + going to +verb		
	Are you going to the camping site?		
	Took 1 I weeksh		
	Task 1 I match		
	1)Are you going to camp		
	In the mountain? A) No, he isn't.	To reinforce	
		/consolidate	
	2)Is your father going to b) Next week.	·	
	Stay in the hotel ?		
	When are you going to travel c)Yes, I'm.		
	to jijel?		
	Task 2 I correct the mistakes		
	Next holidays , We going to visit Tikjda.		
	We not are going to stay in the hotel .We are		
	go to camp in the mountains.		
	Task 3 :Role play	To ask and	
		answer about a	
	Your friend is planning to go on holiday soon.	future plan	
	Ask him /her about her/his plans. Use the		
	words in brackets make questions:		
	·		
	1. (where / go ?)		
Use	2. (how long / go for?)		
	3. (when / leave ?)		
	4. (travel/ alone ?)		
	5. (who/travel with?)		
	6. (travel / by plane ?)		
	( , . , p ,		
	7. (where / stay ?)		
	7. (where y stuy . )		
			i
	·		
	·		
	·		

Level: MS2	1		<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
Sequence: 4 ME AND MY travels	Lessons:3 la	nguage learning	Framework: PDP
Learning Objective (s): At the end of this about interesting sites ( location, distar	·		e to use a street map and talk
Targeted competencies: interact – interpret – produce.  Target structure: - simple future (going to )(will)	<b>Domain (s)</b> : Oral/written/ <u>both</u>		Materials: a brochure / a street map / W. Board/ pictures of famous paces and sites. A compass
Cross Curricular Competencie	S		
<ul> <li>Intel: Learner can understand verbal and non - verbal messages         He can use his critical thinking skills</li> <li>Meth:         - He can work with his partner</li> </ul>		Core values	erview his partner an socialize through oral exchange of the national heritage

Time	Framework	Procedure	Focus	Aims	Material	V ak
	Pre listen	The teacher greets his learners / the learners respond. The teacher pins on the board a picture of a Makam Echahid Monument and asks: what is the name of this monument? where is it situated? where is Algiers situated? is it far from Relizane? how far is it?		To elicit information and Introduce the key words	Flash cardA	V A
		the teacher can use a compass or a picture of the cardinal points to help the learners  NORTH NORTHWEST NORTHWEST NORTHWEST West-NorthWest SOUTHEAST SOUTH-SouthWest SOUTHEAST SOUTH-SouthWest SOUTH-SouthWest SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH-SOUTHWEST SOUTHWEST		Prepare the Ls	A compass	
		Using a map The teacher tries to elicit other interesting sites and famous monuments in Algiers: The Casbah, Bardo National Museum , Mustapha Bacha hospital, El-Djazair Hotel , National Museum of Antiquities.		for the 1st listening	A street map	
	While listen	The teacher prepares the learners for the 1 <sup>st</sup> listening: <i>Keltoum is Mounir's new classmate in</i>				

	Djelfa.			J
	I Listen to the conversation (part1) and choose the correct answer:  1)Mounir is going to travel to: a) Algiers – b) Oran – c) Annaba – d) Setif	To listen and choose the right information	Audio script	
	2) Keltoom will give Mounir:  a) A brochure and a map of Algiers  b) Money  c) A camera  d) A magazine		Course book	
	I Listen to the conversation (part2) and do  Task 1: answer with true /false:	To listen and answer the questions		
	1-The Bardo National Museum is near the town center.(true) 2-The Bardo National center is 320 m far from Mostapha Bacha hospital.(false) 3- The Casba is situated in the North of Algiers.(true) Task 2 Task 8 page 110	To listen and get Information		
Post listen	Task 3: Task 09 page 110  Task 04: Task 11 page 111 I work with my partner, we use the street map of Algiers and act out the dialogue.	The L reinvests what he learnt to talk about his plan and use a map	wboard	
	map of Algiers and act out the alalogue			

Level: MS2	School: Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
Sequence: 4 ME AND MY travels	Lessons:4 language learning/use	Framework: PPU

Learning Objective (s): At the end of this lesson, the students will be able to use a weather forcast map and talk about the weather.

Targeted competencies: interact –	Domain (s): Oral/written/both	Materials:
<u>interpret</u> – produce.		A compass/ a map / weather
Target structure: - simple future		
Adjectives to describe weather		

#### **Cross Curricular Competencies**

- ➤ Intel: Learner can interpret a map He can use his critical thinking skills
- > Meth:
- He can work with his partner

Com: He can interview his partnerPer and soc: He can socialize through oral exchange

#### **Core values**

Valuing environmental and ecological resources.

Time	Framework	Procedure	Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
	Warm up	T tries to get students talking about seasons by asking them what season they like best and sees if anyone can explain why. If certain vocabulary words come up, Twrites them on the board. (hot ,temperature ,cold,windy, sunny,snowy) T can talk about the four cardinal points (north-south-west-east) T can talk about different activities students like to do during particular seasons such as snowboarding, swimming ,climbing		To <u>elicit much</u> <u>of the</u> <u>vocabulary</u> Related to the topic	a compas s w board	А
	The presentation	Note: the learners repeat the new vocabulary.  a) The teacher sticks on the board a weather forcast map of Algeria and starts a discussion activity		To familiarize The learner with the new lexis	a map	V A
		What is the weather like in the south ,east? It is windy .stormy, sunny b) the teacher sticks another weather forcast map for tomorrow and asks some questions:			A map	

Level: MS2	School: Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
Sequence: 4 ME AND MY travels	Lessons:5language learning	Framework: PDP

Learning Objective (s): At the end of this lesson, the students will be able listen and get information about Location, Weather, distance, direction, animals and use it to fill in a fact file.

Targeted competencies: interact –	Domain (s): Oral/written/both	Materials:
<u>interpret</u> – produce.		Flash cards , course books
Target structure: - simple presents		

#### **Cross Curricular Competencies**

- ➤ Intel: L can understand and interpret verbal and non-verbal messages

  He can use his critical thinking skills
- ➤ Meth:
- He can work with his partner

- **Com**: he can use information and communication technology such radio to get information
- Per and soc: He can socialize through oral exchange

#### **Core values**

Valuing environmental and ecological resources. Valuing Algerian natural heritage.

Time	Framework		Procedure		Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
	Warm up	The teacher greets his learners /the learners respond . Using flash cards The teacher presents (and elicits) some animals and plants which we have in Algeria invites his learners to Categorize them: Eagle ,Falcon ,Camels, Fennecs,oak ,pine trees,old cedars , Jackals ,Fox Barbary macaque ,vulture , palm		T/L	To elicit information and introduce	Flash cards	V A	
		Birds (fauna)	Animals (fauna	trees( flaura		new topical lexis		
	Pre listen	The teacher asks some questions to pave the way for the listening stage: Which animals among them are endangered species? Must we protect them (using gestures)? How? Do you know some famous reserves, gardens, zoos in Algeria?				To pave the way	Wboard	
	W listen	the BBC Radio p Djurdjura Natio Task 15 page 12 missing name o	The teacher invites his learners to listen to the BBC Radio programme about Djurdjura National Park and do:  Task 15 page 112: I listen and find the missing name of the 2 <sup>nd</sup> town and locate on Djurdjura National Park the map			To listen and a a find a missing name	Audio script	

Post listen	Task 17 page 112: I listen and complete the fact file about Djurdjura National Park  Task 18 page 112: I listen again and check my answers (with my partner)  I Summarize the main ideas of the listening text either orally or in writing.	To listen and fill in a fact file To encourage the learners to work in pairs To relate the information he gained	Courseb ook Wboard	

Level: MS2	School : Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
Sequence: 4 ME AND MY travels	Lessons: 6language learning	Framework: PPU

**Learning Objective (s):** By the end of the lesson, my learners will be able to talk about of some Algerian traditional handcrafts using demonstratives .

Targeted competencies: interact –

<u>interpret</u> – <u>produce</u>.

**Target structure:** - demonstratives

**Domain (s)**: Oral/written/both

I pronounce : / ð / / ð /

**Materials:** 

Flash cards, course books

#### **Cross Curricular Competencies**

- ➤ Intel: L can understand and interpret verbal and non-verbal messages

  He can use his critical thinking skills
- ➤ Meth:
- He can work with his partner

- ➤ **Com**: he can use information and communication technology such as blogs , websites page , discussion forums , platforms to interact with learners of other cultures
- Per and soc: He can socialize through oral exchange

#### **Core values**

Valuing Algerian cultural heritage.

Time	Framework	Procedure		Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
Tillie	Traniework	riocedure		Tocus	AIIII3	iviateriai	vakt
	Warm up	Teacher greets his learners / the learners respond Teacher makes a quick review about the previous lesson(the flora and fauna of the different parts of Algeria). The teacher presents some traditional items and invites his learners to work in pairs to categorize them:		T/L	To reinforce the previous lexis	Flash cards	V A
		Caftan , blankets, burnous , pendant Pot ,a jar , necklace,	e, earrings		Familiarize the learners with the new lexis related to handcrafts		
		Pottery Jewellery clo	othes	T/L			
	Presentation	The teacher explains some words like: crafts, craftsmen ,craftswoman ,  The teacher elicits which region is famous for each of these items				Wboard	
		The teacher shows his learners a ring writes(the teacher points his finger)	gand				

 						_			, ,
							To introduce the target structure In a context	Flash card	V A
	This is call	led a ring , er invites				T/L			
	Demonstr	these and ratives are	l those au words th	at show v					
	Demon strativ es	thing is be singula r	eing refer Plural	red to Near	Far			Course book	
	this that these	✓ ✓	<b>✓</b>	✓ ✓	<b>✓</b>				
	those		✓	·	√				
Practice	these				T/L L/L	To reinforce the use of the demonstratives  To focus on the right pronunciation of /θ/ð// To reinvest prior knowledge	Course book		

Level	: MS2		<b>School :</b> Bori	madia Relizai		<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendo djamel djamel	ubaba dja	mel
Seque	nce: 4 ME Al	ND MY travels	<b>Lessons</b> : 7lar	nguage learni	ng	Framework: PPU		
<b>Learn</b> i		s): By the end of the	lesson, my lea	rners will be	able to us	se the simple past to	narrate a t	trip or
Targe interp Targe	ted competend ret – <u>produce</u> . t structure: - s		Domain (s): I pronounce	Oral/written/ : "ed"		<b>Materials:</b> course book/flash c	ard	
	.Regular and i	rregular verbs						
no H∈ ➤ M	n-verbal messa can use his cr	itical thinking skills	verbal and	technologies, forums, Per an exchang	ogy such a platform a <b>d soc</b> : He e	information and co as blogs, websites p s to interact with le can socialize throu a source of knowled	age , discu arners gh oral	ussion
Time	Framework	Pr	rocedure	us leisure.	Focus	Aims	Material	Vak
	Warm up Presentation	The teacher greets his learners / the learners respond .  Asks his learners some questions about the Last spring holidays : From when did it begin ? Did you visit some places? Did you stay a home?  I read Omar 's email about his last holidays and work with my partner to find : a time marker :			T/L	To brainstorm ideas to pave the way  To elicit the target structure	Wboard	VA
		days in family . places t	ring holidays, I s Jijel, I went wir I visited many there. I took a lo e weather was b	th my interesting ot pictures			Fash card	v/a

	T presents the rules of simple past ( my grammar tools p 122)	T/L	To familiarize the learners with the	
Practice	Task 1: I order		target structure	
	1 – Ahlem- Yesterday ,-to –visited- the –			
	museum.			
	2- went – by bus,she.		To form a	
	3- didn't go – she – by car.		meaningful	
	4- Did – see –her – you?		sentence	Wboard
	Note: the teacher devotes time to focus on the		Sentence	VVDOaru
	pronunciation of the final "ed"		To focus on the	
	l ·			
	Task 7 page 120:		right	Course
	I listen and tick the right pronunciation of "ed"		pronunciation of "ed"	
	<u>Task 2:</u>		ea	book
	(task 11page 125) I correct the verb between		Tamita a aanmaat	
	brackets		To write a correct	
	Table 2 . I am annual that fall annia a moration at a mainta		form of the verb	
	Task 3: I answer the following questions to write			
Use	an email to Mounir about your last holidays:			
	Where did you spend your holidays ?		To produce an	
	When did you go?	T/1	email or a piece	
	Where is it situated?	T/L	of writing from a	
	How did you go ?		set of questions	wboard
	( by bus , train , boat)			
	How was the weather like?			
	Where did you stay ?			
	(hotel, youth hostel, camping site)			
	Which interesting places did you visit?			
	Which activities did you do ?			
	(walking, hiking, climbing, swimming)			
		1		

Level: MS2	School: Bormadia Relizane	<b>Teacher:</b> Mr Bendoubaba djamel djamel
Sequence: 4 ME AND MY travels	Lessons: 8 I read and do	Framework: PDP

**Learning Objective (s):** By the end of the lesson, my learners will be able to use the simple past to narrate a trip or a journey

 $\textbf{Targeted competencies}: \underline{interact} - \\$ 

<u>interpret</u> – <u>produce</u>.

Target structure: - simple past /simple

future

**Domain (s)**: Oral/written/both

**Materials:** 

course book/flash cards

#### **Cross Curricular Competencies**

- ➤ Intel: L can understand and interpret verbal and non-verbal messages

  He can use his critical thinking skills
- > Meth:
- He can work in small groups

- ➤ Com: he can use information and communication technology such as blogs, websites page, discussion forums, platforms to interact with learners
- Per and soc: He can socialize through oral exchange

#### **Core values**

Valuing travelling as a source of knowledge and not only as leisure.

Time	Framework	Procedure	Focus	Aims	Material	Vakt
	Warm up					
		The teacher greets his learners . the learners respond. The teacher interacts with his learners about the famous places / sites in Algeria .	T/L	To motivate and brainstorm ideas about travelling		V
		Did you visit( sahara , El Kala) before? How did you go? Using pictures the teacher elicits some means of transport: the train , bus , car , boat , plane)	T/L			A
	Pre read	the teacher shows the learners pictures of: oasis, school dormitory, palm groove, van, deglet nour. schedule flight, youth hostel and asks the students to work in small groups to connect the pictures and to try to guess what the reading will be about. Each group takes it in turns presenting their ideas.		To introduce the topical vocabulary /key words		
	W read			the		
		The teacher invites his learners to read text 1 page 132 and do:  Task 1 page 132: I read the text and fill in the bibliographical notes.	T/L	bibliographical notes To read a text and fill in a fact		
		Task 2 page 132: I read the text and fill n the fact file		file		
		The teacher invites his learners to read text 3 and do:  Task 4: complete the fact file (task 8 p 135)	Τ/Ι	To read a text and follow an itinerary on a		
			T/L	map		

	Task 5: I read the text3 complete the itinerary on the map(task 9 page 135).	L/L	To relate the most important	
After read	I summarize(relate ) the main points of the third text .	- <i>y</i> -	ideas in the text	

# PAST SIMPLE

DONE

8

Auxiliary: DO

to the cinema to the cinema Football MADE RUNG GONE Irregular verbs (different ways) last night? 2nd FORM yesterday ? Çwent to the cinema last night to the cinema last night PAST FORM football yesterday ? RANG MADE WENT football yesterday **BASE FORM** EX. I/you/he/she/it/we/they 집 읭 SUBJECT BASE FORM MAKE RING I/you/he/she/#/we/they I/you/he/she/it/we/they **BASE FORM** ဗ္ဗ BASE FORM Affirmative: 흲 읭 play ဥ ဝ ٥ 읽 SUBJECT I/you/he/she/it/we/they I/you/he/she/it/we/they SUBJECT DIDN'T didn't didn't 음 흥 당 football yesterday BASE FORM -ed WALKED STUDIED EX. I/you/he/she/it/we/they I/you/he/she/it/we/they PLAYED WH- WORD Where What SUBJECT 000 힏 Ö played Regular verbs (-ed) PAST FORM STUDIED WALKED PLAYED (Yes/No quest.) Interrogative: (Wh. quest.) Interrogative: ËX ËX EX. ËX. ٠ EX. I/you/he/she/it/we/they SUBJECT Negative: BASE FORM ËX. STUDY TO WALK PLAY IRREGULAR VERBS: IRREGULAR VERBS: IRREGULAR VERBS: REGULAR VERBS: REGULAR VERBS: բ REGULAR VERBS: Affirmative: 은

# Past Simple (regular verbs)

**▶** Write the Past Simple form of the verbs below in the correct column.

* repeat * worry * finish * start * phone * call * miss * enjoy * visit * marry * listen * cry	*
play * hate * wash * climb * live * arrive * talk * look * stay * ask * clean *	
* travel * open * like * walk * carry * stop * mix * plan * decide * tidy *	

- d	- ed	cons + y - ied	double cons + - ed

Write	sentences	in	<b>Past</b>	Simple:

4				•		_	4.5	٠.	
1	-	А	TΤ	ır	m	а	tI	ν	e

2- Negative

	3- Interrogative (Yes / No)	
A)	My sister / tidy / her room / yesterday morning.	E) John / stay / at Mary's house / last summer.
1-		1-
2-		2-
3-		3-
B)	We / <u>live</u> / in New York / in 1997.	F) You / start / school / ten years ago.
1-		1-
2-		2-
3-		3-
C)	Tom / travel / to Dublin / last night.	G) The film / end / very late / last weekend.
1-		1-
2-		2-
3-		3-
D)	I / clean / my teeth / twice / yesterday.	H) Sue and Pat / talk / on the phone / yesterday.
1-		1-
2-		2-
3-		3-

- My sister (tidy) her bedroom yesterday morning.	<ul> <li>John(stay) at his granny's house last summer.</li> </ul>
- We (phone) our cousins last week.	- The film (end) very late yesterday.
- The girls (play) on the computer last night.	- My family (live) in New York in 1995.
- I (travel) to Paris three months ago.	- You (clean) your teeth three times yesterday.
Complete the sentences with the verb	os below in <b>Past Simple</b> .
walk enjoy like wash	travel finish listen study
1- Lucy her birthday pres	ents.
2- Last weekend I in the mo	ountains for 2 hours.
3- We the party very much	Cane III
4- Ken to his favourite CD	yesterday.
5- My sister Maths for a	n exam.
6- They to the USA in 20	003.
7- Dad his car last weeken	nd.
8- The film at 11:30.	
Write the sentences in <b>negative</b> .	
1- Lucy her bir	rthday presents.
2-	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	

	What	did you	do yeste	rday?	Put a	(✔)	or a	( <b>X</b> )	<b>)</b> .
--	------	---------	----------	-------	-------	-----	------	--------------	------------

	Did you	🗸	×	
/	1 brush your teeth? 2 help at home?			
1	3 watch a film on TV? 4 study English?			١ ١
	<ul><li>5 listen to music?</li><li>6 phone a friend?</li><li>7 use the computer?</li></ul>			
	8 play tennis?			

**➤** Write questions about the previous activities and answer them.

1- Did you		
2	?	
3	?	
4		
5-		
6		
7		
8-		
8		

➤ Ask your classmate the questions and compare the answers. Use <u>and</u> or <u>but</u> to join the actions.

- Yesterday I
-

## Past Simple (irregular verbs)

**➤** Complete the table.

Then complete the sentences with the Past Simple of the verbs in brackets.

	Infinitive	Past simple	Translation
1	make	made.	
2		forgot	
3	hear		_
4	drive		/
5		did	
6	find		
7		broke	
8	have		
9	eat		
10_		swam	
11_	drink		
12		ran	
13	cut		
14		got	

- She (go) to school on foot yesterday.	- My dad (give) me a CD for my birthday.
- Paul (eat) 2 sandwiches and an apple.	- Ana (have) a bath last Sunday.
- I (get) up very early last night.	- We (swim) in the Mediterranean sea.
- They (find) 50 euros in the street.	- Joe (write) a letter to Mary 2 days ago.

### **➤** Complete the sentences. Use the *negative form* of the <u>underlined</u> verbs.

#### Yesterday ...

- 1	[ drank	coffee	hut I	 tea
	Lulaiik	COLLCC	Duti	 wa.

- She <u>found</u> her purse but she ...... her keys.
- The children <u>broke</u> the window but they ...... the door.
- He had a shower but he ...... breakfast.
- My father made a cake but he ...... any pastries.
- We spoke English and French but we ...... German.

## **►** Match the pictures with the actions and write the Past Simple of the verbs.

(do the homework)

(have a shower)

write a letter

ride a bike

(do the washing up)

make a cake	eat a sandwich read the newspaper
1 Alex wrote a letter	2 He
3 He	4 He
00	22
5 He	6 ++e
7 He	8 <i>He</i>
	c play computer games ? No, he dídn't. e a letter.
2 drink coffee?	
3 watch TV?	
4 clean his bedroom?	
6 swim in the pool?	
8 walk the dog?	

## ➤ Complete the text about Mary's holiday. Use the Past Simple.

Last summer holiday Mary (go) to Miami
with her She (be) very excited
before the journey because it (be) the first
time she (travel) by
They (stay) at a near the sea. The weather (be) sunny and
very hot. In the morning they usually (go) to the
Mary likes and the children love .
So Mary and Mum (sunbathe) and the children (play) with
the ball and (make) sandcastles. Dad (swim) in the sea and
(read) the winder the umbrella. We usually (have) lunch in
a near the beach. In the afternoon they (visit) very interesting
places. One day They (go) out in a (be) amazing!
They (like) the best. They (see) different ,
some a and even a (jump) in front of the boat. They also
(watch) some people feed the fish. Mary (take) a lot of
The family (enjoy) a lot.
The last day it (rain). The whole family (go) to a shopping centre.
They (buy) some souvenirs. In the afternoon they (return)
home. Mary and her family (have) a great time there !!!!

## WRITE sentences in **PAST SIMPLE**:

1- Affirmative

	2- Negative 3- Interrogative (Yes / No)	
	A) He / phone / <u>a friend</u> / an hour ago	<ul> <li>I) The children / play / tennis and basketball / at the sports centre.</li> </ul>
	2-	1-
		2-
	3-	3-
	B) My father / buy / <u>a jeep</u> / last week	
	1-	J) You / do / your homework / <u>last weekend</u> .
	2-	1-
	3-	2-
	C) The girls / wear / skirts / to the pa	rty
	1-	K) My friend / study / <u>German</u> / last year.
	2-	1-
	3-	2-
		3-
) 1	/ wash / my hair / <u>last night</u>	L) I / get up / at seven / last Sunday morning
	1-	7 3 . <u></u>
	2-	2-
	3-	3-
	E) Jane / send / <u>four e-mails</u> / to Lisa	l
	1-	M) We / visit / our friends / <u>yesterday evening</u>
	2-	1-
	3-	2-
	F) The old lady / carry / heavy bags /	<b>3-</b>
	yesterday morning	N) She / have lunch / in an Italian restaurant
	1-	1-
	2-	2-
	3-	3-
	G) The film / end / very late / last we	ekend O) They / watch / <u>TV</u> / in the living room
	1-	1-
	2-	2-
	3-	3-
	II) They are the head at midwight	D) He / driph / groups inice / for breakfact
	H) They / go / to bed / at midnight	P) He / drink / <u>orange juice</u> / for breakfast
	1-	1-
	2-	2-
	3-	3_

- Write <u>Wh- questions</u> for the <u>underlined words</u> in the previous sentences.

**Use these wh- words:** 

## WHERE WHAT TIME WHEN WHAT HOW MANY WHO

A)
B)
C)
D)
E)
F)
G)
H)
I)
J)
K)
L)
M)
N)
O)
P)