2020-2021 Major Religious Holidays and Observances

JULY 2020

July 5 DHARMA DAY ● Buddhist

Also known as *Asala Puja*, it commemorates the historical Buddha's first discourse following his spiritual awakening.

July 9 MARTYRDOM OF THE BÁB • Bahá'í

Observance of the anniversary of the execution by a firing squad in Tabríz, Persia, of the 30-year-old Siyyid 'Alí-Muhammad, the

Báb, the prophet-herald of the Bahá'í Faith.

July 13–15 ULLAMBANA (also known as Obon) ● Buddhist

Ullambana, a Sanskrit term that means "hanging upside down and suffering," honors the spirits of past ancestors and strives to relieve aching souls from suffering. It lasts about half of the month of August. Obon, the Japanese transliteration of

Ullambana, is only three days and varies from region to region— July in the eastern region and August in the western region.

July 30 TISHA B'AV ● Jewish

Mourning of the destruction of the First and Second Temples in

Jerusalem in 586 BCE and 70 CE.

July 31–August 3 EID AL-ADHA ● Islamic

Commemoration of Ibrahim's willingness to sacrifice his son in obedience of a command from God. Marks the end of the annual

Hajj (pilgrimage to Mecca).

AUGUST 2020

August 3 RAKSHA BANDHAN ● Hindu

Also called *Rakhi*, this festival celebrates the protective

relationship between brothers and their sisters.

August 12 KRISHNA JANMASHTAMI (Also known as JAYANTI) ● Hindu

Celebrates Krishna's birthday, Vishnu's eighth incarnation on

earth.

August 20 MUHARRAM ● Islamic

The month of Muharram marks the beginning of the Islamic liturgical year. This first day, al-Hijra, remembers the migration

Major Religious Holidays and Observances

of Muhammad and his followers from Mecca to Medina in 622 CE. It also marks the beginning of the ten-day Shī'ite Remembrance of Muharram, a period of intense grief and martyrdom of Hussein, the son of Ali and grandson of Muhammad.

August 22 GANESH CHATURTHI ● Hindu

Celebrates the birthday of Ganesha, the elephant-deity.

August 29 ASHURA ● Islamic

A day of fasting observed on the 10th day of the month of Muharram to celebrate Moses' exodus from Egypt. For Shi'a Muslims, it also marks the climax of the ten-day Remembrance of Muharram, which mourns the martyrdom of Hussein at the Battle of Kerbala.

SEPTEMBER 2020

September 19–20 ROSH HASHANAH ● Jewish

Beginning of the Jewish New Year and first of the High Holy Days, which marks the beginning of a ten-day period of

penitence and spiritual renewal.

September 28 YOM KIPPUR ● Jewish

The "Day of Atonement" marks the end of the Ten Days of

Penitence that begin with Rosh Hashanah.

OCTOBER 2020

October 3–9 SUKKOT • Jewish

The week-long "Feast of Booths" commemorates the 40-year wandering of the Israelites in the desert on the way to the

Promised Land.

October 10 SHEMINI ATZERET • Jewish

"The Eighth (Day) of Assembly" is observed on the day

immediately following Sukkot.

October 11 SIMCHAT TORAH • Jewish

"Rejoicing in the Torah" celebrates the conclusion of the public

reading of the Pentateuch and its beginning anew.

Major Religious Holidays and Observances

October 17–25 NAVARATRI ● Hindu

Nine-day festival celebrating the triumph of good over evil. It worships God in the form of the universal mother commonly referred to as Durga, Devi or Shakti, and marks the start of fall.

October 18 BIRTH OF THE BÁB • Bahá'í

Bahá'í observance of the anniversary of the birth in 1819 of Siyyid, "the Báb," the prophet-herald of the Bahá'í Faith, in

Shíráz, Persia.

October 19 BIRTH OF BAHÁ'U'LLÁH • Bahá'í

Observance of the anniversary of the birth in 1817 of Bahá'u'lláh,

prophet-founder of the Bahá'í Faith, in Núr, Persia.

October 20 GUR-GADDI GURU GRANTH SAHIB • Sikh

Since 1708, Sikhs have accepted Sri Guru Granth Sahib as their eternal Guru that holds the spirit of all Ten Gurus of the Sikhs. They consider Guru Granth Sahib to be a spiritual guide not only for Sikhs but for all of mankind; it plays a central role in guiding

the Sikhs' way of life.

October 25 DUSSEHRA/DASSERA • Hindu

Anniversary of the day when Rama killed the evil demon Ravana. Also known as Durga Puja, which celebrates the goddess Durga.

October 29 MAWLID AL-NABI (Also known as MILAD AL-NABI) • Islamic

(Sunni)

The observance of the birthday of Islam founder Prophet Muhammad, which is celebrated in Rabi' al-awwal, the third month in the Islamic calendar. Shi'a Muslims celebrate it five

days later than Sunni Muslims.

October 31 HALLOWEEN

The eve of All Saints' Day.

October 31 REFORMATION DAY • Christian

Commemorates the beginning of the Protestant Reformation in

1517.

2020-2021 Major Religious Holidays and Observances

NOVEMBER 2020

November 1 ALL SAINTS' DAY ● Western Christian

Commemorates all known and unknown Christian saints. Eastern Christianity observes it on the first Sunday after Pentecost.

November 2 ALL SOULS' DAY • Christian

Commemoration of all faithful Christians who are now dead. In Mexican tradition it is celebrated as *Dia de los Muertos* between October 31 and November 2, and is an occasion to remember dead ancestors and celebrate the continuity of life.

November 3 MAWLID AL-NABI (Also known as MILAD AL-NABI) • Islamic

(Shi'a)

The observance of the birthday of Islam founder Prophet Muhammad, which is celebrated in Rabi' al-awwal, the third month in the Islamic calendar. Sunni Muslims celebrate it five

days earlier than Shi'a Muslims.

November 14 BANDI-CHHOR DIWAS • Sikh

A commemorative occasion having no fixed date which occurs in October or November and celebrates the release of the Sixth Guru Har Gobind Sahib from imprisonment and coincides with

Diwali, the Hindu festival of lights.

November 14 DIWALI ● Hindu

Also called *Deepavali*, "Festival of Lights", it celebrates the victory of good over evil, light over darkness, and knowledge

over ignorance.

November 25 DAY OF THE COVENANT ● Bahá'í

Day of the Covenant is a festival observed to commemorate Bahá'u'lláh's appointment of His son, Abdu'l-Baha, as His

successor.

November 29-December 24 ADVENT ● Christian

Advent is a season of spiritual preparation in observance of the birth of Jesus. In Western Christianity, it starts on the fourth Sunday before Christmas. In Eastern Christianity, the season is

longer and begins in the middle of November.

Major Religious Holidays and Observances

November 30 GURU NANAK DEV JI'S BIRTHDAY • Sikh

A very important holiday in the Sikh faith as Guru Nanak Dev's was the First Guru of the Sikhs and the Founder of Sikhism. He was born in mid-November; the holiday is celebrated according

to the lunar date.

DECEMBER 2020

December 8 BODHI DAY • Buddhist

Also known as *Rohatsu*, commemorates the day that the Buddha, Siddharta Gautama, experienced enlightenment or spiritual awakening (bodhi). Celebrated on the eighth day either of

December or the 12th month of the lunar calendar.

December 11–18 CHANUKAH ● Jewish

Eight-day "Festival of Lights", also known as Hanukkah,

celebrating the rededication of the Temple to the service of God in 164 BCE. Commemorates the victory of the Maccabees over the Greek King, Antiochus, who sought to suppress freedom of

worship.

December 12 OUR LADY OF GUADALUPE ● Christian

Celebrates the apparition of the Blessed Virgin Mary (by her title,

Our Lady of Guadalupe, the Patroness of Mexico and the Americas) before Juan Diego, an indigenous convert to Roman

Catholicism, on the Mexican hill of Tepeyac in 1531.

December 24 CHRISTMAS EVE • Christian

Celebration of the arrival of Mary and Joseph in Bethlehem for

the birth of Jesus.

December 25 CHRISTMAS • Western Christian

Commemorates the birth of Jesus.

December 26 2020 – January 1,

KWANZAA

2021

A seven-day celebration honoring African American heritage and

its continued vitality. "Kwanzaa" means "first fruits (of the

harvest)" in Swahili.

JANUARY 2021

January 5 GURU GOBIND SINGH JI'S BIRTHDAY • Sikh

Guru Gobindh Singh was the 10th Sikh guru of Nanak and

founder of the Khalsa.

Major Religious Holidays and Observances

January 6 EPIPHANY ● Christian

Known as *Theophany* in Eastern Christianity, it celebrates the manifestation of Jesus as Christ. In addition, the Western Church associates Epiphany with the journey of the Magi to the infant Jesus, and the Eastern Church with the baptism of Jesus by John.

January 6 CHRISTMAS • Armenian Orthodox Christian

Armenian Christians celebrate the birth of Jesus on Epiphany, except for Armenians living in Israel, who celebrate Christmas on

January 19th.

January 7 CHRISTMAS ● Eastern Christian

Most Orthodox churches celebrate Christmas 13 days later than other Christian churches based on their use of the Julian rather

than the Gregorian version of the Western calendar.

January 14 MAKAR SANKRANTI ● Hindu

Seasonal celebration marking turning of the sun toward the

north.

January 21 WORLD RELIGION DAY • Bahá'í

Observance to proclaim the oneness of religion and the belief

that world religion will unify the peoples of the earth.

January 27
HOLOCAUST REMEMBRANCE DAY

January 28 TU B'SHVAT ● Jewish

New Year's Day for Trees, and traditionally the first of the year for tithing fruit of trees. Now a day for environmental awareness

and action, such as tree planting.

January 29–31 MAHAYANA NEW YEAR ● Buddhist

In Mahayana countries the New Year starts on the first full moon

day in January.

FEBRUARY 2021

February 12 LUNAR NEW YEAR ● Confucian, Daoist and Buddhist

Also known as the Spring Festival, an important festival celebrated at the turn of the traditional lunisolar Chinese

calendar.

Major Religious Holidays and Observances

February 15 NIRVANA DAY • Buddhist

Celebrates the day when the historical Buddha achieved

Parinirvana, or complete Nirvana, upon the death of his physical

body. Sometimes celebrated on February 8.

February 16 **SHROVE TUESDAY • Western Christian**

> A day of penitence as well as the last chance to feast before Lent begins. Also known as Mardi Gras, Fat Tuesday and Carnival Day

as this day is observed in many ways worldwide.

February 17 ASH WEDNESDAY • Western Christian

> The first day of Lent for Western Christian churches, a 40-day period of spiritual preparation for Easter, not counting Sundays.

AYYÁM-I-HA OR INTERCALARY DAYS • Bahá'í February 25-28

The Ayyam-i-ha, or "Days of Ha" are devoted to spiritual

preparation for the fast, celebrating, hospitality, charity and gift giving. They are celebrated the four days, five in leap year, before the last month of the Bahá'í year by inserting days into

the calendar in order to maintain their solar calendar.

PURIM • Jewish February 26

The "Feast of Lots" marks the salvation of the Jews of ancient

Persia from extermination.

MARCH 2021

March 2- March 20 NINETEEN-DAY FAST • Bahá'í

> Baha'is between 15 and 70 years of age do not eat or drink from sunrise to sunset and set aside time for prayer and meditation.

March 11 MAHA SHIVARATRI • Hindu

> Also called Shiva Ratri, the Great Night of Shiva, is a festival in reverence of the god Shiva. The festival is celebrated at the 13th night or 14th day of the waning moon in the Hindu calendar

(month of February or March of the English calendar).

March 15 **CLEAN MONDAY • Eastern Christian**

The beginning of *Great Lent* for Eastern Christian churches, which

starts 40 days before Orthodox Easter (Pascha), counting

Sundays.

2020 Source: Anti-Defamation League: https://www.adl.org/education/resources/tools-and-strategies/calendarof-observances; 2021 Sources: Various calendars – Prepared by the Office of Institutional Diversity and Inclusion

Major Religious Holidays and Observances

March 17 ST. PATRICK'S DAY

• Christian

Feast day of the patron saint of Ireland. In the U.S., a secular version is celebrated by people of all faiths through appreciation

of all things Irish.

March 21 NOWRÚZ ● Zoroastrian

A traditional ancient Iranian festival celebrating the first day of Spring and the Iranian New Year. Also celebrated as New Year's

Day in Baha'i tradition (Naw-Ruz).

March 29 HOLI ● Hindu

A spring festival in India and Nepal dedicated to the god of pleasure, also known as the festival of colours or the festival of

sharing love.

March 28 MAGHA PUJA ● Buddhist

Also known as Sangha Day, it commemorates the spontaneous assembly of 1,250 disciples, completely enlightened monks, in

the historical Buddha's presence.

March 28 PALM SUNDAY ● Christian

Observed the Sunday before Easter/Pascha to commemorate the

entry of Jesus into Jerusalem.

The Zoroastrian celebration of the birth of Zoroaster, the founder

of the Zoroastrianism religion. The holiday is specifically

celebrated in India and Iran, immediately following the Persian

new year, Nowruz.

March 28–April 3 PASSOVER/PESACH ● Jewish

The eight-day "Feast of Unleavened Bread" celebrates Israel's

deliverance from Egyptian bondage.

March 30 HOLLA MOHALLA ● Sikh

An annual event which is a martial arts parade historically coinciding with Holi, the Hindu festival of colors. Celebrations related to Holla Mohalla may be held in various locations over several weekends preceding the actual date of the holiday.

Major Religious Holidays and Observances

APRIL 2021

April 1 HOLY THURSDAY • Christian

Also known as *Maundy Thursday,* it is celebrated on the Thursday before Easter commemorating the Last Supper, at which Jesus and the Apostles were together for the last time

before the Crucifixion.

April 2 GOOD FRIDAY • Christian

Known as *Holy Friday* in Eastern Christianity, it commemorates the Crucifixion of Jesus on the Friday before Easter/Pascha.

April 4 EASTER

• Christian

Known as Pascha in Eastern Christianity, it celebrates the

resurrection of Jesus.

April 8 VISAKHA PUJA ● Buddhist

Also known as Vesak or Buddha Day, it marks the birth, spiritual awakening and death (nirvana) of the historical Buddha. (This

date may vary based on region or sect.)

April 9 YOM HASHOAH ● Jewish

"Holocaust Remembrance Day" memorializes the heroic martyrdom of six million Jews who perished in the Nazi

Holocaust.

April 13-May 11 RAMADAN ● Islamic

Observed by Muslims worldwide as a month of fasting to commemorate the first revelation of the Qur'an to the Prophet

Muhammad.

April 14 VAISAKHI (also spelled Baisakhi) • Sikh

The festival which celebrates the founding of the Sikh

community as the Khalsa (community of the initiated). On this day, Sikhs gather and celebrate Vaisakhi at their local Gurdwaras (Sikh house of worship) by remembering this day as the birth of

the Khalsa.

April 20–May 1 FESTIVAL OF RIDVÁN ● Bahá'í

Annual festival commemorating the 12 days when Bahá'u'lláh, the prophet-founder of the Bahá'í Faith, resided in a garden called Ridván (Paradise) and publicly proclaimed his mission as God's messenger for this age. The first (April 20), ninth (April

Major Religious Holidays and Observances

28), and twelfth (**May 1**) days are celebrated as holy days when Baha'is suspend work.

April 21 RAMA NAVAMI ● Hindu

Celebrates the birthday of Rama, king of ancient India, hero of the epic Ramayana, and seventh incarnation of Vishnu.

April 27-29 THERAVADA NEW YEAR ● Buddhist

In Theravada countries the New Year is celebrated on the first

full moon day in April.

April 30 LAG B'OMER ● Jewish

Celebrates the end of a divine-sent plague and/or Roman occupation during Rabbi Akiva's lifetime (died c. 135 CE).

MAY 2021

May 9 LAILA AL-QADR ● Islamic

Commemorates the night that the *Qur'an* was first revealed to the Prophet Muhammad. It is known as the "Night of Power." Often set on the 27th day of Ramadan, Sunnis may observe it on the 21st, 23rd, 25th or 29th and Shīʻite (Shiite) observe it on the

19th, 21st or 23rd day of Ramadan.

May 13 EID AL-FITR ● Islamic

The "Feast of the Breaking of the Fast" marks the end of Ramadan, the holy month of fasting from dawn until dusk.

May 13 ASCENSION DAY ● Christian

Celebrated 40 days after Easter/Pascha, it commemorates the

ascension of Jesus into Heaven.

May 17-18 SHAVUOT ● Jewish

The "Feast of Weeks" celebrates the covenant established at Sinai between God and Israel, and the revelation of the Ten

Commandments.

May 23 DECLARATION OF THE BAB ● Bahá'í

Commemoration of May 23, 1844, when the Báb, the prophetherald of the Bahá'í Faith, announced in Shíráz, Persia, that he

was the herald of a new messenger of God.

2020-2021 Major Religious Holidays and Observances

May 23 PENTECOST ● Christian

Also known as Whitsunday, the seventh Sunday after

Easter/Pascha commemorates the descent of the Holy Spirit upon the Apostles and women followers of Jesus. Marks the

birth of the Christian Church.

May 29 ASCENSION OF BAHÁ'U'LLÁH ● Bahá'í

Observance of the anniversary of the death in exile of Bahá'u'lláh, the prophet-founder of the Bahá'í Faith.

May 30 ALL SAINTS' DAY ● Eastern Christian

In Orthodox churches observed on the first Sunday after

Pentecost, it commemorates all known and unknown Christian

saints.

JUNE 2021

June 13 RACE UNITY DAY ● Bahá'í

Observance promoting racial harmony and understanding and

the essential unity of humanity.